بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

502) 59 y/o presented with new onset supraventicular tachycardia with palpitation,no Hx of SO Or chest pain ,chest examination normal , oxygen sat in room air = 98% no peripheral edemaOthers normal, the best initial investigation:

- a. ECG stress test
- b. Pulmonary arteriography
- c. CT scan
- d. Thyroid stimulating hormone

the correct answer is d

503) Lactating women presented with breast engorgment and tendress Your managements:

- a. Warm compressor and continuue breast feeding
- b. Dicloxacillin and continoue breast feeding
- c. Dicloxacillin and milk expression
- d. Discontinoue breast feeding and cold compressor

the correct answer is a . tis case is (engorgement of breast) . but if there are redness , swelling , fever this case is (mastitis) and choose b

504) The Fastest route of antipsychotic is:

a. IM

b. IV

al
ıblingual
orrect answer is b
hile you are in the clinic you find that many patients presents with red follicular njactivitis (Chlamydia) your management is:
Improve water supply and sanitation
Improve sanitation and destroying of the vector
Eradication of the reservoir and destroying the vector
Destroy the vector and improve the sanitation
e correct answer is a
e most important exogenous risk factor for osteoporosis is:
a. Alcohol intake
b. Age
c. Smoking
d. Lack of exercise
the correct answer is c
tient with family history of coronary artery disease his BMI= 28 came to you king for the advice:
king for the advice:

d. Start with decrease K calorie per kg per week

the correct answer is d

- 508) Lactating mother newly diagnosed with epilepsy , taking for it phenobarbital you advice is:
 - a. Discontinue breastfeeding immediately
 - b. Breastfeed baby after 8 hours of the medication
 - c. Continoue breastfeeding as tolerated

the correct answer is c

-very vague question , some books avoid Phenobarbital during breast feeding if possible. And in American academy of pediatric classified Phenobarbital as adrug that cause major advers effect in some nursing infant, and should be given to nursing women with cation .

- 509) Pregnant women has fibroid with of the following is True:
 - a. Presented with severe anemia
 - b. Likely to regress after Pregnancy
 - c. Surgery immediately
 - d. Presented with Antepartum He

the correct answer is b

Fibroids may also be the result of hormones. Reproductive hormones like estrogen and progesterone can stimulate cell growth, causing fibroids to form. During pregnancy, your influx of hormones may cause your fibroids to grow in size. After pregnancy and during menopause most fibroids begin to shrink, due to a lack of hormones.

- 510) A known case of chronic atrial fibrillation on the warfarin 5 mg came for follow up you find INR 7 but no signs of bleeding you advice is:
 - a. Decrease dose to 2.5 mg
 - b. Stop the dose and repeat INR next day

- c. Stop warfarin
- d. Continoue same and repeat INR

the correct answer is b

INR	ACTION
>10	Stop warfarin. Contact patient for examination. MONITOR INR
7-10	Stop warfarin for 2 days; decrease weekly dosage by 25% or by 1 mg/d for next week (7 mg total); monitor INR
4.5-7	Decrease weekly dosage by 15% or by 1 mg/d for 5 days of next week (5 mg total); repeat monitor INR
3-4.5	Decrease weekly dosage by 10% or by 1 mg/d for 3 days of next week (3 mg total); repeat monitor INR.
2-3	No change.
1.5-2	Increase weekly dosage by 10% or by 1 mg/d for 3 days of next week (3 mg total);
<1.5	Increase weekly dose by 15% or by 1 mg/d for 5 days of next week (5 mg total);

511) Patient is a known case of CAD the best exercise:

- a. Isotonic exercise
- b. Isometric exercise
- c. Anerobic exe
- d. Yogha

the correct answer is c

- 1-anerobic exercise (endurance) : for improve cardiac function
- 2- weight bearing excercise (isometric): for build muscle strength , bone density
- 3- stretching excercise: for prevent cramp, stiffness and back pain

512) The mechanism of action of Aspirin:

a. Inhibit cycloxgenase

- b. Inhibit phospholipase A2
- c. Inhibit phospholipid D

the correct answer is a

513) The absolute contraindication of breastfeeding is:

- a. Asymptomatic HIV patient
- b. Active hepatitis C
- c. Pulmonary TB on treatment 3 months

The correct answer is a

Absolute contraindication of breastfeeding:

- 1-Infants with galactosemia.
- 2-Mothers who use illegal drugs.
- 3-Mothers infected with HIV, human T-cell lymphotropic virus type I or type II, or who have an active herpes lesion on the breast.
- 4-Mothers taking any of the following medications: radioactive isotopes, cancer chemotherapy agents, such as antimetabolites

514) A boy felt down on his elbow, the lateral x-ray shows:

- a. Anterior Pad sign
- b. Posterior pad sign
- c. Anterior line of humerous intersecting the cubilium
- d. Radial line forming 90 degree with cubilium

the correct answer is A

515) A known case of treated hodgkin lymphoma(mediastinal mass) with radiotherapy Not on regular follow up presented with gradual painless difficulty in swallowing and SOB, There is facial swelling and redness: DX

a. SVC obstruction

- b. IVC obstruction
- c. Thoracic aortic aneurysm
- d. Abdominal aortic aneursm

The correct answer is a

516) Patient is presented with hand cellulitis and red streaks in the hand and tender axillary lymphadenopathy. This condition is more likely to be associated with:

a. Malignancy

- b. Pyoderma
- c. Neuropathy
- d. Lymphangitis
 the correct answer is b (I'm not sure)

516) Young aged male presented to ER after blunt trauma to Abdomen, CT scan shows intramural hematoma: your management is

- a. Lapratomy with evacuation of the hematoma
- b. Dissection of duodenum
- c. Observation

the correct answer is c

517) Patient presented with sore throat, anorexia, loss of appetite, on throat exam showed enlarged tonsils with petechi on palate and uvula, mild tenderness of spleen and liver: DX

a. Group A strep

b. EBV

The correct answer is b

518) Patient with GERD has barret esophagus, this metaplasia increase risk of:

- a. Adenocarcinoma
- b. Squmaou cell carcinoma

the correct answer is a

519) Complication of Sleep apnea is:

a.CHF

b.

the correct answer is a

sleep apnea : Hypoxic pulmonary vasoconstriction → PAH → Cor Pulmonale → CHF

complication of sleep apnea: sleep apnea increases health risks such as cardiovascular disease, high blood pressure, stroke, diabetes, clinical depression, weight gain and obesity. The most serious consequence of untreated obstructive sleep apnea is to the heart. In severe and prolonged cases, there are increases in pulmonary pressures that are transmitted to the right side of the heart. This can result in a severe form of congestive heart failure (*cor pulmonale*).

520) Which of the following medication can be used as prophylaxis in appendectomy:

- a. Cephalexin
- b. Ceftriaxone
- c. Metronidazole
- d. Vancomycin
- e. Ampicillin

The correct answer is c

1st line of antibiotic: 1- cefoxitin 2- cefotetan

2nd line of treatment: 1- metradinazole 2- ampicikkin-sulbactam

521) Which of the following prognostic factor for SLE:

- a. ANA levels
- b. Sex
- c. Age
- d. Renal involvement

The correct answer is d

522) The most common site for osteomyelitis is:

- a. Epiphysis
- b. Diaphysis
- c. Metaphysis
- d. Blood flow

The correct answer is c

523) In "holding breath holding" which of the following True:

- a. Mostly occurs between age of 5 and 10
- b. Increase Risk of epilepsy
- c. A known precipitant cause of generalized convulsion
- d. Diazepam may decrease the attack

Breath holding spells are the occurrence of episodic apnea in children, possibly associated with loss of consciousness, and changes in postural tone. They are most common in children between 6 and 18 months and usually not present after 5 years of age. They are unusual before 6 months of age. A positive family history can be elicited in 25% of cases. It may be confused with a seizure disorder.

There are four types of breath holding spells.

1-The most common is termed *simple breath holding spell*, in which the manifestation is the holding of breath in end expiration. There is no major alteration of circulation or oxygenation and the recovery is spontaneous.

2-The second type are the *Cyanotic breath-holding spells*. They are usually precipitated by anger or frustration although they may occur after a painful experience. The child cries and has forced expiration sometimes leading to <u>cyanosis</u> (<u>blue in color</u>), loss of muscle tone, and loss of consciousness. The majority of children will regain consciousness. The child usually recovers within a minute or two, but some fall asleep for an hour or so. Physiologically, there is often hypocapnea (low levels of carbon dioxide) and usually hypoxia (low levels of oxygen. There is no "post ictal" phase (as is seen with seizures), no incontinence, and the child is fine in between spells. EEGs are normal in these children. There is no relationship to the subsequent development of seizures or cerebral injury as a consequence of breath holding spells.

3-In the third type, known as *Pallid breath-holding spells*, the most common stimulus is a painful event. The child turns pale (as opposed to blue) and loses consciousness with little if any crying. The EEG is also normal, and again there is no post ictal phase, nor incontinence. The child is usually alert within a minute or so. There may be some relationship with adulthood syncope in children with this type of spell.

4- A fourth type, known as *Complicated breath-holding spells*, may simply be a more severe form of the two most common types. This type generally begins as either a cyanotic or pallid spell that then is associated with seizure like activity. An EEG taken while the child is not having a spell is still generally normal.

DX: clinical, good history include sequence of event, lack of incontinence and no post ictal phase. Treatment: reassurance and iron.

524) Infant brought by the mother that noticed that the baby has decreasing feeding, activity and lethargic On examination febrile(39), tachycardic, his bp 75/30, with skin rash. DX:

a.Septic shock

Q not complete

525) Old patient newly diagnosed with hyperthyroidism presented with (hyperthrodism symptoms) The best initial symptomatic treatment is:

a. BB (beta-blocker)

b. PTU

The correct answer is a

	526) Infant presented with hemangioma on the back . your management is:
а	a. <mark>Intralesional injection of corticosteroids</mark>
k	o. Topical corticosteroids
c	c. Excise of the lesion
5	527) Pregnant lady , 34 wk GA , presented with vaginal bleeding more than her
	menstruation. On examination, cervix is dilated 3 cm with bulging of the
	membrane, fetal heart rate = 170 bpm . The fetus lies transverse with back fac
	down . us done and shows that placenta is attached to posterior fundus and
	sonotranulence behind placenta. Your management is :
	a <mark>. C/S</mark>
	b. Oxytocin
	c.Tocolytics
	d.Amniotomy
	the correct answer is a
5	528) Infant with congenital hip dislocation:
	a. +ve click in flexion ,abduction
	b. The only treatment is surgery
	c. Not reduced with flexion and abduction of the hip
	the correct answer is a . this is ortolani test
5	529) In irritable bowel S. the following mechanism ?contraction and slow w myoelectricity seen in:
	Constinution
	a.Constipation
	b. Diarrhea
	the correct answer is a

529) Which is not found in coarctation of the aorta:

	b. Diastolyic murmur heard all over precordium
	c. Skeletal deformity on chest x-ray
	the correct answer is a (I'm not sure)
53	30) Female patient presented with tender red swelling in the axilla with history repeated black head and large pore skin in same area: ttt is
	a. Immidate surgery
	b. Topical antibiotic
	c. Cold compressor
	d. Oral antibiotic
-	
53	31) In indirect hernia the relation of the sac to the cord structure is:
_ 5:	31) In indirect hernia the relation of the sac to the cord structure is: a. Anteromedial
<u> </u>	
<u> </u>	a. Anteromedial
5:	a. Anteromedial b. Anterolateral
5.	a. Anteromedial b. Anterolateral c. Posteromedial
	a. Anteromedial b. Anterolateral c. Posteromedial d.Postrolateral
	a. Anteromedial b. Anterolateral c. Posteromedial d.Postrolateral the correct answer is b
	a. Anteromedial b. Anterolateral c. Posteromedial d.Postrolateral the correct answer is b 32) The most common cause of croup is:

