

# English world -4rth Grade

## Unit 7 - People of the world

Customs	أزياء تنكرية	Fighters	مقاتلون	Grass	عشب
Modern world	العالم الحديث	Gold and silver	ذهب وفضة	Pack up	يحزم- يغلف
People	الناس	Jewels	مجوهرات	Farmers	الفلاحين
Towns	المدن	Explorers	مستكشف	Yaks	الثور
Cities	المدن	Capture	يلتقط	Farms	مزارع
Mountains	الجبال	Spain	أسبانيا	Carts	كروت
Snowy	مثلج	Language	لغات	Plough	محراث
Forest	غابة	Goats	ماعز	Desert	صحراء
Animals	حيوانات	Weave	ينسج	Traveller	مسافر
Lorries	شاحنات النقل	Pattern	نمط	Bedouin	بدوى
Electricity	الكهرباء	Village	قرية	Hunt	يجرح
Weavers	نساجون	Northern	شمالي	Falcon	صقر
South	جنوب	Europe	أوربا	Nowadays	في الوقت الحالى
America	أمريكا	Nomads	رحال	Sharp beak	منقار حاد
Powerful	قوى	Herds	قطيع- جمهور	Watchful	ساهر
Tents	خيام	reindeer	الاييل - غزال	Mask	قناع
Golden mask	القناع الذهبى	Chinese room	الغرفة الصينية	Invent	يخترع
space	فضاء	Silly	سخيف- غبى	Point	نقطة
Rude	وقح	Strange	غريب	Suspicious	مشبه-مشكوك
Come along	يذهب مع	complain	يشتكى	Horrid	فظيع-جشع
Hurt	يؤذى- يجرح	Be nice	كن لطيف	Hungry	جائع

## Grammar

### Countable and uncountable nouns

#### الاسماء معدودة والغير معدودة

COUNTABLE	UNCOUNTABLE
They can be singular or plural	They are always singular
an apple	coffee
some apples	milk
	money
	pasta

**Countable nouns** (singular and plural) الاسماء المعدودة تكون مفردة او جمع

Boy > boys

Brother > Brothers

Pen> Pens

How many boys are in the classroom?

There are five boys.

## Uncountable nouns (singular only) الاسماء الغير معدودة مفردة فقط

Examples:

Rice	water	Ink
Bread	Milk	Snow

**Is there** any milk in the glass?

Yes, there is.

No, there isn't.

**Are there** many stars in the sky?

Yes, there are.

**Many** (Negative form and questions) countable أشياء تعد – تأتي في السؤال والنفي

How many shops in this area?

There aren't many shops in this area.

**Much** (Negative form and questions) (uncountable) أشياء لا تعد – تأتي في السؤال والنفي

How much time do you have?

I don't have much time, so please be quick.

**A lot of - lots of** ( positive form) كثير من مع الأشياء التي تعد او لا تعد

There are a lot of people at my office.

Lots of people are at my office.

**A few** (countable) أشياء تعد

There are a few books in my bag.

**A little** (uncountable) أشياء لا تعد

There is a little juice in this glass.

## SHOULD/SHOULDN'T

- ▶ We use **should** and **shouldn't** to give advice or to talk about what we think is right or wrong.

Should + (يجلب) Infinitive الفعل في المصدر

- It's late. You should go to bed.
- We should speak politely to our teachers.

Shouldn't + (لا يجلب) Infinitive الفعل في المصدر

- You shouldn't be rude to your parents.
- We shouldn't eat too many sweets.

## Grammar in conversation

What's the matter?

I'm late for school.

You should get up earlier.

I'm tired.

You shouldn't go to bed late.

I'm hungry

## Unit 8

### The Incas

Message	رسالة	Passage	قطعة	Run back	يرجع للخلف
King	ملك	Lamps	مصابيح	Shadowy	ظليل
Dawn	فجر	Golden wall	حائط ذهبي	Courtyard	فناء
Whisper	همسة	Glow	يتوهج	Straight	مستقيم
Dim	خافت	Delicate	دقيق - حساس	Doorway	مدخل
Moonlight	ضوء القمر	Important	مهم	Forest	غابة
Teacher	مدرس	People	الناس	Collar	طوق
In surprise	مفاجأة	Gold chair	كرسي ذهبي	Rare	نادر
Get dressed	يلبس	Empty	فارغ	Jewels	مجوهرات
Follow me	يتبع	Heavy	ثقل	Beckon	اشار - أغرى
Tunic	سترة قصيرة	Cloak	عباءة	Carefully	بحذر
Step	خطوة - يخطو	Band of gold	فرقة من الذهب	Clever	ماهر
Shadow	ظل	Cross	يعبر - يقطع	Lean	خاليه من
Messenger	مبعوث - موفوض	courtyard	فناء	Command	قاد - سيطر
Palace	قصر	Great Hall	قاعة كبيرة	Nod	طاطا راسه موافق
Suddenly	فجأة	Toward	باتجاه	Fail	يفشل
Brave	شجاع	Narrow	ضيق	Room	غرفة
Throne	عرش	Headdress	غطاء الرأس	guards	حراس
Scary	مرعب	swords	السيوف	Spears	رمح - طعن بالرمح
Shield	درع	amazing	رائع - مذهل	Covered	مغطى
switch	يحول - يبدل	Lights	اضواء - أنوار	Jewels	مجوهرات
Walk along	المشي على طوال	Crossroad	مفترق الطرق	roundabout	ممر دائري
Go straight	انطلق للأمام	Not at all	على الإطلاق	Fantastic	رائع

