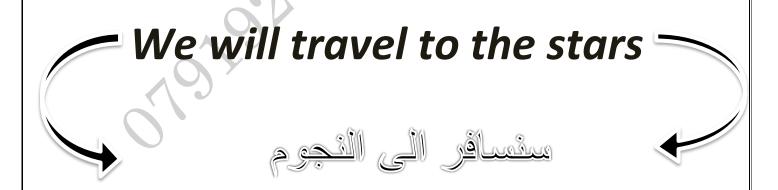


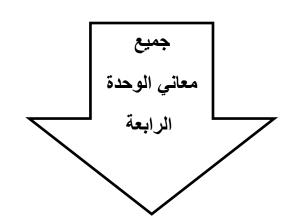
Second Semester











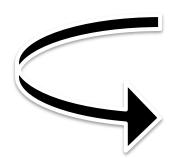
to revolve	يدور	to float	يطفو
planet	کو کب	to fall apart	يتحظم
Solar System	النظام الشمسي	space shuttle	مكوك فضائي
galaxy	المجرة	Astronomer	عالم فلك
universe	الكون	Catapult	منجنيق
satellite	قمر صناعي	Compass	بوصلة
spaceship	مركبة فضائية		وجهة
Milky way	درب التبانة	Launch	يُطلق
astronaut	رائد فضاء	navigate	يُبحر
Orbital debris	حطام مداري	scrap	نفايات
revolve	يدور	scrapyard	مكب النفايات
Screwdriver	مفك	Zero gravity	انعدام الجاذبية
Crew	طاقم	tourism	سياحة
tourists	سواح	Flight attendants	مضيفو طيران
spacesuits	بدلة فضائية	Seatbelt-protection in	حزام الأمان: يستخدم للحماية
	OVY	an accident.	من الحوادث <u>.</u>
Shuttle-spaceship	سفينة فضاء (مكوك)	To afford-have enough	يتحمل تكاليف: امتلاك المال
		money to pay for	الكافي لشراء احد الاشياء
	Y	something	
To breack off-separate	ينفصل	sundial	المزولة(أداة تبين الوقت من
			الظل).

*سنحفظ في هذه الوحدة سبعة افعال شاذة:

100	Base Form التصريف الاول	Past simple التصريف الثاني	Past participle التصريف الثالث	المعنى بالعربي
put		put	Put	يضع
cut		cut	cut	يقطع
shut		shut	shut	يغلق
Hit		hit	hit	يضرب
quit		quit	quit	يتوقف
split		split	split	يفلق
spread		spread	spread	ينشر



*القواعد المطلوبة في هذه الوحدة هي: زمن المستقبل البسيط



The future simple (prediction) المستقبل البسيط (التنبؤات)



*يستخدم المستقبل البسيط للتعبير عن حدث سوف يحدث في المستقبل حيث أتخذ القرار لحظة الحديث (قرار فوري), وقد يستخدم للتعبير عن تنبؤ بحصول حدث في المستقبل بدون وجود دليل.

Ex: The room is very cold, I will close the window.

الغرفة باردة جدا ,سوف اقوم بإغلاق النافذة.

*اتخاذ قرار بفعل شيء ما لحظة الحديث غير مخطط له من قبل

Ex: It will rain tomorrow.



*تنبؤ بأن شيء سيحدث بدون وجود دليل

I will = I'II

We will = we'll

You will = you'll

He will = he'll

She will = she'll

They will = they'll

Will not = won't

ملاحظات

Structure

التركيب

سوف نسافر الى النجوم

Ex: We will travel to the stars.

Ex: I'll study tomorrow . (Will \longrightarrow 'II) ______

Subject + will + base form فعل مجرد سوف فاعل

Affirmative (المثبت)

Subject :(noun or pronoun)

Ex: I will not study tomorrow.