- a. decrease protein intake, decrease carbohydrate
- b. increase protein, increase carbo
- c. decrease protein, increase carbo

the correct answer is c. in the book, written there is decrease protein and adequate amount of carbohydrate, but with this only MCQs the answer is c

- 534) in cachectic patient, the body utilize the proteins of the muscles:
 - a. to provide Amino acid and protein synthesis
 - b. to maintain bloodflow to vital organ
 - c. to increase body fat

the correct anwser is a (I'm not sure)

- 535) patient is complaining of memory loss. Alzehimer disease is diagnosed what is the cause of this:
 - a. brain death cell

Q not complete

- 536) Parents brought their baby to you who is on bottle feeding. On exam whitish lesion on either side of teeth seen with blackish lesion on maxillary incisors and second molar teeth. There is history of leaving the baby with bottle in his mouth during sleeping. The Dx:
 - a. Nursery dental caries
 - **b.**Gingvostomatis

the correct answer is a

- 537) Which of the following medication if taken need to take the patient immidiatly to the hospital:
 - a. Penicillin
 - b. diphenhydramine
 - c. OCPs
 - d. Quinine or Quinidine

- 538) 43 y/o female presented with severe DUB other examination normal . your management is
 - a. D &C
 - b. Ocps
 - c. Hysterectomy
 - d. Blood transfusion

the correct answer is a

539) Baby with vesicles on the face and honey comb crust which of the following organism cause it: Staph aureus

- 540) Female patient presented with migraine headache which is pulsatile, unilateral, increase with activity. Dosn't want to take medication. Which of the following is appropriate:
 - a. Bio feedback
 - b. TCA
 - c. BB

the correct answer is a

Biofeedback has been shown to help some people with migraines. Biofeedback is a technique that can give people better control over body function indicators such as blood pressure, heart rate, temperature, muscle tension, and brain waves. The two most common types of biofeedback for migraines are thermal biofeedback and electromyographic biofeedback.

541) Infant born with hemangioma on the rt eyelid what is appropriate time to operate to prevent amylopia:

a	a. 1 day
t	o. 1 week
c	c. 3 months
d	. 9 months
	difficult Q. but may be the correct answer is b or c
542)	Young patient on anti TB medication presented with vertigo which of the
	ollowing drug cause this:
;	a. <mark>Streptomycin</mark>
ı	b. Ethambutol
(c. Rifampcin
	the correct answer is a , streptomycin cause 8 th nerve damage.
-	
543) 1	The CPR for child is
a.	30 chest compression 2 ventilation (Lone rescuer)
b.	15 chest c 2 ventilation (2 or more rescures)
c.	m15 chest compression 1 ventilation
t	the correct answer is a
544) F	Picture show large ulcer over medial side of the leg . what is your managemen
а	. Shave biobsy
b	. Elevate the legs and stocking
C.	. Topical steroids
t	he correct answer is b
<u>t</u>	the correct answer is b
	the correct answer is b 2months infant with white plaque on tongue and greasy ,past h/o clamydia

	a. Oral hystatin
	b. Topical steroids
	c. Topical acyclovair
	d. Oral tetracycline
	the correct answer is a. oral nystatin: antifungal
54	6) child rt ear pain and tenderness on pulling ear , no fever , O/E inflamed
	odemateous rt ear canal with yellow discharge >>>>>>dx:
	a. Otitis media
	b. Otitis externa
	c. Cholesteatoma
	the correct answer is b
54	7) 34y female with HIV pap smear negative, about cervical cancer screening:
	a. After 3m if negative repeat after 6m
	b. After 6m annually
	c. After 1yannually
	The correct answer is c
54	8) female about 30y with breast cancer (given cbc –chem. And reavel low hb and
	hematocrite) what is the next step in mangment:
	a. Staging
	b. Lumpectomy
	c. Mastectomy
	d. chemotherapy
	the correct answer is a
54	9) child with moderate persistant BA On bronch.dilat inhaler. Presented with acute
3-	exacerbation what will you add in ttt:
	a. Corticosteroid inhaler
	b. <mark>Ipratropum bromide inhaler</mark>
	the correct answer is b
55	0) about head and neck injury :

a. Hoarsness of voice and stridor can occure with mid facial injury

bre	ast with hotness and small nodule in upper outer quadrant with axillary LN ucocytic count was 14 *10/L dx:
	a. Inflammatory breast cancer
	b. Breast abscess
•	c. Fibrocystic disease
	the correct answer is b
	y male with osteoporosis the T score of bone densometry would be: -3.5
<mark>b.</mark>	<mark>-2.5</mark>
c. :	1
d.	2
е.	3.5
<u>th</u>	e correct answer is b
•••••	
	ild with epistaxis management:
	Compression on nose and leaning forward
b.	backward
	the correct answer is a
For chec	nario about female underwent abdominal operation she went to physician ck

b. Tracheostomies contraindicated

c. Facial injury may cause upper air way injures

- a. Call the surgeon and ask him what to do
- b. Call attorney and ask about legal action
- c. Tell her what you found
- d. Tell her that is one of possible complications of operation
- e. Don't tell her what you found

The correct answer is **c**

555) male ptn with scaly fine papular rash on fornt of scalp,nose and retroauricular......(i think tinea capitis) ttt is:

- a. Ketoconazole cream...
- b. Oral augmentin
- c. cream

the correct answer is a

556) All can cause gastric ulcer except:

- a- Tricyclic antidepressant.
- b- Delay gastric emptying.
- c- Sepsis.
- d- Salicylates.
- e- Gastric outlet incompetent.

The correct answer is a

Tricyclic antidepressant use in treatment of peptic ulcer.

557) 48year old female lost her menstruation for 2 cycles, the method of contraception is condom, examination was normal except for dusky discoloration of the cervix. What u will do next:

a. Progesterone challenge.

b.Beta HCG.

c.Pelvic u/s

The correct answer is b

558) ttt of yeast vaginitis: Clotrimazole , Fluconazole , Ketokonazole

Treatment of yeast vaginitis (candida albicans) : topical azole or PO fluconazole , oral azole should be avoided in pregnant.

	medical hx unremarkable, physical examination normal, how to treat: a- NSAID.
	b- Danazole.
	c -
	The correct answer is a
560	l) What is true about alpha blocker:
	a. Causes hypertension.
	b. Worsen benign prostatic hyperplasia.
	c. <mark>Cause tachycardia.</mark>
	d-
	the correct answer is c
	alpha blocker :cause orthostatic hypotension and tachycardia.
61	.) cyclic menstruation that increase in frequency:
	a. <mark>Polymenorrhea.</mark>
	b. Hypermenorrhea.
	c. Menorrhagia.
	d. Dysmenorrhea.
	e.
	The correct answer is a
	Polymenorrhea : frequent menestration (< 21 day cycle)
	Hypermenorrhea or menorrhagia: abnormally heavy and prolonged menst
	period at regular intervals . more than 80 ml of blood loss per cycle or prolo
	bleeding, more than 8 days. Oligomenorrhea: increase length of time between menses (35-90 days b\v
	Metrorrhagia: bleeding bwteen period.
	Menometrorrhagia : exessive and irreglar bleeding.
	wenometrormagia . exessive and megiar breeding.
62	A pregnant lady came to you to screen her fetus for down syndrome, who
	best method:
	a. Amniocentesis. + Karyotyping
	b. Choriocentesis.
	C.

- 563) What is the most common chromosomal abnormality?
 - a. Trisomy 13
 - b. Trisomy 21

the correct answer is b

-down syndrome (trisomy 21) is the most common chromosomal abnormality.

- 564) Best 2 test to screen for hepatocellular carcinoma:
 - a. Liver biopsy and alpha-fetoprotein.
 - b. Liver ultrasound and alpha-fetoprotein.
 - c. Abdomen CT and
 - d.

The correct answer is b

- 565) A child came to ER with fever, stridor, ..., x-ray showed swollen epiglottis, in addition to oxygen, what u will do?
 - a. Throat examination.
 - b. An emergency tracheostomy.
 - c. Endotracheal intubation.
 - d. Nasopharyngeal intubation.

The correct answer is c

- 566) 24 y/o female newly diagnosed type 2 DM, she is wearing glasses for 10 years, how frequent she should follow with ophthalmologist:
 - a. Every 5 years.
 - b. **Annually**

The correct answer is b

- **-for type 1 diabetic**: retina screening annually beginning 5 years after onset of diabetes, general not before onset of puberty.
- for type 2 diabetic : screening at the time of diagnosis then annual
- 567) What is the initial management for a patient newly diagnosed knee osteoarthritis.
 - a. Intra-articular corticosteroid.
 - b. Reduce weight.
 - c. Exercise.
 - d. Strengthening of quadriceps muscle.

<u>The</u>	correct	answer	is l	0
				_

а- b-	ferred to do breast self- examination, what is your response? Mammogram will detect deep tumor. Self-examination and mammogram are complementary. Self-examination is best to detect early tumor
ans	wer is a (I'm not sure because MCQs not complete and depend on age of pt.
a. b. c <mark>.</mark>	hat is the best frequency for breast self-examination? Daily. Weakly. Monthly. Annually.
570) Pa end a. b.	correct answer is c tient with left bundle branch block will go for dental procedure, regarding docarditis prophylaxis: No need Before procedure. After the procedure.
571) cla	e correct answer is b assical characteristic for genital herpes. nful ulcers & vesicles
<mark>k</mark>	ost common vaginal bleeding : a. cervical polyps b. menstruation a. ????

573) best stimulant for breast milk secretion:

- a. breast feeding
- b. oxytocin
- c. ???

the correct answer is a

574) child with aspirin intake overdose ...what kind of acid base balance:

- a. metabolic alkalosis wt respiratory
- b. metabolic acidosis wt respiratory alkalosis
- c. respiratory alkalosis with metabolic acidosid
- d. respiratory acidosis with metabolic alkalosis

The correct answer is c

Aspirin toxicity: in early stages, salicylate will stimulate respiratory center \rightarrow \uparrow RR \rightarrow respiratory alkalosis that will be compensated by metabolic acidosis. In late stage, it will interfere with COH, fat, & protein metabolism as well as Oxidation phosphorylation lead to \uparrow lactate, pyrovate, & keton bodies. All will lead to \downarrow pH. Signe & symptoms includes: nausea, vomiting, \uparrow RR, \uparrow temp, \uparrow HR, sweating, cerebral or pulmonary edema, & coma. +ve anion gap. TTT: hydration, correct K+, gastric lavage or activated charcoal, urine alkalization, hemodialysis)

575) therapeutic range of INR:

a. 2.5-3.5

b. 2.0-3.0

c. ???

The correct answer is b

.....

576) q about antidepressant:

- a. start single type even patient have sever depression
- b. start any one of them they all have the same efficacy
- c. stop the medication after 2 weeks if no improvement

The correct answer is a

.....

577) patient with depression started on amitryptaline, he had headache or dizzness, vomitting?? im not sure what exactly was the symptoms

- a. change to SSRI
- b. ??

Q not complete, but amitriptyline is TCA.