## Grammar

### Everybody /Nobody

Somebody = someone شخص ما + singular  
 Everybody = everyone كل شخص + singular  
 Anybody = anyone أى أحد + singular  
 Nobody = no one لا أحد + singular

PEOPLE		
AFFIRMATIVE	<b>somebody / someone</b>	<i>Someone stole my bag!</i>
NEGATIVE	<b>anybody / anyone</b>	<i>I can't see anyone outside!</i>
	<b>nobody / no one</b>	<i>No one was at home yesterday!</i>
INTERROGATIVE	<b>anybody / anyone</b>	<i>Anyone is coming?</i>

What's that noise?                      There's **someone** in the kitchen  
 They are **all** laughing. **Everyone** is happy.  
 I haven't got a pen. Can **anyone** give me one?  
 The classroom is empty. **No one** is there.  
 The people are silent. **Nobody** is talking.  
 Everybody loves ice cream.  
 The house is dark. There isn't anybody at home

Any	No	Some
فى السؤال والنفي Anyone =Anybody Anything Anywhere	فى جمل الاثبات وتحمل معنى النفي No one =no body Nothing Nowhere	بعض من -اثبات او سؤال -اشياء تعد او لانه Someone = somebody Something Somewhere

### Grammar in conversation

Excuse me, can you tell me the way to the school?  
 Of course. Are you lost?  
 Yes, I am.  
 Well. walk along this road  
 At the crossroads turn left  
 At the roundabout turn right.  
 Go straight on and the school is on the left.  
 Fantastic. Thank you very much.

Turn left	استدر يسارا	Go/walk straight	يمشى مستقيماً
Turn right	استدر يمينا	Go /walk ahead	يمشى للامام
Go /walk along	يمشى بمحاذاة	Next to	بجوار

## Unit 9

### Chinese inventions

Chinese	صيني	North	شمال	Explode	ينفجر
Invention	اختراع	South	جنوب	Powerful	قوى
Paper	ورق	East	شرق	Fireworks	العاب نارية
Different plants	نباتات مختلفة	West	غرب	People	الناس
Warp	يعلف	Discovery	اكتشاف	Display	عرض
writing	الكتابة	Special stone	حجرة خاصة	Shape	شكل
Drawing	الرسم	Metal	معدني	Pretty fan	معجب جميل- مروحة
Leaves	اوراق الشجر	Needle	ابر	Paper umbrella	شمسية من الورق
Flowers	زهور	Float	يطفو	Hurry up	يسرع
Ink	حبر	Bowl	صحن	Museum	متحف
Printing	الطباعة	Cloudy	ملي بالغيوم	Golden mask	قناع ذهبي
Print	يطبع	Dark	مظلم	Picnic	وجبة خفيفة
Cloth	ملابس	Daytime	وقت النهار	Chocolate	شيكولاته
Block of wood	كتلة من الخشب	Map	خريطة	Pay	يدفع
Pattern	نمط	Place	مكان	Ask	يسال
Dye	صبغة	Gunpowder	بارود	Scientists	العلماء
Silk	حرير	Purple flame	شعلة ارجوانى	Salt	ملح
Curtain	ستاره	Mixture	خليط	Burn	يحرق
Printer	الطباع- الطبعة	Metal box	صندوق حديدي	Compass	بوصلة
Copies	نسخ	Heat	سخن	Sailor	بحار

## Grammar

### Conditional If

Conditional sentences have two clauses – الجمل الشرطية –

If + present simple → shall, will, can + Infinitive  
(Condition) (The consequence)

**★ Conditional Sentences Type 1**

We use **Conditional Sentences Type 1** for something which is probable in the present or future.

<p><b>if-clause</b> عبارة - لو</p> <p style="text-align: center;">المضارع البسيط</p> <p>If + Present Simple</p>	<p><b>Main clause</b> العبارة الرئيسية</p> <p>Future will المستقبل سوف</p> <p>الأفعال الشكائية</p> <p>Modal Verbs (can, may, might, must, should) + base form</p> <p>صيغة الأمر Imperative</p>
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If I go to the mall, I will buy a CD.  
I will buy a CD if I go to the mall

(We use comma between the 2 sentences)  
(we don't use comma)

Examples:

- I will read the book if you give it to me.
- The children will be happy if Grandma comes to see us.
- If the weather is hot tomorrow, we will go to the beach.

**If + Present in negative form (don't/doesn't + Infinitive) , (will, shall, can, may) + Infinitive.**

If it doesn't rain, I will play football with my friends.

If we don't go outside, we may study math.

### **Grammar in conversation**

Let's go to the beach this afternoon.

Shall we take a picnic?

Yes, good idea.

What shall we take?

Let's take sandwiches and fruit.

How about taking some chocolate?

If the weather's hot, the chocolate will melt.