لن أدرس غداً

لن نسافر النجوم ﴿ — Ex: We won't travel to the stars.(Will not > won't)

(النفي)Negative

هل ستدرس غدا؟

Ex: Will you study tomorrow? Yes ,I'll / No I won't

Ex: Will they travel to the stars? Yes , they will / No they will not

(الاستفهام) Interrogative



•	
Tonight	الليلة
Later	لاحقا
Tomorrow	غدا
Next	القادم
In the future	في المستقبل
In+ future time	في + وقت في المستقبل
This evening	هذا المساء
Soon	قريبا

الإثبات	النفي	الاستفهام
I will eat	I won't eat	Will I eat?
You will play	You won't play	Will you play?
He will leave	He won't leave	Will he leave?
We will study	We won't study	Will we study?
They will see	They	?
		Will it rain?



تصحيح الفعل بين الأقواس

1-Correct the verbs in brackets / Put the verbs into the correct form: 1. Ali from England next month. (come) 2. There is something wrong with my car. I To the mechanic tomorrow. (go). 3. the organization the samples next week? (send). 4. Who do you think the next national elections? (win) 5. She ready within a few minutes. (be). 6. What life..... like in the year 3000? (been). 7. I think we through our solar system.(travel). 8. There..... any jobs because robots will cook and clean.(be) 9.we on holiday into space?(go). 10.robots all the work in the future?(do). 11. Robotsall the works in the future.(not/do). 12. Living on Mercuryeasy.(not/be). 13. it a good holiday.(be). 14. when the show starts I you.(told). 15. I you, don't be afraid.(hurt). 16. Zainah her homework at 5.(finish). 17. she to her class in the morning.(qo).

النمط الثاني اختيار من متعدد

2- choose the correct form of the verbs. /Circle the correct answer.

Choose the suitable item from those given below to complete each of the following sentences.

1	you to find some information on the internet for the
scł	nool project?
	(a. Will/tried b. Won't trying c. Will/try).
2-	Ittomorrow.
	(a .will raining b. will rain c. wont rain).
3-	Ithe washing-up.
	(a. 'll do b. will done c. ll do).
4-	you to the dance with me?
(a.	Will come b. will come c. Il come).
5-	Theremore studies on travelling between the stars.
(a	a. will be b. will been c. will was)
6-	a car 30 million years to arrive?
(a	. will-took b. will-take c. Will take).
7.	Our generation reach the nearest star.
(:	a. wont b. won't c. want).



النمط الثالث اعادة كتابة الجمل

3-Rewrite the following sentences twice(negative and interrogative). النفي

1- He will listen to the news from Earth .
2- humans will land on Mars.





تكون الأحرف كبيرة في المواقع التالية:

- 2. أسماء الأشهر خ (January) (فبر اير February) (مارس (April) (ابريل April), (مايو May) (ويونيو October), (اغسطس August), (سبتمبر September), (سبتمبر October) (نوفمبر November), (ديسمبر December).

الجزء الرابع Fourth Section

نابة Focus on writing

ترقيم الرسالة الرسمية Punctuation: A formal letter

In a formal letter, the address, date, salutation (Dear....) and ending all have capital letters. اول حرف العنوان في الرسالة الرسمية الله الرسمية .Write this letter again in your notebook with the correct punctuation.

العنوان اول حرف منه يكون كبير

اكتب هذه الرسالة مرة اخرى في دفترك مع الترقيم الصحيح

50 Babingley Close

Thrope Astley

Leicester

Le4 1dc

England

25 **S**eptember 2050

التاريخ واسماء الأشهر

Dear Sir or madam

تحبة البدء

I am writing to Complain about your robot model ZZZ.

أسماء الألات fraid it does

I bought it last Monday at your shop, Robotica, but I am afraid it does not work I was careful to follow the instructions for use, but Your robot does not obey my commands. It refuses to take the children school and to wash the dishes.

الضمير ا

I will return it to you as soon as you tell me where to send I also expect you to send me another robot to replace it.

نحية الختام Yours faithfully

سماء علم Dorothy Smith



-First (اولاً) can be an adjective or an adverb and refers to the person or thing that comes before all others in order, time, amount, quality or importance.

أو لا: يمكن ان تستخدم كصفة او ظرف بحيث تشير الى الشخص او الشيء الذي يأتي قبل الاشخاص او الاشياء الاخرى مثل الوقت او الصفة او الاهمية.