578) pa	atient had horsenss of voice for 3 weeks next to do: a. throat swab b. laryngoscopy c. ???
	The correct answer is b, I'm not sure because MCQs are not complete.
	gle diagnostic for stroke: nigh cholesterol
	nigh systolic blood pressur
the	<u>correct answer is b</u> , I'm not sure, but with these mcqs , b is correct.
580) un	faivrable prognosis for schezophrenia:
<mark>a. f</mark>	<mark>amily Hx</mark>
b.	failed marrige
с. а	dolscen age?? not sure
d. _I	presence of psychosis
the	correct answer is a
581) Rt	
	a. have 1 fissure b. contain 7 segment
	c. ??? read about lung anatomy segment names!!
_	has 3 lobes & 10 segments (medial basal segment only in inf. Lobe of Rt lui
Lft lung	has 2 lobes & 9 segments (Lingular segments in lft lung)
582) q a	about specifity:
	a. test is +ve in disese population

c. test is -ve in diseased population d. test is -ve in healthy population The correct answer is d 583) stage 3 colon ca → Give Chemo ASAP 584) patient with upper abdominal pain, nausea vomitting, with back pain, he is smoker for long time daily, fecal fat was +ve a. acute pancreatitis b. chronic pancreatitis c. pancreatic CA The correct answer is b 585) in school, 10 of patient had the dis of the first week, then 30 pt. had the dieses the next week, the percentage infection of this school is: a. 10% b. 20% c. 30% d. 40% Q is not clear or not complete, but I think the correct answer is b. 586) patient had headche describe it as aband around his head, increase with stress and, i dont remeber the ques DX is: a. tension headache b. migraine c. cluster headache The correct answer is b 587) Patient was presented by bollus in his foot, biopsy showed sub dermal lysis, fluorescent stain showed IgG , what is the most likely diagnosis : A. Bolus epidermolysis.

b. test is +ve in healthy poplation

B. Pemphigoid vulgaris .C. Herpetic multiform .D. Bullous pemphigoid .

The correct answer is d

Bullous Pemphigoid

An acquired blistering disease that leads to separation at the epidermal basement membrane. It is most commonly seen in patients 60–80 years of age. Its pathogenesis involves antibodies that are developed against the bullous pemphigoid antigen, which lies superfi cially in the basement membrane zone (BMZ). Antigen-antibody complexes activate complement and eosinophil degranulation that provoke an infl ammatory reaction and lead to separation at the BMZ. The blisters are stable because their roof consists of nearly normal epidermis.

HISTORY/PE

Presents with fi rm, stable blisters that arise on erythematous skin, often preceded by urticarial lesions. Nikolsky's sign is . The blisters form crusts and erosions (see Figure 2.2-7). Mucous membranes are less commonly involved than is the case in pemphigus.

DIAGNOSIS

Diagnosed according to the clinical picture. Skin biopsy shows a subepidermal blister, often with an eosinophil-rich infi ltrate. Immunofl uorescence demonstrates linear IgG and C3 immunoglobulin and complement at the dermal-epidermal junction.

TREATMENT

Systemic corticosteroids. Topical corticosteroids can help prevent blister formation when applied to early lesions.

.....

588) Patient was presented by difficulties of breathing from one side of his nose, on examination there was erythramatus swelling, what is the best initial treatment:

- A. Decongestant.
- B. Steroid.
- C. Sympathomimetics . ??

The correct answer is c (I'm not sure)

Explain: this swelling might be nasopharyngeal angiofibroma which is highly vascular swelling & prone to epistaxis, so to decrease the size we might use local or systemic decongestants which are sympathomimetics, so answer is not clear.

589) Patient with cystic nodule (acne) and scars, what is the best treatment:

- A. Retinoin.
- B. Erythromycin.
- C. Doxycyclin.

The correct answer is a (I'm not sure)

this seems to be an advanced inflammatory stage of acne since there r scars so if the retinoi**D** meant here is systemic (isotretinin) so it will be the choice. If topical it will not be effective as it is effective only in the non-inflammatory stage (comedones). Both erythromycin (local) & doxycyclin (systemic) can be used but in advanced stage systemic is better.

- 590) Patient was presented by constipation, vomiting , abdominal distension , with old scar in the lower abdomen , x ray showed dilated loops with air in the rectum , what is the best initial management :
- A. NGT decompression, and IV line.
- B. Rectal decompression and antibiotics.
- C. Suppositories.

The correct answer is a

this is a case of intestinal obstruction due to adhesions from previous abdominal surgery (commonest cause) so the initial treatment would be decompression of the intestine & replace lost fluids

591) Which of the following is not living vaccine:

- A. Hepatitis B.
- B. MMR.
- C. Oral polio
- D. BCG

The correct answer is a

Hepatitis B is the only vaccine prepared by genetic engineering so its not living vaccine.

- 592) Six years old child was born to a mother with hepatitis B , he does not received any vaccines before , what you will give now :
- A. DTP, MMR, Hib
- B. DTP, MMR.
- C. DT, MMR, Hib
- D. DT, MMR.

The correct answer is d

both Pertussis & H.influenza vaccine are not needed after 1 year of age.

593) Which of the following describes the end of the early inflammatory phase .

- A. Formation of eschar.
- B. Formation of ground base of collagen .
- C. The end of angiogenesis.

The correct answer is c

- 594) Female patient, known case of VitD deficiency, smoking, and recurrent fall, which of the following is the greatest exogenous risk for osteoporosis:
- A. Advanced age.
- B. Recurrent fall.
- C. Vit D.
- D. Smoking.

The correct answer is c

Advanced age & female gender are the most important factors for osteoporosis but they are endogenous. Smoking is an independent exogenous risk factor for osteoporosis

595) Blood sugar in DM type 1 is best controlled by:

- A. Short acting insulin.
- B. Long acting.
- C. Intermediate.
- D. Hypoglycemic agents.
- E. Basal and bolus insulin.

The correct answer is e

Very vague question. We can exclude hypoglycemic agents. **Short acting insulin** is best in emergencies like DKA as it can be given IV. We can use either long acting alone daily or a mixture of short & intermediate acting insulin daily. **Basal & bolus**, (short acting + intermediate or long), bolus' of short-acting or very-short-acting insulin before meals to deal with the associated rise in blood-sugar levels at these times. In addition, they take an evening injection of long- or intermediate-acting insulin that helps normalise their basal (fasting) glucose levels. This offers greater flexibility and is the most commonly adopted method when intensified insulin therapy is used to provide optimal glycaemic control.

596) Which of the following is true regarding perths disease:

- A. Commonly seen between 11-16 years of age .
- B. Always unilateral.
- C. May present by painless limp.
- D. Characteristically affect the external rotation of hip.
- E. More in female.

The correct answer is c

Perthes disease (Leg-Calve perthes disease) is a condition affecting the hip joint where there is degenerative avascular necrosis of the femoral head. It affects children aged 3-12 years & is more common in males. It is most commonly but not always unilateral (85% is unilateral). It presents mainly by severe hip pain & limping that increases by movement but it can present by painless limp. It characteristically affects the internal rotation & abduction of the hip & limits these movements.

597) Which of the following is true regarding gastric lavage:

- A. Patient should be in the right lateral position.
- B. It is not effective after 8 hours of aspirin ingestion.

The correct answer is b

lavage is effective only 1 hour after ingestion of any poison. After that its ineffective

598) SSRI was prescribed to a patient with depression, the effect is suspected to be within:

- A. One day.
- B. Two weeks.
- C. Three to four weeks.

The correct answer is c

Allow 2-6 weeks to take effect, and treat for > 6 months

599) Randomized controlled study will be stronger by:

- A. Systemic >>>>
- B. Following at least 50 % of the participant.

???????

- 600) Partner lost his wife by AMI 6 months ago, presented by loss of appetite, low mood, sense of guilt, what is the diagnosis:
- A. Beverament.
- B. Major depression episode.

The correct answer is a

- Major depression is a psychiatric condition that occurs regardless of events that happen in life, while normally most people would have beverament after death of a close person.

601) An adult was presented by sore throat , congestion , fatigue , petechia in soft palate , tender spleen , and liver , what is the most likely diagnosis :

A. EBV.

Only 1 choice?

This could be Rubella infection as petechia in soft palate (Forschheimer spots) occur in rubella also. But liver & spleen affection are more common in EBV. Also since it is an adult then we might suspect leukemia as the cause.

602) Patient was presented by blepharitis, acne roseca, but no keratitis, what is the best treatment:

- A. Topical chlorophenicol.
- B. Topical gentamicin.
- C. Oral doxycyclin.

The correct answer is c

603) Diabetic patient was presented by spastic tongue, dysarthria, spontenous crying what is the most likely diagnosis:

- A. Parkinson.
- B. Bulbar palsy.
- C. Pseudobulbar.
- D. Myasthenia gravis.

The correct answer is c

This is a bit tricky. Bulbar palsy is the LMNL of the last 4 CN, while pseudobulbar palsy is the UMNL of the last 4 CN. So spasticity of tongue is UMNL. But Diabetes causes LMNL of cranial nerves due to peripheral neuropathy. So maybe the cuase here is CNS affection due to atherosclerosis from macroangiopathy of diabetes.

604) Which of the following is describe the normal developmental stage for 6 months old child:

- A. Sits without support.
- B. Rolls front to back . (7-8 months)
- C. No head lag. (3 months)
- D. Stand alone . (1 year)

The correct answer is a

.....

605) Which of the following personality is characterized by inflexibility, perfectionism A. OCD. B. Not otherwise specified. C. Narcissistic. The correct answer is b Obsessive compulsive personality disorder is different from obsessive compulsive <u>disorder</u> and is characterized mainly by perfectionism while OCD is characterized by repetitive actions due to compulsion. if OCPD is present in the choices it would be the answer. 606) What is the commonest cause of otorrhea: A. Acute otitis media. B. Basal skull fracture. C. External otitis. The correct answer is a 607) Patient was presented by ear pain, red tympanic membrane, apparent vessels, with limited mobility of the tympanic membrane, what the most likely diagnosis: A. Acute otitis media. B. Tympanic cellulitis. C. Mastoditis. The correct answer is a 608) What is the management of acute congestive glaucoma: A. IV acetazolamide and topical pilocarpine. (true)

609) Eight years old child with late systolic murmur best heard over the sterna border , high pitch , crescendo , decrescendo ,>> diagnosis is :

- A. Physiological murmur.
- B. Innocent murmur.

C.	Ejection systolic murmur .
D.	Systolic regurgitation murmur .
	The correct answer is c (I'm not sure)
610)) Child was presented by coryza, skin rash, conjunctivitis, and multiple spots in the mouth:
Α.	Measles .
В.	Rubella .
	The correct answer is a.
	Measles : due to conjunctivitis which is not present in rubella
) Which of the following could be seen in patient with bulimia:
A. B.	Hypokalmeia . Metabolic acidosis .
ь.	Wetabolic acidosis .
	The correct answer is a
	bulimia is aka bing eating which means the patient eats a lot then does forced
	vomiting so there is loss of acids & electrolytes which leads to hypokalemia &
	metabolic alkalosis.
612	2) Maximum spinal height is reached after menarche by how many years?
A.	Months.
В.	Two years .
C.	Three years .
	The correct answer is c

.....

- 613) Pregnant lady 34 weeks of gestation presented by vaginal bleeding, which of the following is relevant to ask about:
- A. Smoking.
- B. Desire of future pregnancy.
- C. The result of last pap smear.
- D. Hx of vaginal irritation.

<u>The correct answer is a</u>, because smoking is an important risk factor for antepartum he

614) Female patient with marginal placenta previa , with 6 cm dilated cervix , what is your management :

- A. Fetal monitoring.
- B. Delivery if fully dilated.
- C. Tocolytics >

The correct answer is a (I'm not sure)

I couldn't find the answer correctly so based upon the given data, fetal monitoring is a must in any case of high risk pregnancy. Also as the PP is marginal, there is possibility of delivery without severe PPH and the cervix is already dilated.

615) Which of the following drugs increase the survival in a patient with heart failure:

- A. Beta blocker.
- B. ACE inhibitors.
- C. Digoxin.
- D. Nitrites.