### **Suggestions**

<b>Let's + inf</b> هيا بنا ..فكرة	Let's study science.
<b>Shall we + inf</b> هل ..اقتراح	Shall we take some fruits?
<b>How about (verb +ing)</b>	How about playing playstation?

## Unit 10

### Space travel

Space	فضاء	Height	ارتفاع	Astronaut	رائد فضاء
Pioneer	رائد	Programme	برنامج	Return	يرجع
Cosmonaut	رائد فضائي	train	يتدرب	Earth	الارض
Tractor driver	سائق الجرار	Special flight	طائرة خاصة	Climb on board	تسلق على متن الطائرة
Factory	مصنع	Delight	بهجة- سعادة	Africa	افريقيا
Born in	مولود في	Spacecraft	مركبة فضائية	America	امريكا
Died	مات	Seagull	نورس- طائر مائي	China	صين
War time battle	معركة وقت الحرب	Marry	يتزوج	Ocean	محيط
Education	تعليم	Russian Air force	سلاح الجو الروسي	Fantastic trip	رحلة رائعة
Free time	وقت فراغ	Hero	بطل	Afraid	خائف
Parachute	مظلة قفز	Soviet Union	الاتحاد السوفيتي	Cheap	رخيص
Spinning	الدوران	Gold medal of peace	الميدالية الذهبية للسلام	Expensive	غالي
Engineer	مهندس	Dream	حلم	United nations	الامم المتحدة
Description	وصف	Orbit of the earth	مدار - دوران الارض	Newspaper	جريدة
Russian	روسي	On the moon	على القمر	Mars	المريخ
Russia	روسيا	Journey	رحلة	Weight	الوزن
Fit	يليق	Seat	مقعد	Age	العمر

## Grammar

### Few /little / enough

#### Differences Between Few and Little

- Few you will use with countable, plural nouns  
– Few cars, friends, books
- Little you will use with uncountable, singular nouns.  
– Little money, time, energy



**Few + plural** قليل من ويأتي بعده اسم جمع

- There are a few apples on the tree.
- I can see a few empty seats in the theatre

**Little + uncountable** قليل ويأتي بعده اسم لا يعد

- There is a little water in the bottle.
- We can spend a little time in the museum.

**Many + countable** كثير من – اسم يعد

There are many books on the table.

**Enough** بما يكفي

**Adjective + enough** بما يكفي- الصفة تأتي قبلها

- He will win the race. He is fast enough.
- The giraffe can eat the leaves. It is tall enough

**Not + adjective + enough** ليس بما يكفي

- His hat is not big enough. It's small
- The baby can't talk. He isn't old enough.

**Too+ adjective** جدا

- Hala is too short to reach the shelf. (enough)  
Hala isn't tall enough to reach the shelf.

**Grammar in conversation**

Have a look. What do you think?

Oh dear.

What's the matter?

It's not big enough.

It's too small?

Exactly. And it's not colorful enough.

Really?

And I'm afraid it's not heavy enough.



## Unit 11

### Life in the north

Sami People	السامييين	Coast	ساحل	National	وطني
Europe	أوروبا	Stay	يقيم	Costume	زى -ملبس
Travel	يسافر	Fisherman	الصيد	Proud	فخور
Northern	شمالي	Farmer	الفلاح-مزارع	Border	حدود
Sweden	السويد	Language	لغة	Fringe	حافة-هامش
Norway	النرويج	Describe	يوصف	Silver	فضة
Finland	فنلندا	Large area	مساحة كبيرة	Jewellery	مجوهرات
Russia	روسيا	Herders	الرعاة	Fair hair	شعر
Area	مساحة	Snow	ثلج	Nomads	بدو
Reindeer	حيوان الرنة	Scooter	سكوتر	Village	قرية
Herds	قطيع	sledges	الزلاجات	Radio	راديو
Tools	ادوات	Trousers	بنطلون	Sunglass	نظارات
Tents	خيام	Skirt	جيب	Score	يسجل
Reindeer skin	جلد حيوان الرنة	Jacket	جاكتة	Chance	فرصة
Spoon	ملقعة	Wool cloth	قماش الصوف	Referee	حكم
Knives	سكاكين	Colourful	ملون	Whistle	صفارة
Antlers	قرون	Fur	فرو	Next match	الماتش القادم

## Grammar

### Present perfect

#### Present Perfect Tense

Subject	Helping Verb	Main Verb (Past Participle)
I You They We	have	decided finished lost chosen gone
She He It	has	

المضارع التام يستخدم ليدل على فعل تم الانتهاء منه منذ وقت قليل .

## Present Perfect Tense

### • When do we use present perfect tense?

1. Things that were completed a short time ago.  
e.g. Razi has brushed her teeth.
2. An action which started in the past and has continued up to now.

### Examples:

- Look! A tree has fallen across the road
- Look ! Mum has washed my jeans.
- Samy has cleaned his shoes.
- The children have eaten all the cake.