-Then(ثم)use to refer to the following person or thing.

تستخدم للأشارة الى الشخص او الشيء التالي

-Finally(أخيرا)use to refer to the last thing or the last person.

تستخدم للاشارة الى الشيء الاخير او الشخص الاخير

Example: There was a rich man who loved clothes and spent lots of money on them. **One day**, two thieves decided to trick him. They planned their trick carefully.

"Firstly", one of the thieves said, "we must convince him that we can make beautiful clothes that only intelligent people can see".

"Then," the other said, "we must say that nobody can see us work".

"Finally," said the first, "we have to give him his 'suit', and make him wear it. We have to make sure that we are miles away when he does ..."

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم



THE HASHEMITE KINGDOME OF JORDAN

Ministry of education

English first exam

Name:	
	Q1. Read the following passage about Muslim astronomers and their
	inventions, and then answer all the questions that follow, your answers should
	be based on the text:
	Do you ever wonder how aeroplanes and ships reach their destinations without getting lost? The history of science shows us that it's more than just luck! Astronomers studied the universe for a long time and found ways to map the Earth by looking at the stars. Muslim astronomers, like Al Fazari and Al Khawarizmi, changed the way we understand our planet, and others, like Ibn Al Shatir, showed us how to navigate it. Ibn Al Shatir invented both the magnetic compass and the sundial. These inventions allowed people to find their way to Mecca more easily, and even to know the times for prayer throughout the day. Today, aeroplanes and ships use the compass for navigation.
	1. How did aeroplanes and ships reach their destinations without getting lost?
	2. What did Astronomers study?
	3. There are three Muslim astronomers were mentioned in the text ,write them down.
	4. What does the underlined word (their) refer

5. What did Ibn Al Shatir invent?				
	6. How did these inventions help people?			
7. Who are Al Faza	ari and Al Khawarizmi?			
	8. Find a word in the text that means (A tool that is used to show directions).			
	wing sentences.there are more words than you need			
Solar system,	orbital debris, zero gravity, catapult, screwdriver			
1and cause damag	is dangerous-something could hit a spaceship ge.			
2. I need a to fix the table.				
3. Astronomers v	vill float in space and enjoy			
4. The Earth is or	ne of the eight planets in our			
Q3. Match the following words to their defenitions:				
1. Galaxy=	a. Used for protection in an accident			
2. Fall apart=	b. To move around something or to turn like a wheel.			
3. To revolve=	c. To break into pieces.			
4. Seatbelt=	d. To separate			
5. To break off= universe.	e. one of the independent groups of stars in the			

Q4. Rewrite the following sentences twice (negative and interrogative)
:
1. Specialists will train future Jordanian astronauts in science.
2. You will need some screws and a screwdriver to fix the table.
Q5.Choose the suitable item from those given below to complete each
of the following sentences.
1 you to find some information on the internet for
the school project?
(a. Will/tried b. Won't trying c. Will/try).
2- Ittomorrow
(a .will raining b. will rain c. wont rain).
3- Ithe washing-up.
(a. 'll do b. will done c. ll do).
4you to the dance with me?
(a. Will come b. will come c. ll come).
5- Theremore studies on travelling between the stars.
(a. will be b. will been c. will was)

O	6-Wri	te the	missing	letters:
\preceq	O VVII	te tire	1111331119	icticis.

Q7.Image you are an editor, you are asked to edit the following lines that have mistakes, correct these mistakes.

dear sir or madam

i am writing to Complain about your robot model zzz.

I bought it last monday at your shop, robotica, but I am afraid it does not work I was careful to follow the instructions for use. but Your robot does not obey my commands, It refuses to take the children school and to wash the dishes.

Q8. Correct the verbs between brackets.

1.she to her class in the morning.(go
2.Ali from England next month. (come)
3. There is something wrong with my car. I
4 the organization the samples next week? (send) .
5. Who do you think the next national elections?(win
6.She ready within a few minutes. (be) .

7. Zainah her homework at 5.(finish)

organish ye for the state of th