The correct answer is b

New updated information. As ACE inhibitors inhibit aldosterone which if present in high concentrations causes modification of the cardiac myocytes in the long term.

616) Elderly patient presented by SOB, rales in auscultation, high JVP, +2 lower limb edema, what is the main pathophysiology:

- A. Left ventricular dilatation.
- B. Right ventricular dilatation.
- C. Aortic regurgitation.
- D. Tricuscpid regurgitation.

The correct answer is a (cofuuuuuuuuse)

Difficult question. Here we have both symptoms of Lft ventricular failure (SOB, Rales) & Rt ventricular failure (High JVP & LL edema). So, more commonly lft ventricular failure leads to rt ventricular failure due to overload and not vice versa . so the most correct is Lft ventricular dilatation.

- 617) Patient with high output fistula, for which TPN was ordered, after 2 hours of the central venous catheterization, the patient become comatose and unresponsive, what is the most likely cause:
- A. Septic shock.
- B. Electrolytes imbalance.
- C. Delayed response of blood mismatch.
- D. Hypoglycemia.
- E. Hypernatremia.

The correct answer is b

- 618) Female patient presented by tender mass below the axilla, with previous history of pores and black heads in that's area <<< what is your management:
- A. Go to surgery immediately.
- B. Oral antibiotics.
- C. Topical antibiotics.
- D. Steroid.

<u>The correct answer is a</u>, This is mostly an infected abscess.

A. B. C.	Epinephrine . Antihistaminic drugs . Hospitalization .
	The correct answer is b
	18 hours is a long duration so its unlikely to be anaphylactic shock & more like regular reaction to bee stings so antihistaminics is the best solution
620)) Which of the following is true regarding metformin :
A.	Main complication is hypoglycemia .
В.	Can lead to weight gain .
C.	It suppress the hepatic glauconeogenesis.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	The correct answer is c 1) Child was presented by congested throat , coryza , high grade fever , which c
621 A. B.	
621 A. B. C.	The correct answer is c L) Child was presented by congested throat, coryza, high grade fever, which of following is true regarding this condition: Viral > bacterial. Bacterial > viral. Antibiotics should be given any way.
621 A. B. C. D.	The correct answer is c L) Child was presented by congested throat , coryza , high grade fever , which confoliowing is true regarding this condition : Viral > bacterial . Bacterial > viral . Antibiotics should be given any way . It is most likely due to EBV .
621 A. B. C. D.	The correct answer is c L) Child was presented by congested throat , coryza , high grade fever , which confollowing is true regarding this condition: Viral > bacterial. Bacterial > viral. Antibiotics should be given any way. It is most likely due to EBV. The correct answer is b ??????
621 A. B. C. D.	The correct answer is c L) Child was presented by congested throat, coryza, high grade fever, which of following is true regarding this condition: Viral > bacterial. Bacterial > viral. Antibiotics should be given any way. It is most likely due to EBV. The correct answer is b??????
621 A. B. C. D.	The correct answer is c 1) Child was presented by congested throat, coryza, high grade fever, which confollowing is true regarding this condition: Viral > bacterial. Bacterial > viral. Antibiotics should be given any way. It is most likely due to EBV. The correct answer is b?????? 2) Benign tumors of stomach represent almost: 7% 21% 50%
621 A. B. C. D.	The correct answer is c C) Child was presented by congested throat , coryza , high grade fever , which of following is true regarding this condition : Viral > bacterial . Bacterial > viral . Antibiotics should be given any way . It is most likely due to EBV . The correct answer is b ?????? P) Benign tumors of stomach represent almost : 7 % 21 %

В.	Nephrotic syndrome .
C.	Blood group O . Antiphospholipid syndrome .
υ.	Antiphospholipid syndrome.
	The correct answer is d
624	l) Elderly male patient was presented by left lower abdomen tenderness ,
02-	elevated WBC count, what is the most likely diagnosis:
Α.	Inflammatory bowel .
	Diverticulitis .
	The correct answer is b
	s) 22 years old male patient was presented by recurrent attacks of diarrhe
	i) 22 years old male patient was presented by recurrent attacks of diarrhe constipation, and abdominal pain relieved after defecation, but no bloostool, no weight loss: what is the diagnosis:
<mark>A.</mark>	i) 22 years old male patient was presented by recurrent attacks of diarrhe constipation , and abdominal pain relieved after defecation , but no blo stool , no weight loss : what is the diagnosis : Irritable bowel Syndrome
<mark>A.</mark> 626 A.	5) 22 years old male patient was presented by recurrent attacks of diarrhe constipation , and abdominal pain relieved after defecation , but no bloc stool , no weight loss : what is the diagnosis : Irritable bowel Syndrome 5) Patient was presented by back pain relieved by ambulation , what is the initial treatment : Steroid injection in the back .
A. 62€ A. B.	is) 22 years old male patient was presented by recurrent attacks of diarrhe constipation, and abdominal pain relieved after defecation, but no bloostool, no weight loss: what is the diagnosis: Irritable bowel Syndrome i) Patient was presented by back pain relieved by ambulation, what is the initial treatment: Steroid injection in the back. Back bracing.
626 A. B.	5) 22 years old male patient was presented by recurrent attacks of diarrhe constipation , and abdominal pain relieved after defecation , but no block stool , no weight loss : what is the diagnosis : Irritable bowel Syndrome S) Patient was presented by back pain relieved by ambulation , what is the initial treatment : Steroid injection in the back .

627) Patient with long history of constipation presented by painful defecation , followed by bleeding , pain persist for hours after defecation what is the diagnosis .

:

- A. Anal fissure. B. Thrombosed external piles. C. Internal hemorrhoid. The correct answer is a 628) Elderly male patient underwent colectomy for colon cancer in which micrometastais was detected in the lymph nodes, what is the best explaniation: A. Good prognosis. B. Liver metastasis. C. It is sensitive to chemotherapy. (Dukes class C cancer best for chemotherapy) D. It is locally advanced. The correct answer is c 629) IV drug abuser was presented by fever, arthralgia, conjunctival hemorrhage, what is the diagnosis: A. Bacterial endocarditis. 630) Female patient was presented by dysurea, epithelial cells were seen urine analysis, what is the explanation in this case: A. Contamination. B. Renal cause The correct answer is b
 - 631) Patient was presented by tremor, fever, palpitation, diagnosed as case of hyperthyroidism, what is your initial treatment:
 - A. Surgery.
 - B. Radio iodine.
 - C. Beta blockers . Propylthioracil .

<u>The correct answer is c</u>, firstly B-blocker then Prophylthiouracil because we are afraid of arrhythmias

^	menarche was 2 years back , what is your initial treatment :
A. B.	OCP . NSAID .
D.	isonio.
	The correct answer is b , NSAID it is the best initial treatment for dysmenorrhe
633) Female is planning to get pregnant , she want to get MMR vaccine also , wha
	your action :
A.	Delay the pregnancy 2-3 months after vaccination .
В.	It is safe during pregnancy .
	The correct answer is a
	The correct answer is a
634) Which of the following is true regarding varicella vaccine during breast feedi
A.	<u>It is safe</u> .
В.	No breast feeding except after 3 days of the immunization .
	Couldn't find the answer
635) Patient underwent abdominal surgery due to intestinal perforation many year
	back, presented by abdominal pain, distension, constipation, what is the b
	investigation in this case:
A.	Barium enema .
В.	Ultrasound .
C.	Small bowel barium study .
	The correct answer is c
636) True negative test is best described as following :
A.	Not suspected to have the disease who actually do not have .
637	Patient with AMI and multiple PVC , is your treatment for this arrhythmia :
A.	Amiadrone .

	Adenosine dose should be reduced in which of the following cases :
	Chronic renal failure
В.	Patients on thiophyline .
	The correct answer is a
639) Which the following is the commonest complication of patient with chronic at
	fibrillation :
	Sudden death .
B.	Cerebra vascular accidents .
	The correct answer is b, due to multiple atrial thrombi
640) Which of the following is most likely seen in case of active glomerlonephritis :
Α.	RBC casts .
641	RBC casts .) Target HbA1c is less than:
641 A.	RBC casts .) Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5
641	RBC casts .) Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8
641 <mark>A.</mark> B.	RBC casts .) Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8
641 <mark>A.</mark> B. C.	RBC casts .) Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9
641 <mark>A.</mark> B. C.	RBC casts .) Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9 The correct answer is a
641 A. B. C.	RBC casts . () Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9 The correct answer is a 2) Female patient with candida most likely has :
641 A. B. C.	RBC casts . () Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9 The correct answer is a 2) Female patient with candida most likely has : DM .
641 A. B. C. 642 A. B.	RBC casts . () Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9 The correct answer is a 2) Female patient with candida most likely has : DM . SLE . The correct answer is a
641 A. B. C. 642 A. B.	PRBC casts . () Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9 The correct answer is a () Female patient with candida most likely has : DM . SLE . The correct answer is a
641 A. B. C. 642 A. B.	RBC casts . () Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9 The correct answer is a 2) Female patient with candida most likely has : DM . SLE . The correct answer is a
641 A. B. C. 642 A. B.	RBC casts . () Target HbA1c is less than : 6.5 8 9 The correct answer is a () Female patient with candida most likely has : DM . SLE . The correct answer is a () Which of the following indicates good prognosis in schizophrenia : Family history of schizophrenia . Gradual onset .

	E.	No precipitating factors .
		The correct answer is d
••••••	644) Pregnant woman with suspected DVT , what is the best initial investigations :
	A.	Duplex US .
	В.	D dimer .
	C.	Platysomgraphy .
	D.	Venogram.
		The correct answer is a
•••••		
	645) Which of the following is true regarding crohns disease :
	Α.	
		Fistula formation .
		Continuous area of inflammation .
	D.	Mainly involve the recto sigmoid area .
		The correct answer is b
	646) Patient serology showed antibodies to the surface antigen for hepatitis B, what is
	0.0	your diagnosis :
	A.	· · · ·
	B.	Chronic carrier .
	C.	Highly infective .
		The correct answer is a
	647	Young male patient presented by acute scrotal pain, US showed reduced blood
	J-7	flow, what is the diagnosis:
	A.	Testicular torsion .
	B.	Trauma .

- C. Infection.
- D. Hernia.

The correct answer is a

648) Female patient is sure that she is pregnant for 2 months, on examination, the uterus is larger than suspected, B-hcg is very high, the doctor diagnosed her as having tumor which is chemo sensitive, what is the diagnosis:

- A. Ovarian cancer
- B. Endometrial cancer.
- C. Gestational trophoblastic .

The correct answer is c

.....

649) Which of the following is true regarding infertility:

- A. It is Failure to conceive withing 6 months. (1 year)
- B. Male factor > female factors . (the reverse)
- C. It could be due to high prolactin levels.
- D. Rare to be due anovulotion . (common)
- E. Only diagnosed by HSG. (need full lab & imaging investigations)

The correct answer is c

650) 32 years old female patient presented by irregular menses , menses occurs every two months , on examination every thing is normal , which of the following is the LEAST important test to ask about first :

- A. CBC.
- B. Pelvic US.
- C. Coagulation profile.
- D. DHES.