### Let's learn past participle. Conjugation of verbs

Infinitive مصدر الفعل	Past simple الماضي البسيط	Past participle الماضي التام
See يرى	saw	seen
Come يأتي	Came	Come
Wash يغسل	washed	Washed
Take يأخذ	Took	Taken
Put يضع	put	put
Fall يقع	Fell	Fallen
Buy يشتري	Bought	Bought
Change يغير	Changed	Changed
Break يكسر	Broke	Broken
Do يفعل	Did	done
Go يذهب	Went	Gone
Drive يقود	Drove	Driven
Eat يأكل	Ate	Eaten
Ring يرن	Rang	Rung
Rise تشرق	Rose	Risen
Shine يلمع	Shone	Shone
Wear يلبس	wore	Worn
Lose يفقد	lost	Lost
Leave يترك	Left	Left
Hide يخفي	hid	Hidden
Find يجد	caught	caught
Steal يسرق	stole	Stolen
Call يتصل	called	Called
Fall يقع	fell	Fallen

## Questions

Have you ever.....?

Yes, I have .....

No, I haven't.

Has she ever .....?

Yes, she has.....

No, she hasn't..

### Present Perfect in Questions

- **Have** you **ever eaten** frogs' legs?
- No, I haven't.
- **Have** you **ever been** to Australia?
- Yes, I have.
- Use the present perfect with **ever** when you want to know if something happened.
- When you ask these **questions**, you usually expect the **answer** to be: "Yes, I have", or "No, I haven't".

Just <b>توا</b>	Never <b>ابدا</b>	Yet <b>حتى الان</b>
Since <b>منذ</b>	For <b>لمدة</b>	Ever <b>دائما</b>

You're 50% sure  
Mike **IS**  
at home.

- Mike **may /might /could** be at home.

**Might + infinitive** تدل على اننا غير متاكدين من حدوث الشئ

Examples:

Perhaps He will buy a computer = He might buy a computer.

Perhaps the boys will play football = They might play football.

### Grammar in conversation

What's the score?

2 – 0

Is your team winning?

No, they are losing. There is still time. They might win.

Not a chance.

They might score three goals.

I don't think so.

Oh. The referee's blowing his whistle.

It's all over.

They might win next match

## Unit 12

### A desert Oasis

Lost city	المدينة المفقودة	Fall over	يقع	Walk across	يمشي
Adventure	مغامرة	Torch	شعله -كشاف	Look for	يبحث عن
Giant ear	الاذن العملاقة	Silent	صامت	Tourist	سائح
Oasis	الواحة	Sounded	يبدو - يظهر	Suspiciously	بارتياب
Rest	راحة	Disappointed	خائب الامل	Interesting	مثير للاعجاب
Enormous	ضخم	Tall pots	الوانى الشاسعة	Money	فلوس
Brush	فرشاة-ينظف فرشاة	Furniture	الاثاث	Ruin	يحطم-يهدم
Sand	الرمل	Valuable	ذو قيمة	Date palm	النخلة
Huge face	وجة ضخم	Museum	متحف	Boring	ملل
Rock	صخرة	Distant hum	همهة بعيدة	Phone	تليفون
Amazed	مندعش	Hole	ثقب	Professor	مدرس
Head of statue	رأس التمثال	Souvenirs	هدايا	archaeologist	عالم اثار
Dessert	صحراء	Hide	يخفى	Treasure	كنز
Flat stone	حجر مسطح	Big scarf	وشاح كبير	Suggest	يقترح
Floor	ارض	Water bottle	زجاجة ماء	Nod	يوافق
step	خطوة	Picnic	وجبة خفيفة	Guess what	خمن ما
Grab	يمسك	Roar	يقهقه	Thief	حرامي
Dessert	صحراء	Hide	يخفى		
Palm trees	اشجار النخيل	pyramid	هرم	scary	مرعب
Noise	ضوضاء	Touch	يلمس	Lid	غطاء-جفن العين
stole	نهب	Believe	يعتقد	Dark	مظلم
explorer	مستكشف	Bridge	كوبرى	Shiny	لامع

### Grammar

اداة ربط بين جملتين بمعنى الذى تدل على فاعل الجملة Who

#### Examples:

- An actor is someone who performs in plays or films.
- An explorer is a person who discovers new countries
- A tourist is someone who visits places on holiday.
- A potter is someone who makes things from the clay.

Relative pronouns	Usage	Examples
Who	Used for people	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The woman <b>who</b> called yesterday wants to buy the house.</li> </ul>

### Grammar in conversation

Shall we play a game?

Yes. Let's.

Ok. Listen to my questions and take a card. Ready?

Ready.

Right....What can do you call a person who looks after the people's teeth?

That's easy. A dentist

Ok. Next one. What do you call a person who builds bridges?

That's tricky. I think it's an engineer.