The correct answer is c

651) Patient with early rheumatoid arthritis, what is your management to decrease the limitation of movement:

	<u>hydroxychloroquine</u>
652)	Patient with truncal obesity , easy bruising , hypertension , buffalo hump , wh
A.	Cushing.
653)	Patient is known case of cervical spondylolysis, presented by parasthesis of t little finger, with atrophy of the hypothenar muscles, EMG showed cubital tunnel compression of the ulnar nerve, what is your action now:
A.	Ulnar nerve decompression .
B.	Steroid injection .
C.	CT scan of the spine .
	The correct answer is a
654)	Well known case of SCD presented by plueritic chest pain , fever , tachypnea
654)	Well known case of SCD presented by plueritic chest pain , fever , tachypnea respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis :
	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis :
Α.	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis : Acute chest syndrome . Pericarditis :
A. B.	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis : Acute chest syndrome . Pericarditis :
A. B.	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis : Acute chest syndrome . Pericarditis : VOC .
A. B. C.	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis : Acute chest syndrome . Pericarditis : VOC .
A. B. C.	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis : Acute chest syndrome . Pericarditis : VOC . The correct answer is a _, or pneumonia would be more correct if it was the answer is a
A. B. C.	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis : Acute chest syndrome . Pericarditis : VOC . The correct answer is a _, or pneumonia would be more correct if it was the answer is a Child with hemangioma around the eye , operation should be done within
A. B. C. 655; A. B.	respiratory rate was 30 , oxygen saturation is 90 % what is the diagnosis: Acute chest syndrome. Pericarditis: VOC. The correct answer is a _, or pneumonia would be more correct if it was the answer is a Child with hemangioma around the eye , operation should be done within 1 Week

656	s) Which of the following is the recommended diet to prevent IHD :
	Decrease the intake of meat and dairy .
	Decrease the meat and bread .
C.	Increase the intake of fruit and vegetables.
???	?
<u>The</u>	e correct answer is c
657) Which of the following can lead to polyhydrmnios :
A.	Duodenal atresia.
B.	Renal agenesis . → Oligohydramnios
C.	Post term pregnancy . →Oligohydramnios
D.	Diabetes inspidious .
The	e correct answer is a
1110	. correct answer is a
	3) Adult polycystic kidney disease is inherited as:
	Autosomal dominant.
	Autosomal recessive . X linked .
C.	A IIIIREU .
	The correct answer is a
659))The best treatment for bacteroid :
	Clindamycin.
	Clingamycin .
١.	

- 660) You have an appointment with your patient at 10 am who is newly diagnosed DM , you came late at 11 am because you have another complicated patient , what are you going to say to control his anger :
- A. Do not say any thing.
- B. Told him that there is another patient who really need your help.

Q not complete, but may be The correct answer is b

- 661) Well known case of DM was presented to the ER with drowsiness, in the investigations: Blood sugar = 400 mg/dl, pH = 7.05, what is your management?
- A. 10 units insulin + 400 cc of dextrose.
- B. 0.1 unit/kg of insulin, subcutaneous.
- C. NaHCO.
- D. One liter of normal saline.

The correct answer is d

.....

- 662) What is the best method for history taking:
 - A. Yes or no questions.
 - B. Open ended.
 - C. Silent listening.

The correct answer is b

663) What you will give to prevent hemorrhagic disease of newborns:

A. Vitamin K.

664) Arterial injury is characterized by:

- A. Dark in color and steady.
- B. Dark in color and spurting.
- C. Bright red and steady.
- D. Bright red and spurting.

The correct answer is d

665) 14 years old girl complaining of painless vaginal bleeding for 2-4 days every 3Weeks to 2 months ranging from spotting to 2 packs per day; she had 2ry sexual

ccc 1 year ago and had her menstruation since 6 months on clinical examination she is normal sexual ccc, normal pelvic exam appropriate action

- a. OCP can be used
- b. You should ask for FSH and prolactin level
- c. Don't do anything & explain this is normal

the correct answer is c

666) 4 years old child what can he do

- a. Copy square and triangle
- b. Speak in sentences

stand how old is he

the correct answer is a , if copy square 4 years , but if copu circle 3 years

- 667) baby can sit without support, walk by holding fourniture, Pincer grasp, pull to
 - a. 8 months
 - b. 10 months
 - c. . 12 month
 - d. 18 month

The correct answer is b

- 668) Patient came after deep laceration at the anterior part of the wrist:
 - a. Wrist drop
 - b. Sensory loss only
 - c. Claw hand
 - d. Unable to do thumb opposition

The correct answer is d

- 1- **Radial nerve injury**: wrist drop, common with humers injury (humers groove)
- 2- Unlar nerve injury: claw hand, common with elbow injury
- 3- Median nerve inury :unable to do thumb opposition, common with wrist injury

669) Best way to diagnose post streptococcus glomerulonephritis (spot diagnosis):

	?or RBC casts
c)	?
<u>Th</u>	e correct answer is a (I'm not sure)
W	ith these MCQs , I think the correct answer is a , but most sensitive in dia
ро	st streptococcus glomerulonephritis is <u>increase ASO titer</u> : lumpy-bumb
im	munofluorescence. or (streptozyme test, which tests antibodies to ASC
AS	O titer written with MCQs , it is correct answer .
	OPD patient with emphysema has low oxygen prolonged chronic high CC spiratory drive is maintained in this patient by:
	Hypoxemia
	Hypercapnemia
	Patient effort voluntary
d.	?
TL	a compatible of the pateurs \
<u> 111</u>	e correct answer is a (I'm not sure)
671) Ch	ild with ear pain with positive pump test for tympanic membrane, trea
	a. Maryngiotomy
	b. Amoxicillin/Potassium
	?
	The correct answer is a
c=0\	
-	tient has fatigue while walking last night. He is on atrovastatin for 8 mg
-	profluxacin, Dialtizem and alphaco the cause of this fatigue is:
-	orofluxacin, Dialtizem and alphaco the cause of this fatigue is: a. Dialtizem and Atrovastatin
-	orofluxacin, Dialtizem and alphaco the cause of this fatigue is: a. Dialtizem and Atrovastatin b. Atrovastatin and Ciprovluxacin
-	orofluxacin, Dialtizem and alphaco the cause of this fatigue is: a. Dialtizem and Atrovastatin b. Atrovastatin and Ciprovluxacin c. Atrovastatin and Alphaco
•	orofluxacin, Dialtizem and alphaco the cause of this fatigue is: a. Dialtizem and Atrovastatin b. Atrovastatin and Ciprovluxacin
•	orofluxacin, Dialtizem and alphaco the cause of this fatigue is: a. Dialtizem and Atrovastatin b. Atrovastatin and Ciprovluxacin c. Atrovastatin and Alphaco
Cip	brofluxacin, Dialtizem and alphaco the cause of this fatigue is: a. Dialtizem and Atrovastatin b. Atrovastatin and Ciprovluxacin c. Atrovastatin and Alphaco d. ?

	The control of the co
	The correct answer is a
	1- TPA: administered within 3h of symptoms onset (if no contraindic2- ASA: use with 48h of ischemic stroke to reduce risk of death.
	3- Calopidogril: can be use in acute ischemic
	4- Heparin & other anticoagulant : in patient has high risk of DVT or A
674)	Patient with lateral and vertical diplobia, he can't abduct both eyes, the
_	nerve is:
	a) II
	b)
	c) VI d) V
	α, .
	I think this is diplopa because nerve 4, but with this Q I choose c
	Infant with heamangioma on forehead obscuring the vision, best thing to remove the lesion to avoid amblyobia, after:
	remove the lesion to avoid amblyobia, after: a) One day
	remove the lesion to avoid amblyobia, after: a) One day b) One week
	remove the lesion to avoid amblyobia, after: a) One day b) One week c) One month
	remove the lesion to avoid amblyobia, after: a) One day b) One week c) One month d) 6 months
	remove the lesion to avoid amblyobia, after: a) One day b) One week c) One month

c) Antibiotic d) ? The correct answer is b
The correct answer is b
and the second s
ost common medical problems faced in primary health care is: a) Coryza
b) UTI
c) Hypertension
d) Diabetes
a, Diabetes
The correct answer is a
l lady afraid of Osteoprosis, to avoid the risk, you should advise her to do
a) Weight bearing exercise
b) ?
c) ?
d) ?
Q is not complete.
ese lady with essential hypertension, lab work showed: high Na, High K,
ese lady with essential hypertension, lab work showed. high Na, high K,
a) Obesity
b) High Na intake
c) High K intake
d) ?
The correct answer is a , more than 85% of essential hypertension with
> 25 .

b) ?
С	· ?
d) ?
_	
6	81) Single thyroid nodule showed high iodine uptake, best treatment is:
	a) Radio Iodine 131
	b) Send home
	c) Antithyriod medication
	d) Excision if present
	The correct answer is c
6	82) Athletic with tina pedis best treatment is:
	a) Topical antifungal
	b) Systemic antifungal
	c) Drug starts with trebenafine
	d) ?
	The correct answer is a
6	83) Young patient with congested nose, sinus pressure, tenderness and green nasal
	discharge, has been treated three times with broad spectrum antibiotics
	previously, what is your action?
	a) Give antibiotic
	b) Nasal corticosteroid
	c) Give anti histamine
	d) Decongestant
	The correct answer is b
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
6	84) Thyrotoxicosis include all of the following, Except:
	a) Neuropathy
	b) Hyperglycemia
	c) Peripheral Proximal myopathy
	d)
	- <i>I</i>

	Q is not complete, all MCQs are wrong, may be choice d is correct if mention.
685	5) Male patient has hair loss started as fronto-temporal and moving toward the vertex (top of the head) the diagnosis is: a) Androgenic alopecia b) Tinea Captus c) ? d) ?
	The correct answer is a
686	6) Young healthy male has abdominal pain after basketball. Examination fine except for Left paraumbilical tenderness, what to do: a) Abdominal US b) Flat plate graph c) Send home & reassess within 48 hours d) ?
	The correct answer is c (I'm not sure) , confuse with choice a
687 a) b)	7)10 year-old boy withto tell that spinal cord length will stop after: ? ? Length stop at L1 \ L2
688	B) Child with atopic dermatitis at night has stridor plus barking cough on and off from time to time, diagnosis is: a) BA b) Croup c) Spasmadic Croup d) ?
	The correct answer is c Spasmadic croup: recurrent sudden upper airway obstruction which present as sridor and cough. approximately 50% of children have atopic disease.

689) Sick	le cell anemia patient presented with asymptomatic unilateral hip pain, most
	y diagnosis is:
а) Septic arthritis
b	Avascular Necrosis
С) ?
Ι	he correct answer is b
	drug to treat depression in children and adolescent is:
	<mark>) Fluxetine (Prozac)</mark>) ?
ring <mark>a</mark> b c d	male with neck stiffness, numbness and parasthesia in the little finger and finger and positive raised hand test, diagnosis is:) Thoracic outlet syndrome) Impingement syndrome) Ulnar artery thrombosis) Do CT scan for Cervical spine The correct answer is a ent diagnosed with obstructive jaundice best to diagnose common bile duct
	ruction:
a	<mark>) ERCP</mark>
b) US
С) ?
Ī	<u>'he correct answer is a</u>
693) Fndd	ometriosis best diagnosed by
) US
) Laproscopy
) Lapratomy
) ?
<u>T</u>	he correct answer is b

	Child was sick 5 days ago culture taken showed positive for meningococcal. Patient now at home and asymptomatic your action will be: a) Rifampicin b) IM Ceftrixone c) ? d) ? Q not complete (i.m ceftriaxon single dose or oral rifampicin 2-5 days)
	nfant with bright blood, black stool and foul smelling stool. Best way to know t diagnosis:
•	a) US
	b) Radio Isotop scan
	c) Angiogram
	d) ?
	All MCQs are wrong , if stool analysis is present , it is correct.
696)	Primary hyperaldosteronism associated with:
696)	a) Hypernatremia
696)	a) Hypernatremia b) Hypomagnesemia
696)	a) Hypernatremia
	a) Hypernatremiab) Hypomagnesemiac) Hypokalemia
	a) Hypernatremia b) Hypomagnesemia c) Hypokalemia d) Hyperkalemia The correct answer is c
:	a) Hypernatremia b) Hypomagnesemia c) Hypokalemia d) Hyperkalemia The correct answer is c A vaccination for pregnant lad with DT
:	a) Hypernatremia b) Hypomagnesemia c) Hypokalemia d) Hyperkalemia The correct answer is c A vaccination for pregnant lad with DT a) Give vaccine and delivery within 24 hrs
	a) Hypernatremia b) Hypomagnesemia c) Hypokalemia d) Hyperkalemia The correct answer is c A vaccination for pregnant lad with DT
	a) Hypernatremia b) Hypomagnesemia c) Hypokalemia d) Hyperkalemia The correct answer is c A vaccination for pregnant lad with DT a) Give vaccine and delivery within 24 hrs b) Contraindicated in pregnancy

698	A study done to assess the risk of long taking Ca in two groups the diseased grou with long Ca plus control according to geographical location, site, and population
	It adds (??) this type of study:
	a) Cohort
	b) Case Control (retrospective)
	c) Correlation study
	d) ?
	The correct answer is a
	Cross-Sectional Study:
	status of individual with respect to presence and absence of both exposure and disease assessed at one point in time
	case control study (retrospective) :
	samples a group of people who already have a particular outcome (cases) and compares them to a similar sample group without that outcome (controls)
	cohort study: (prospective, incidence, longitudinal) _subjects are sampled and as a group are classified on the basis of presence or absence of exposure to a particular risk factor
a)	? "The study of the distribution and determinants of disease prevalence in man"
700) Case Control description
a)	Start with the outcome the FU risk factors
b)	?
701	.) Using gastric lavage :
, 0.	a) Useless after 8 hours of ASA ingestion
	b) No benefit after 6 hours of TCA ingestion
	c) ?
	The correct answer is a
702	2) 10 years old child with rheumatic fever treated early, no cardiac complication.
	Best to advice the family to continue prophylaxis for:
	a) 1 month
	b) 3 ys
	c) 4 ys
	d) 15 vs

The correct answer is d (I'm not sure, if there is 11 years choose it)

American heart associated has recommended all patient with history rheumatic fever be placed on longe term penicillin prophylaxic. Duration of prophylaxis depends on presence or absent of carditis, but for children without carditis, duration minimum 5 years or at age 21, whichever is longer.

703) Picture of large neck mass only no other manifestations or organomegaly or lymphadenopathy, diagnosis is:

- a) Mononucleosis
- b) I would say Goiter
- c) ?
- d) Lymphoma

The correct answer is b

.....

704) Patient with nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea developed postural hypotension.

Fluid deficit is:

- a) Intracellular
- b) Extracellular
- c) Interstitial

The correct answer is b

.....

705) C	ardiac syncope:
	a) Gradual onset
	b) Fast recovery
	c) Neurological sequence after
	d) ?
706) B	est way to decrease pain in elderly with bilateral knee pain and crepitation is:
	a) NSAID
	b) Decrease weight
	c) Exercise
	d) ?
	The correct answer is b , (I'm not sure)
	oung female with whitish grey vaginal discharge KOH test ?? smell fish like liagnosis is: a) Gonorrhea b) Bacterial Vaginosis c) Trachomanous Vaginalis d) ? The correct answer is b
708) C	Old lady with osteoporosis asked for treatment for prevention:
	a) VIT. D
	b) VIT. E c) Retonic Acid
	d) ?
	- / ·
	The correct answer is a

•	709) Young male with morning stiffness at back relieved with activity and uveitis: a) Ankylosing Spondylitis	
	b) ?	
•	710)Best way to prevent infection in medical practice in pediatric	
	a) Wear gloves	
	<mark>b) Wash hand</mark>	
	c) Wear mask	
	d) Wear gown	
	The correct answer is b	
•	711) High risk for developing colon cancer in young male is:	
;	a) Smoking, high alcohol intake, low fat diet	
1	b) Smoking, low alcohol intake, high fat diet	
	c) Red meat diet, garden's disease (Gardner syndrome)	
(d) Inactivity, smoking	
	The correct answer is c	
	712) Alternative therapy for severe depression and resistance to anti-depressant	
	medications are:	
	a) SSRI	
	b) TCA	
	c) ECT	
	0 / 20.	
	The correct answer is c	
	713) Patient had history of pancreatic cancer on chemotherapy then improved	
	completely, came to doctor concerning about recurrence of cancer and a history	
	of many hospital visits. This patient has:	
	a) Malingering	
	b) Hypochondriasis	
	c) Factitious	
	d) Conversion	
	The correct answer is b	

714) F	Patient came with neck swelling, ,moves when patient protrude his tongue.
	Diagnosis is:
	a) Goiter
	b) Tyroglossus Cyst
	c) Cystic Hygroma
	d) ?
	The correct answer is b
	Pregnant patient came with neck swelling and multiple nodular non-tender
t	he next evaluation is:
	a) Thyroid biopsy
	b) Give anti-thyroid medication
	c) Radiation Iodine
	d) TSH & Free T4, or just follow up
	The correct answer is d
t	Young patient with HTN came complaining of high blood pressure and red, render, swollen big left toe, tender swollen foot and tender whole left leg. Diagnosis is:
_	a) Cellulitis
	b) Vasculitis
	c) Gout Arthritis
	d) ??
	The correct answer is a , because tender and swollen whole left leg.
717)\	What is the injection that is routinely given to newborn to inhibit hemorrha
	a) Vit. K
	b) Vit. C
	c) Vit. D
	d) Vit. E
	The correct answer is a

	a) Folic Acid. b) Vit. C
	c) Vit. K or A
	d) Vit. E
	The correct answer is a (folaic acid and vit. C both are prevent colon cance folat reduce risk in people who genic predisposing)
	9) Patient with asthma, well controlled by albutarol, came complaining of asth symptoms not respond to albutarol, what medication could be added:
a) b)	Corticosteroid inhaler Long acting B-agonist
c)	Oral corticosteroid
d)	Theophyline
	The correct answer is a
720)) Henosch-Scholen purpura affect:
	a) Capillary
	b) Capillary and venule
	c) Arteriole, capillary and venule
	d) Artery to vein
	The correct answer is c
72:	L) Contraceptive pill that contain estrogen increase risk of:
	a) Breast Ca
	b) Ovary Ca
	c) Cervical Ca
	d) ?

722) Patient came with upper respiratory tract infection with red conjunctiva, the
cause is:
a) Viral infection
b) Bacterial infection
c) Fungal infection
d) ?
The correct answer is a
723) Healthy patient with family history of DM type 2, the most factor that increase
chance of DM are:
a) HTN and Obesity
b) Smoking and Obesity
c) Pregnancy and HTN
d) Pregnancy and Smoking
The correct answer is a
 724) Patient complaining of back pain and hypersensitive skin of the back, on examination, patient had rashes in the back, tender, red base distributed as blunt shape on the back, diagnosis is: a) Herpes Zoster
b) CMV
c) ?
d) ?
The correct answer is a (q not complete)
 725) Old patient complaining of hematuria, on investigation, patient has bladder calculi, most common causative organism is: a) Schistosoma b) CMV c) ? virus d) ? virus
The correct answer is a

726	6) Blood culture show gram negative rod shape that grow only on charcoal free			
	fungal organism is:			
a)	Staph. Aureus			
b)	Chlamydia			
c)	Klebsiella			
d)	Mycoplasma			
All	above are wrong , <u>legionella</u> : grame negative rod growth on charcoal agar			
727	7) Klebesilla feacalis cause the following disease:			
a)	Pneumonia			
b)	?			
c)	?			
d)	?			
Ent	rerococcus faecalis → Cause Gastroenteritis			
728	B) Dermatomyositis came with the following symptoms: a) Proximal muscle weakness b) Proximal muscle tenderness			
	c) ?			
	d) ?			
	The correct answer is a			
729	9) Bursitis of the elbow joint caused by:			
	a) Elbow trauma			
	b) Autoimmune disease			
	c) Staph. Aureus			
	d) ? rupture of bursa			
	The correct answer is a			

730) Patient came with symptoms of anxiety including palpitation, agitation, and worry. The first best line for treatment is:

- a) SSRI
- b) TCA
- c) B-blocker
- d) MAOI

<u>The correct answer is a , I'm not sure</u>

<u>May be the correct answer is b because there is agitation (also, side effect of SSRI)</u>

.....

731) Pregnant diagnosed with UTI. The safest antibiotic is:

- a) Ciprofloxacin
- b) Ampiciln
- c) Tetracycline
- d) ?

With these MCQs , the correct answer is \underline{b} , but if present **nitrofurantion** is more accurate answer . UTI in pregnancy treated by : **nitrofurantion or cephalosporine** (3–7 days) in symptomatic or asymptomatic UTI . avoid fluroroquinolone (which include : ciprofloxacin, gatifloxacine, levofloxacin, norfloxacin).

- 732) Patient is complaining of right side pharynx tenderness on examination patient had inflamed right tonsil and redness around tonsil with normal left tonsil. The diagnosis is:
 - a) Parenchymal tonsillitis
 - b) Quinse parapharyngeal abscess
 - c) ?
 - d)?

The correct answer is b

- 733) Patient came complaining of fever, night sweating, and hemoptysis with positive PPD test. Examination was normal, CXR shows infiltrate of left apical lung but in lateral X-ray showed nothing the repeated PPD test showed normal result diagnosis is:
 - a) Sarcoidosis
 - b) Reactivated TB
 - c) Mycoplasma infection
 - d) Viral infection

The correct answer is b

734) Femal patient came with lower abdominal pain, fever on exam patient has lower
abdominal tenderness and tender cervical fornix, the most appropriate way to
diagnose the problem is:
a) Laproscopy
b) Heterosalpingography
c) Abdominal CT
d) Radionuclar Study
The correct answer is a
735) The best non-medical therapy is proven to be of benefit for osteoarthritis is:
a) Muscle strength exercise
b) Give NSAID
c) Back slap
d) ?
The correct answer is a
736) Hematological disease occurs in children, treated with heparin and fresh frozen
plasma what is the disease:
a) Hemophilia A
b) Hemophilia B
c) Von-wille brand disease
d) DIC thrombosis
The correct answer is d
The correct answer is a
737) Child with URTI is complaining of bleeding from nose, gum and bruising the
diagnosis is:
a) Hemophilia A
b) ITT
c) ?
d) ?
The correct answer is b
1115 0011 000 0110 110 10 0

738) Patient came complaining of vague abdominal pain for 6 hours then shifted to	38) Patient came complaining of vague abdominal pain for 6 hours then shifted to				
right lower quadrant diagnosis is :					
a) Acute appendicitis					
b) Diverticulitis					
c) ?					
d) ?					
The correct answer is a					
739) Female patient is complaining of abdominal distension, fever and nausea abdominal x-ray showed (Ladder sign) management is: a) Colostomy	•				
b) Ileus treatment					
c) Rectal de-obstruction					
d) ?					
The correct answer is b (I'm not sure because Q IS NOT COMPLETE)					
740) The best stimulus for breast milk secretion is :					
a) Estrogen					
b) Breast feeding					
c) ?					
The correct answer is b					
741) Female patient did urine analysis shows epithelial cells in urine, it comes from:	•				
a) Vulva					
b) Cervix					
c) Urethra					
d) Ureter					
The correct answer is c					
742) All of the following are risk factors for heart disease except: a) High HDL b) Male	•				
~1 ····~-					

c) Obesity

The correct answer is a

.....