# Story – Dan tries to help

## Chapter 6

### The missing Jewellery

Missing Jewellery	مفقود مجوهرات	Switch Clean the carpet	يحول ينظف السجادة	Push Big cloud	يدفع سحابة كبيرة
Finish	ينهى	Carry down	يحمل الشئ	Dust	تراب
Maid	خادم	stairs	سلام	Cough	كحة
Office	مكتب	Quicker	الاسرع	Dirty	متسخ
Guest	زبون-ضيف	Suddenly	فجأة	Complain	يشتكى
Valuable	ذو قيمة-غالي	Step out	يخرج	Angry	غضبان
Watch	يشاهد	Hold	يمسك	Upset	مضطرب
Catch	يمسك	Handbag	شنطة يد	terrible	مخيف
Thief	لص	necklace	عقد	Angrily	بغضب
Eagerly	بلهفة	Suck		Wipe	مسح
Hum	همهمة	exclaim	هتف- صرخ	Nod	يهز راسه بالموافقة
Vacuum cleaner	مكنسة كهربائية	Silly boy	ولد سخيف	Funny	مضحك
Make mess	يفعل فوضى	wife	زوجة	Horrible	مرعب-فظيع
Very nice	لطيف جدا	Pleased	مسرور	Never mind	لا عليك
Come on	هيا بنا	Empty room	غرفة فارغة	Bath	حمام

#### Answer the following questions:

- 1-Who came into the office? .....
- 2-What did hotel maid tell Dad? .....
- 3-What were the missing valuables? .....
- 4-Who did the maid think the thief was? .....
- 5- What noise did Dan hear outside the office? .....
- 6-Why Dan try running with the vacuum cleaner? .....
- 7-What happened when Dan bumped into the woman?  
.....
- 8-What happened to all the jewelry? .....

9- What did the man tell Dan to do? .....

10- Where did Jane take Dan to take a bath? .....

**Complete the following sentences:**

1-The man said he was going to tell the .....

2-The missing valuables were..... ,.....and .....

3-Dan could try and find who is the thief of the .....

4-Dan carries the vacuum cleaner down the..... to the floor.

5-A woman was holding a ..... The woman ..... The handbag.

6- Dan ..... off the vacuum cleaner. Dan..... his hand inside the vacuum cleaner.

7-A big cloud of .....Dan,the woman and the man. Dan give the dirty ..... To the woman.

8-The man told Dan that he upsets his .....The man would tell the manager about Dan's.....

9- Dan wanted to have ..... Jane said that nothing can..... with a bath.

10-Dan can get washed and.....his clothes in one of the .....rooms

## Chapter 7

### **Bubbles everywhere**

Bathroom	الحمام	Spread over	موزعة على	Trouble	مشكلة
Towel	منشفة	Bedroom	غرفة النوم	Reception	الاستقبال
Clothes	ملابس	Knees	الركبة	Ready	جاهز
Tap	صنبور	Monster	وحش	Jump out	يقفز
Bottle	زجاجة	grow	ينمو	Lift	مصعد
Bubbles	فقاعات	Accident	حادثة	Press	يضغط
Pour	يصب	Get dressed	يلبس ملابسه	Button	زر
Bath	حمام	Take home	ياخذ الى البيت	suitcase	حقيرة سفر
Little bit	قليلا	Undressed	بدون ملابس	porter	حمال -بواب
Knock	خبط	Disappear	يختفي	Lovely	محبوب
Full of	مملوء ب	slide	الترحلق- انزلق	Diving	الغطس

**Answer the following questions:**

1-What did Jane go to get Dan for? .....

- 2-What did Dan pour into the bath? .....
- 3-Where did Jane leave Dan's clean clothes?.....
- 4-What fun did Dan have in the bath? .....
- 5-Why did Dad look cross when he came in the room? .....
- 6-Where did the bubbles reach up to Dad? .....
- 7-What did Dan think the bubbles looked like?.....
- 8-Why did Dan begin to smile?.....
- 9-Where did Dad tell Dan to meet him? .....
- 10- Where did the go lift when Dan got in?.....

**Complete the following sentences:**

- 1-Jane left Dan in the ..... Jane went to get his clean.....and a .....
- 2-Dan turned on the bath.....Dan saw a bottle of purple bubble.....
- 3-The bath was full of.....Dan got.....quickly and Jumped into the bath.
- 4-Dad's Dad was in the .....looking cross.
- 5-The bubbles spread into the ..... and .....
- 6-Dad thought the bubbles looked like .....moving and .....
- 7- Dad asked Dan to get .....quickly. The Man and the woman has two big .....
- 8-Dan left the room full of ..... and walked to the .....
- 9-The man and the woman were angry with Dan about the .....
- 10-The man and the woman thought that Dan was the .....
- 11- The woman was angry with Dan because he got ..... on her new dress.



## Chapter 8

### The suitcases

Suitcase	شنطة سفر	Toward the desk	اتجاه المكتب	Woman	سيدة
Heavy	ثقيل	Complain	يشتكى	Listen to me	اسمعنى
Pick up	يلتقط	Split	انشق- انسكب	For a minute	لدقيقة
Go down	ينزل	In surprise	مفاجأة	Not now	ليس الان
Nice place	مكان جميل	Remember	يتذكر	Add	يضيف
Refuse	يرفض	Thieves	اللصوص	Agree	يتفق مع
Pay the bill	يدفع الفاتورة	Steal	يسرق	newspaper	جريدة
Not fair	ليس عدلا	Suck		Man	رجل
Trolley	عربة ترولى	Covered in	مغطى ب	Burst	ينفجر

#### Answer the following questions:

- 1-Why couldn't Dan lift the suitcase?.....
- 2-who carried the suitcases into the lift?.....
- 3-What reason the woman gave for leaving the hotel?.....
- 4-What reasons did the man and woman gave for not paying the bill? .....
- 5-What did the man and woman complain about? .....
- 6-what happened when Dan tried to lift a suitcase onto the trolley? .....
- 7-Why did Dad say he was sorry for the man and the woman?.....
- 8-Why did the woman say she would refuse to pay her bill?.....
- 9-Did Dad see what was in the suitcase ?.....
- 10-Who was at the reception desk? .....