743) The most signs and symptoms of abruption of placenta is:

- a) Vaginal bleed
- b) Fetal distress
- c) Uterus pain and back pain
- d) Abnormal uterine contraction

The correct answer is a

744) Sign of severe hypokalemia is:

- a) P-wave absence
- b) Peak T-wave
- c) Wide QRS complex
- d) Seizure

The correct answer is d , (I'm not sure , may be choice e if mention , is corect) severe hypokalemia is defined as a level less than 2.5 mEq/L.

Severe hypokalemia is not linked with any symptoms, but may cause:

- 1- muscle
- 2- myalgia or muscle pain
- 3- disturbed heart rhythm including ectopy (disturbance of the electrical conduction system of the heart where beats arise from the wrong part of the heart muscle)
- 4- serious arrhythmias (electrical faster or slower than normal)
- 5- greater risk of hyponatremia (an electrolyte disturbance in humans when the sodium concentration in the plasma decreases below 135 mmol/L) with confusion and seizures

ECG changes in hypokalemia:

1-T-wave flattening

2-U-wave : (additional wave after the T wave) 3-ST – segment depression

ECG changes in hyperkalemia:

- 1- peak T wave
- 2- wide QRS (in severe case)
- 3- PR prolong (in severe case)
- 4- loss of P wave

745) Child came with his father and high BMI and look older than other children with same age, on exam child has >95th percentile of weight and tall, management is:

- a) Observe and appoint
- b) Life style change
- c) Give program to decrease the weight
- d) ?

The correct answer is a

746) Pregnant on 36th week came with 7 cm cervical width at 0 station. During birth, CTG shows late deceleration, management is:

- a) Give Oxytocin
- b) O2 and change mother position
- c) Give Mg sulfate
- d) ?

The correct answer is b

Type of deceleration	etiology	management
Early	Head compression from uterine contraction (normal)	No treatment
Late	Uteroplacenta insufficiency and fetal hypoxima	 Place patient on side Discontinue oxytocin. Correct any hypotension IV hydration. If decelerations are associated with tachysystole consider terbutaline 0.25 mg SC Administer O2 If late decelerations persist for more than 30 minutes despite the above maneuvers, fetal scalp

		 pH is indicated. Scalp pH > 7.25 is reassuring, pH 7.2-7.25 may be repeated in 30 minutes. Deliver for pH < 7.2 or minimal baseline variability with late or prolonged decelerations and inability to obtain fetal scalp pH
Variable	Umbilical cord compression	 Change position to where FHR pattern is most improved. Trendelenburg may be helpful. Discontinue oxytocin. Check for cord prolapse or imminent delivery by vaginal exam. Consider amnioinfusion Administer 100% O2

747) The way to determine the accuracy of occult blood test for 11,000 old patients is by measuring:

- a) Sensitivity
- b) Specificity
- c) Positive predictive value
- d) Negative predictive value

The correct answer is a

.....

748) Sickle cell patient, asymptomatic with history of recurrent gall-stones and recurrent crisis the management is:

- a) Cholecystectomy
- b) Hydroxyurea

The correct answer is a

.....

749) Patient came with HTN, KUB shows small left kidney, arteriography shows renal artery stenosis, what is the next investigation:

a) Renal biopsy

c) Renal barium	
d) Retrograde pyelography	
The correct answer is	
750)The way to differentiate between low iron level from iron deficiency aner	mia and
anemia of chronic disease is:	
a) Ferritin	
b) TIBC	
c) Serum Iron	
d) Serum Transferrin	
The correct answer is a	
 751) Patient came with hallucination and illusion the medication that should be is: a) Carbamezapin b) ? Haloperidol c) ? 	e given
Q not complete, but with this scenario and MCQs, the correct answer is	<u>s b</u>
752) As doctor if you see patient and you face difficulty to get accurate inform from him the best tactic to do it is: a) Ask direct question b) Ask open question c) Control way of discussion d) ?	ation
The correct answer is a	
753)(long question) patient came with MDD so during communication with pa you will find :	atient

b) Renal CT scan

- a) Hypomania
- b) Late morning awake
- c) Loss of eye contact
- d) ?

The correct answer is b

754) Child patient after swimming in pool came complaining of right ear tenderness on examination patient has external auditory canal redness, tender, and discharge the management is:

- a) Antibiotics drops
- b) Systemic antibiotics
- c) Steroid drops
- d)?

The correct answer is a

755) Child came with inflammation and infection of the ear the most complication is:

- a) Labrynthitis
- b) Meningitis
- c) Encephalitis
- d) Mastoiditis

The correct answer is d

756) Elderly patient complaining of urination during night and describe when he feel the bladder is full and need to wake up to urinate, he suddenly urinate on the bed this is:

- a) Urgency incontinence
- b) Urge incontinence
- c) Stress incontinence
- d) Flow incontinence

The correct answer is d

types Hx of urine loss mechanism treatment

total	Uncontrolled loss at all times and in all position	Loss of sphincter efficiency or abnormal connection b\w urinary tract and skin(fistula)	surgery
stress	After increase abdominal pressure (coughing, sneezing, lifting)	Urethral sphincter insufficiency due to laxity of pelvic floor musculature, common in multiparous women	Kegal exerciseand pessary surgery
urge	Strong, unexpected urge to void that is unrelated to position or activity	Detrusor hyperreflexia or sphincter dysfunction or neurologic disorder	Anticholinergic – medication or TCA : behavior training
overflow	Chronic urinary retention	Increase intravesical pressure that just exceed the outlet resistance , <u>allow small</u> amount of dribble out	Placement of urethra catheter, treat underlying causes

757) Newborn came with red-lump on left shoulder, it is:

- a) Hemangioma
- b) ?
- c) ?

Q is not complete

758) Child came to ophthalmology clinic did cover test, during eye cover, his left eye

move spontaneously to left, the most complication is:

- a) Strabismus
- b) Glaucoma
- c) Myobloma
- d) ?

The correct answer is a

.....

759) Newborn came with congenital hepatomegaly, high LFT, jaundice the most organism cause this symptoms is:

	b) Rubella
	c) HIV
	d) CMV
	The correct answer is d
760) G	ross motor assessment at age of 6 months to be asked is:
	a) Sitting without support
	b) Standing
	c) Role from prone to supine position
	d) Role from supine to prone position
	The correct answer is a
761) Fe	emale child came with precocious puberty the most cause is:
,	a) Idiopathic
	b) Adrenal tumor
	c) Brain tumor
	d) ? ovarian tumor
	The correct answer is a
/62) H	emorrhoid usually occurs in:
	a) Pregnancy and portal HTNb) ?
	c) ?
	d) ?
	u) :
	Q is not complete
	Most common causes of hemorrhoid: increase straining (constipation),
	portal HTN , increase abdominal pressure (chroming cough , pelvic tumor) ,
	obesity , pregnancy , smoking

a) Congenital TB

763) The immediate urgent referral of child that take

- a) 10 pills contraceptive
- b) 10 pills antibiotics?
- c) 75 mg?

?????

764) Most unwanted side effect of anti-cholinergic drugs is :

- a) Constipation
- b) ?
- c) ?

more than 50% of patients taking anticholinergic have side effects: dry mouth, blurry vision, constipation and urinary retention.

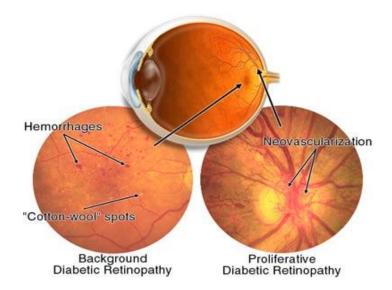
765) Patient with DM II with good vision, to prevent eye disease (Retinal back ground) to develop is to avoid:

- a) HTN, Smoking
- b) Obesity, Smoking
- c) HTN, Obesity
- d) ?

The correct answer is c

The risk factors that increase diabetic retinopathy background are:

- 1- HTN
- 2- Poor glucose control or long case D.M
- 3- Raised level of fat (cholesterol)
- 4- Renal disease
- 5- Pregnancy (but not in diabetes caused by pregnancy)



766) Best medication to be given for GDM (gestational) is:

- a) Insulin
- b) Metformin
- c) ?

The correct answer is a

767) A child is complaining of severe headache which is unilateral, throbbing and aggravated by light, diagnosis is:

- a) Migraine
- b) Cluster Headache
- c) Stress Headache
- d) ?

The correct answer is a

.....

768) The most important factor for smoker to quit is:

- a) Patient desire
- b) Give nicotine pills
- c) Give programmed plan
- d) Change life style

769) Datid	ent is complaining of irritation, tachycardia, night sweating, labs done s
	Normal, T4: High, diagnosis is:
) Grave's disease
) Secondary Hypothyriodism
	Hashimoto's thyroiditis
-) ?
	All MCQs are wrong, choice d may be correct if mention
	Normal TSH and increase T4: in thyroid tropin secretary pitutay aden
	thyroid resistance.
770\Tho	most active form is:
-	T4
) T3
) TSH
•) TRH
Ι	he correct answer is b
	dle age man found to have heaviness in his groin. On physical examinat
	e was swelling just above his testis which apparent with valsalva maner
	t is the diagnosis:
) Direct inguinal hernia
) Indirect inguinal hernia) Femoral Hernia
) Testicular mass) Hydrocele
	Varicocele
	varicoceie

772) Gardener has recurrent conjunctivitis. He can't avoid exposure to environment. In order to decrease the symptoms in the evening, GP should advise him to:

a) Cold compression

b) Eye irrigation with Vinegar So	lution
c) Contact lenses	
d) Antihistamines	
The correct answer is d	
773)48 year-old male complaining of lov	ver back pain with morning stiffness for 30
minutes only. On exam he was havi	ng spasm centrally on the lower back. What is
the appropriate management :	
a) Epidural steroids injection	
b) Back brace	
c) Facet lysis	
d) Physiotherapy	
The correct answer is d	
has no complaints except mild HTN	sical profile showed oligohydroamnios. She What is the appropriate management:
a) Wait	
b) Induce labor post 42 wks	
c) Induce labor	
d) Do biophysical profile twice v	veekly
The correct answer is c	
775) Full term wide pelvis lady, on delive	
deceleration, the most appropriate	management:
a) C/S	
b) Suction	
c) Forceps Deliveryd) Spontaneous Delivery	
d) Spontaneous Denvery	
The correct answer is c (I'm not s	ure)
776) Recent study revealed that anti psy	chotic meds cause the following complication:
a subjective	
a. wt gain b. alopecia	
c. cirrhosis	