#### Complete the following sentences:

- 1- Dan tried to lift one of the ..... the suitcase was .....
- 2- The man looked at Dan .....The man and the woman are leaving the .....
- 3- The man asked Dan to bring the suitcases to the .....

- 4- Dan tried to lift the first suitcase but he .....it The suitcase.....open
- 5- The woman was busy..... at Dad's Dad. The man and the woman refused to pay .....
- 6- The man and the woman will tell the .....that the manager's son tried to steal their .....
- 7- Dan's dad won't give the man and the woman a .....
- 8- The man has to buy a new .....The angry man and the woman were the .....
- 9- The man and the woman .....loudly about the vacuum cleaner and jewelry.
- 10- The man said to dad that Dan tried to .....their jewelry.

## Chapter 9

### Dan catches the thieves

Explain	يشرح	Lies	الأكاذيب	Interview	مقابلة
Quiet	اهدى	Never	ابدا	Arrest	يقبض على
Bad boy	ولد سيئ	Hotel entrance	مدخل الفندق	Officer	ضابط
Point to	يشير الى	Angry	غضبان	Young man	رجل شاب
Go in red	يحمر وجهة	Liar	كذاب	Proud	فخور
Cough	كحة	Check	يتحقق من	Reward	هدية - جائزة
Nonsense	كلام فارغ - هراء	Call the police	يتصل بالبوليس	Kitchen	مطبخ
Believe	يعتقد	Shout	يصرخ	Tall glass	زجاجة - كوب طويل
Truth	الحقيقة	telephone	تليفون	Ice cream	ايس كريم
nuts	جوز الهند	Chocolate	شيكولاتة	Sauce	صوص - صلصة
Cream	وضع كريم - رغوة	Long spoon	ملعقة طويلة	Amazing	مذهل

#### Answer the following questions:

- 1-What did Dad do when Dan tried to explain?.....
- 2-What did the woman say about Dan?.....
- 3-How did Dad look at Dan?.....
- 4-What did the man do after he picked up the suitcases?.....
- 5-Who did Dad shout for when he saw the jewelry in the suitcase?.....
- 6-How did the police take the man and woman away?.....
- 7-Who made the huge ice cream?.....
- 8-What did the chef put on the top of the huge ice cream?

9- What did Dan do when he tried to stop the man and the woman?.....

10- Who telephoned the police? .....

**Complete the following sentences:**

1-The man said that Dan was a very .....boy. Dad asked Dan to be .....

2-Dad looked at Dan in .....Dad asked Dan to go to his .....

3-The woman .....when Dan said that they were the .....

4-The man went..... when Dan said that they were the thieves.

5-The man set off toward the hotel .....The man told his wife that they were in .....

6-Dan's dad threatened the woman and the man to call the .....

7-Dan ran after the man and the woman to stop them from.....

8-The .....and money split onto the floor. Dad shouted for Mr.Grey and the chef to .....the man and the woman.

9-As Dan fell to the floor, he .....one of the suitcases from the man's hand.

10-Dad said that his son never told .....

## Chapter 10

### Dan's story

Enjoy	يستمتع	Jam	مربى	tins	علب
Interesting	ممتع	Flour	دقيق	Today	اليوم
Grin	ابتسامة	Waiter	جرسون	Tomorrow	غدا
Tidy up	ينظف	Glasses	اكواب	Groan	يتنهد
Storeroom	مخزن	pilots	طيارين	Next day	اليوم التالي
Wash up	يغسل	Aeroplane	طائرة	Helpful	مساعد
Polish	يلمع	Spilled spaghetti	سباغيتي المسكوب	Grandad	الجد
Joke	نكتة-مزحة	Bubble bath	حمام الفقاعات	Good at	جيد فى
Widen	وسع	Crept	تسلل	Drive	يقود- يسوق
Sorting	تنظيم	Big smile	بسملة كبيرة	Laugh	ضحك

**Answer the following questions:**

- 1-What did the Mum say when Dan and Dad first got home?.....
- 2-When Dan told his mum about the thieves,how did Mum look at her son?  
.....
- 3- What other things did Dan tell his Mum about?  
.....
- 4- What did Dan ask his Dad?.....
- 5-Who did Mum say she would take Dan to see?.....
- 6-When did Dan and mum go to see Grandad?.....
- 7-How was Grandad looking when they arrived ?.....
- 8- How did Grandad feel when Dan told him about the day?.....

**Complete the following sentences:**

- 1-Mum hoped Dan enjoyed his day at the .....
- 2-Dan told mum that his day was at the hotel was .....
- 3-Mum was proud of Dan because he caught the two.....
- 4-Mum told Dan that he could go with her to see .....
- 5-Grandad wasn't looking very .....
- 6-Grandad ..... a lot when Dan told him what happened at the .....

# Time for English 4

## Unit 7 (At the chemists )

Chemist	صيدلى-صيدلية	Money	مال	Cats	قطط
How much?	كم تكلفة	Soap	صابون	Peas	بصلة
Forget	ينسى	Shampoo	شامبو	ducks	بط
Cheap	رخيص	Make-up	مكياج	Tops	قمم
Expensive	غالى	Perfume	عطور	Beets	البنجر
A lot	كثير من	Medicine	طب- دواء	Chips	شيبس
Pound	جنية	Toothpaste	معجون اسنان	Bats	خفافيش
aisle	ممر	sunscreen	واقية من الشمس	mats	سجاجيد
Help	يساعد	Sure	اكيد	Boys	اولاد
candy	حلوى	Caps	قبعات	Kids	اطفال

### Conversation

- How much are these? They are one pound each.
- Wow! That's cheap. I will take three.
- Okay. That's three pounds.
- Hey, don't forget your change. Oops! Thanks a lot.

### Grammar

#### الفعل فى المصدر ( لا تفعل ) Don't +

- Don't smoke.
- Don't be late.
- Don't forget your change.

### Affirmative statement

- I /They /We /You + have + some + Noun
- He/ She / It + has + some + Noun

#### Examples:

- I have some soap.
- Have some sweets.
- She has some medicine.
- They have some money.

### Negative statement

- I /They /We /You + don't have + any + Noun
- He/ She / It + doesn't have + any + Noun

#### Examples:

- I don't have any shampoo.
- He doesn't any perfume.
- They don't have any toothpaste.

## Unit 8 (In the park )

Litter	قمامة	Grass	عشب	Boxes	صناديق
Wallet	محفظة	Sand	رمل	Buses	أتوبيسات
Wash the car	يغسل السيارة	Snow	ثلج	Sandwiches	سندويشات
Watch TV	يشاهد التلفزيون	Wildlife	حياة برية	Witches	ساحرات
Have a snack	يتناول وجبة خفيفة	Pond	بركة	bushes	شجيرات
Climb a tree	يتسلق الشجرة	Tree	شجرة	Glasses	نظارات-اكواب
Clean up	ينظف	Mountain	جبل	Matches	اعواد كبريت
Listen to music	يستمتع للموسيقى	River	نهر	Leashes	أسواط
Exercise	يتدرب	Pencil case	مقلمة	Foxes	ثعالب
Do homework	يعمل واجباته	Peaches	خوخ	Kisses	قبلات

### Conversation

Hey don't do that.

What?

Don't drop litter! Use the bin.

I'm sorry. Where is it?

It's over there. It's under the tree.

Oh! I see it. Thanks

### Grammar

**Countable nouns** الاسماء التي تعد

**Uncountable nouns** الاسماء التي لا تعد

**One tree >>> three trees**

**Grass – Sand- snow – wildlife – water**

**There is + some** اسم لا يعد

There's some grass.

There is some sand.

**There are + some** اسم يعد

There are some trees.

There are 3 books on the table.

**There isn't + any** اسم لا يعد – جملة في النفي **There isn't + any** اسم يعد – جملة في النفي

**There aren't +** اسم يعد جمع – جملة في النفي

There isn't any snow.

There isn't any grass.

There aren't any books on the table.

There aren't any pens in my bag.

### Singular >>>>>>> Plural

O / X / S / Ch / Sh / SS      الكلمات التي تنتهي ب

<u>Buses</u>	<u>matches</u>
<u>Boxes</u>	<u>Bushes</u>
<u>Sandwiches</u>	<u>Witches</u>
<u>foxes</u>	<u>kisses</u>

## Unit 9 (In the kitchen )

Hungry	جعان	Hot sauce	صوص حار	Broom	مقشة
Chocolate	شيكولاته	Spaghetti	اسباجتي	Brick	قالب طوب
Chip cookie	رقاقة الكعك	Pickles	مخللات	Prize	جائزة
Kitchen	مطبخ	Mushrooms	فطر المشروم	night	ليلة
Strawberry	فرواله	Carrots	جزر	Present	هدية
Cereal	حبوب	Salad	سلطة	Bride	عروسة
Vegetables	خضروات	Soup	شوربة	Grow	ينمو
Salt	ملح	bread	عيش	Bridge	كوبرى
Pepper	فلفل	Butter	زبدة	Grapes	عنب
cheese	جبنة	mess	عبث- فوضى	Groom	عريس

### Conversation

I'm hungry.

Me, too. Let's have a snack.

Do you want a chocolate chip?

No, thanks. I don't like cookies.

What about some strawberry ice cream?

Mm! That sounds good.

### Conversation

**Is there any + اسم لا يعد ؟**

Is there any cheese?

Yes, there is.

No, there isn't.

Is there any hot sauce?

Yes, there is.

No, there isn't.

**Are there any+ اسم جمع ؟**

Are there any apples?

Yes, there are.

No, there aren't.

Are there any carrots?

Yes, there are.

No, there aren't.

**What about ؟ مارأيك**

**What about some ice cream?**

**That sounds good.** رائع للموافقة

**I don't like it.** لا أحب ذلك

## Unit 10 (Downtown )

Purse	محفظة - مال	Bakery	مخبز	Trade	ماركة
Downtown	وسط البلد	Chemist's	صيدلية	Train	قطار
Key	مفتاح	Crab	يمسك	Drum	طبله
Glasses	نظارات	Truck	شاحنة نقل	Drink	يشرب
Museum	متحف	Dress	فستان	Drain	تصريف - نرف
Cinema	سينما	cracker	رقائق بسكويت	Drive	يقود
Department store	قسم التخزين	Creek	جدول - نهر صغير	Draw	يرسم
Hospital	مستشفى	Crayon	الوان خشب	Dream	حلم
Restaurant	مطعم	Cross	يعبر	Dress	فستان
bookshop	مكتبة	crane	مرافع		

### Conversation

Look! Whose purse is this?

Maybe it's hers. let's ask.

Excuse me.

Yes?

Is this your purse?

Yes, it is!

Thank you so much.

You 're welcome.

### Conversation

Whose? ملك من

Whose book is this?

It's hers.

It is her bag =

It's hers.

It is my wallet=

it's mine.

Personal Pronouns	Possessive Adjectives	Possessive Pronouns
<b>I</b>	my	mine
<b>You</b>	your	yours
<b>He</b>	his	his
<b>She</b>	her	hers
<b>It</b>	its	its
<b>We</b>	our	ours
<b>You</b>	your	yours
<b>They</b>	their	theirs



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I  
She  
He  
It

WAS

We  
You  
They

WERE

not

in the café.  
at the cinema.  
in the club.  
at home.  
at the post-office.  
at school.  
at work.  
at the park.  
at the theatre.  
in the sport club.

Yesterday, last week, two days ago...

-She was at home two hours ago.

- She wasn't at home.

-They were at the hospital

- They weren't at the hospital.

### Unit 11 (At home )

Bored	شاعر بالملل	Living room	غرفة المعيشة	Flat	شقة
Sunglasses	نظارات شمسية	Kitchen	مطبخ	Flea	برغوث
Thirsty	عطشان	Garage	جراج	Float	فيضان
Hungry	جعان	Jump	يقفز	Flake	يتقشر
Homework	الواجب المدرسي	Cookie	بسكويت	Flute	عود
Bathroom	حمام	Flag	علم	Slippers	شبشب
Dining room	غرفة العشاء	Fly	يطير	Sleeve	كم
bedroom	غرفة النوم	plum	برقوقة	Slow	بطئ
Garden	حديقة	Slide	زحلقة	Aeroplane	طائرة
hall	صالة	sleep	ينام	Slug	دودة

### Conversation

I'm bored.

Dad! We 're going outside.

I know Dad.

All right, Bye!

So am I. Let's play football.

Remember, you have to do your homework.

Be back at six.

Bye, kids. Have a fun!

## Grammar

### Yes / No questions with Was & were

Was / I / He / she / it ?

Were / you / we / they?

Examples:

Was she in the kitchen?

Yes, she was.

No, she wasn't.

Was he in the bedroom?

Yes, he was.

No, he wasn't.

Were you in the kitchen?

Yes, I was.

No, I wasn't

Were they at the restaurant?

Yes, they were.

No, they weren't.

## Unit 12 (Around the house )

Wrong	خطأ	Smell	يشم	Smoke	يدخن
Right	صح	Smile	يبتسم	Smash	يحطم
Wash my hands	يغسل اليد	Snake	ثعبان	Small	صغير
Brush my teeth	يغسل اسنان	Sneeze	يعطس	speak	يتحدث
Clean my room	ينظف الغرفة	Spider	عنكبوت	Hospital	مستشفى
Call a friend	يتصل بصديق	Spell	يستهلج	Spring	ربيع
Practice the piano	يتدرب على البيانو	Snail	دودة	Spain	اسبانيا
dance	يرقص	Snow	ثلج	Good idea	فكرة جيدة
Play video games	يلعب العاب كمبيوتر	Snatch	انتزع		
Bake cookies	يخبز بسكويت	sniff	شم		

## Conversation

Hello! Is Kareem is there, please?

I'm sorry. You have the wrong number.

Is this 245-8769?

No, it isn't. It's 245-8768

Sorry

That's okay. Good-bye.

# Simple Past Tense

## Regular verbs

Spelling rules	Examples
base form + <b>ed</b>	walk → walk <b>ed</b> play → play <b>ed</b>
verbs ending in <b>-e</b> + <b>d</b>	like → lik <b>ed</b> move → mov <b>ed</b>
verbs ending in <b>a consonant + y</b> ↓ change <b>y</b> → <b>i</b> + <b>ed</b>	carry → carri <b>ed</b> study → studi <b>ed</b>
Some verbs ending in <b>a single consonant</b> + the second last letter is <b>a vowel</b> → <b>double the last letter</b> + <b>ed</b>	plan → plan <b>ned</b> stop → stop <b>ped</b>

### Affirmative statement

I played video games.

### Negative statement

I didn't play video games

- We add ( d / ed /ied ) to make the verb in simple past (regular verbs)
- Negative form ( didn't + verb in infinitive )

كلمات تدل على الماضي

Yesterday / last week/ last night /last...../ in the past / ago

wash	Washed	carry	carried
Clean	Cleaned	call	called
practice	Practiced	brush	Brushed
Play	Played	bake	Baked
Dance	Danced	Look	Looked
Close	Closed	watch	Watched
Tidy	Tidied		
study	studied		