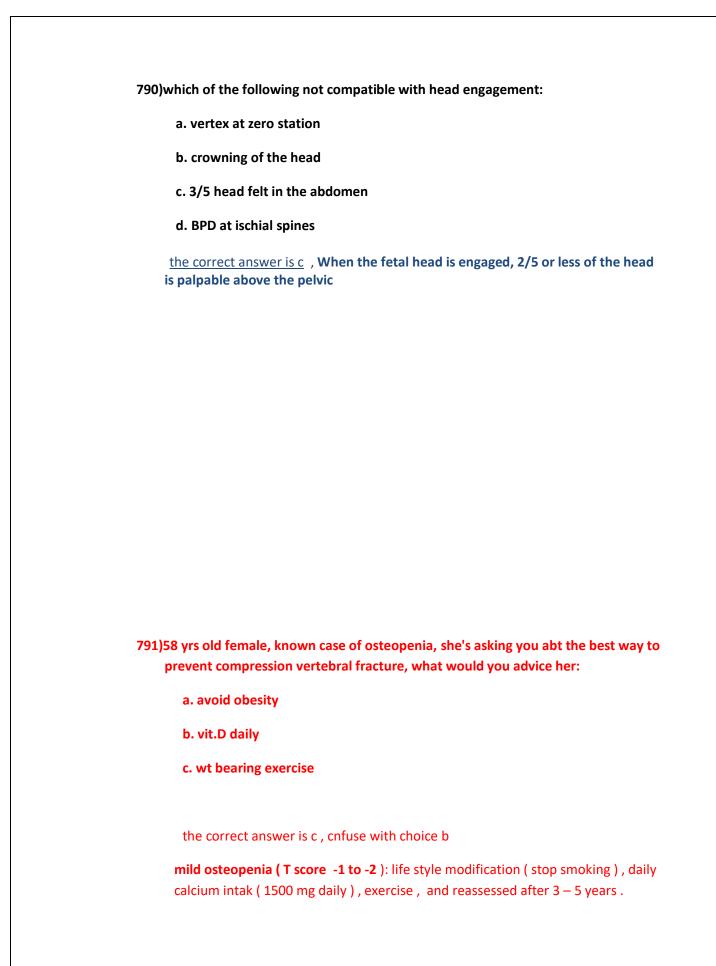
the correct answer is a 777) compilication of rapid correction of hypernatremia: a.brain edema in hypernatremia: gradually correction to prevent cerebral edema in hyponatremia: gradually correction to prevent, myelinolysis (include paraparesis \ quadriparesis , dysarthria and coma 778) prophylaxis of cholera: Cholera is an infection of the small intestine that is caused by the bacterium Vibrio cholerae. The main symptoms are profuse watery diarrhea (rice-watery diarrhea) vomiting and dehydration . infection by fecal-oral rout . treatment: 1- rehydration, 2-antibiotic: young & adult: doxcycline or tetracycline , for children: SMX-TMP, for pregnant: furazolidone. prphylaxis: good hygiene and sanitation and oral vaccine, in epidemic public: mass single dose of vaccine and tetracycline. 778) which one of the anti TB medications cause tinnitus, imbalance.. a. streptomycin b. isoniazide c. pyrizinamide the correct answer is a , sterptomycine : cause 8th nerve damage 779) the following combination drug should be avoided: a. levodopa & digoxin Q is not complete

78	0)young male had pharyngitis,then cough ,fever,most likely org
	a. staph aureus
	b. strept pneumonia
	the correct answer is b
78	1)most effective measure to prevent spread of infection among health care workers
	& pts in a nursery:
	a. wash hand befor and after examining each pt
	b. wear gown and gloves before entering the nursery
	c. wear shoe cover
	the correct answer is a
78	22) 27 yrs old female with perianal pain for 4 days tender erythematous fluctuating
	a. Abx
	b. local CS
	c . Sitz bath
	e. evac & drain
	the correct answer is e
7 8	3)female pt developed extreme from zoo,park, sporting events, the fear prevented
	her from going out:
	a. agoraphobia
	b. social phobia

c. schizophrenia
the correct answer is a , (agoraphopia : fear going out from the home)
784)child starts to smile:
a. at birth
b. 2month
c. 1month
The correct answer is b
785)child recognize 4 colors, 5 words, hops on one foot, consistent with which age:
a. 12 mons
b. 24 mons
c. 36 mons
d. 18 mons
the correct answer is c
786)pt with hx of 5 yrs HTN on thiazide, came to ER midnight screaming holding his Lt foot, o/e pt afebrile,Lt foot tender erythema, swollen big toe most tender and painful, no other joint involvement
a. cellulitis
b. gouty arthritis
c. septic arthritis
the correct answer is b
787)23 yrs old married for 3 mons, c/o not getting pregnant, they have intercourse 3-4 times/week, normal gynecologic hx, husband 25 yrs old healthy wt would you advice:
a. cont. trying

the correct answer is a
788)pt with AF what is the most common complication:
a. cerebrovascular events
b. v.tach
c. AMI
d. v.fib
the correct answer is a
789)case scenario: oral+genital ulcer +arthritis
a. behcet disease
b. syphilis
c.herpes simplex
the correct answer is a
790) 20 yrs old lady, pregnant, exposed to rubella virus since 3 days, never was vaccinated against rubella mumps or measles, what's the best thing to do:
a. give IG
b. vaccine
c. do nothing
d. terminate the pregnancy
the correct answer is c , only supportive . (100 % correct \circledcirc)

b. obtain sperm analysisc. study of tubes patency



severe osteopenia (T score -2 to -2.5) and osteoporosis (T score > 2.5): same mild pus pharmacological. 792) Mother complains of sharp pain on radial styloid when carrying her baby. The pain increase with extension of the thumb against resistance, Finkelstein test was positive, Dx: a. Osteoarthritis of radial styloid b. De Quervain Tenosynovitis the correct answer is b 793) 1st line in Trigeminal Neuralgia management: a. Carbamazepine 794) Contraindicated in acute glaucoma management: a. Pilocarpine b. Timolol **B-blockers, CA inhibitors, NSAID, Mannitol** d. ? All of MCQs can be use in acute glaucoma. may be choice d is correct if mention. 795) True about systolic hypertension: a. could be caused by mitral Regurg b. More serious than diastolic hypertension c. systolic>140 and diastolic <90 d. ? the correct answer is c 796) Pregnant 38GA, presented in labor, dilated cervix, station 42, late deceleration on

CTG, management:

a. continuo spontaneous labor

b.	Forcep delevary
c.	Vacuum Delevary
d.	cs
	The correct answer is a (I'm not sure)
797	7) Pt, febrile, tender prostate on PR:
	a-Acute Prostitis
798	3) Proven to prevent some cancers:
	a. Ca
	b. Folic Acid
	c. Vit.D
	the correct answer is c
799	P) Patient with cont. Murmur: a. PDA b. Coarctation of Aorta the correct answer is a
800	D) Old man, post OR, Complains of unilateral face swelling: a. Sjorjan syndrome b. Sarcoidosis c. Salivary gland tumor d. Salivary gland stone the correct answer is d
80:	L) At what level LP done: a. L2-L3 b. L3-L4

c. L5-S1 The correct answer is b 802) 2months old with scaling lesion on scalp and forehead, Dx: a. Seberrhoic Dermatitis b. Erythema multiforme the correct answer is a 803) Pt have high Blood Pressure on multible visits, so he was diagnosed with hypertension, what is the Pathophysiology: a. increased peripheral resistance b. increased salt and water retention the correct answer is a 804) 13 years old with hx of pneumonia and managed with abx 2 weeks back, now he came with diarrhea, abdominal pain, and +ve WBC in stool, the causative organism is: a. Clostridium dificile 805) Best Manag. Of Clost. Deficile is: a. Metronidazole b. Doxacycline the correct answer is a

806) Prophylaxis of arrhythmia post MI:

- a. Quinidine
- b. Quinine
- c. Lidocaine
- d. Procainamide

the correct answer is c , if b-blocker is present choose it

807) Chronic Diarrhea is a feature of:

a. HyperNatremia

	b. HyperCalcemia c. HypoMagnesemia d. Metabolic Alkalosis
	The correct answer is d
	808) Pt with have Polyuria and thirst, he had Hx of bipolar on lithium, Dx:
	a. Nephrogenic Diabetes Insipidus
	b. central Diabetes Insipidus
	the correct answer is a
••••	809) In city with population of 15000 people & 105 birth /yr , 4 are still birth ,3 die within months ,2 died before their 1 st birthday , with 750 p come out & 250 co
	in what is the birth mortality rate in this city:
	a. 4
	b. 6
	c. 8
	d. 9
	Q not complete (I did't finde any thing about bierth mortality rate)
	810) Female with recently inserted IUCD coming with watery brownish vaginal
	discharge & abdominal pain what is the most likely Dx:
	a. Uterine rupture
	b. Ovarian torsion
	c. Bacterial vaginosis
	d. Ectopic pregnancy
	, , ,

se	y/o male calling you complaining of fear from going outside & fear from eing the front door & don't sit in the room containing the front door what is ost likely Dx:
	Depression
	Agoraphobia
	Malingering
a.	Anti-social personality
<u>Th</u>	e correct answer is b
812)60	y/o male known to have (BPH) digital rectal examination shows soft prostate
wi	th multiple nodularity & no hard masses , the pt request for (PSA) for screening
	r prostatic ca what will you do :
	Sit with the pt to discuss the cons & rods in PSA test
	Do trans-rectal US because it is better than PSA in detection
C.	Do multiple biopsies for different sites to detect prostatic ca
d.	
<u>Th</u>	e correct answer is a
813) W	hat is the most effective ttt for rocasea :
a.	Clindamycine
	Erythromycin
C.	Topical steroids
d.	
Q	is not clear or not complete. (if mention tetracycline choose it)
er	chyromycin or topical clinamycine . for severe case : isotretinoin . surgical catment for rhinophyma .
814) 7 _Y	y/o child coming with SOB and wheezing he was sitting in bed , leaning forward yith drooling & strider what is Dx :
	-
	Epiglottits Bronchial asthma
_	
u-	··········
<u>Th</u>	e correct answer is a

815) 10 y/o child brought by his parents because they where concern about his weight , he eats a lot of fast food and French fries , your main concern to manage this pt

- a- His parents concerning about his weight
- b- His BMI > 33
- c- Family Hx of heart disease
- d- Eating habit (fast food, French fries)

816) What is an absolute contraindication of OCP:

- a. Hx of previous DVT
- b. Ovarian ca
- c. Breast ca
- d.

<u>The correct answer is a</u>, both hx of DVT and breast cancer are absolute contraindication, but in hx DVT is more accurate

817) OCP is proven to:

- a. Decrease ovarian ca
- b. Decrease endometrial ca
- c. Increase breast ca
- d. Increase risk of ectopic pregnancy

The correct answer is c

818) Baby born & discharge with his mother , 3weeks later he started to develop difficulty in breathing & become cyanotic what is most likely DX :

- a- VCD
- b- Hypoplastic It ventricle
- c- Coarctaion of aorta
- d- Subaortic hypertrophy

The correct answer is b

819	that I couldn't memorize) what is the appropriate nutrition :
a-	TPN
b-	Regular diet with low sugar
C-	High protein ,high ca , low sugar
d-	Naso-jujenal tube
 	The correct answer is d
820	1) 15 y/o boy brought by his mother with lab values shows microcytic hypochromic anemia what is most likely Dx:
	a- Thalassemia
	b- IDA (iron deficiency anemia)
	c- SCD
	d
	The correct answer is b
a- b-) Female with Hx of It flank pain radiating to groin , symptoms of UTI & N+V what is DX: Appendicitis Diverteculitis Renal colic
d-	The correct answer is c
822	2) Old pt with neck swelling, nodular, disfiguring, with Hx of muscle weakness, cold intolerance, hoarseness, what is your management:
	a- Levothyroxine
	b- Carbamazole
	c- Thyroid lobectomy
	d- Radio-active iodine
	The correct answer is a
 823	B) Pregnant woman with symptoms of hyperthyroidism , TSH low :
	a- Propylthyiouracil
	b- Radio-active iodine
	c- Partial thyroidectomy

d
The correct answer is a
824) Pt with thyroid mass , firm ,2x2 cm what is most appropriate for Dx :
a- Neck US
b- FNA
c- Neck CT
d- Surgery
The correct answer is b
825) 56 y/o female complaining of back pain , her mother suffer from vertebral
compression Fx, investigation shows early osteoporosis what is the best ttt:
a- Advice with exercise
b- Vit D , ca supplement ,
C
d
The correct answer is b
826) What is the most common non-traumatic Fx caused by osteoporosis:
a- Colle's Fx
b- Femoral Fx
c- Vertebral compression Fx
<u>The correct answer is c</u> , because most common non traumatic .
827)4 or 5 (not sure) brought by his parents with weight > 95 th percentile , height <
5 th percentile & bowing of both legs what is the appropriate management :
a- <u>Liver & thyroid function tests</u>
b- Lower limb X-ray
c- Pelvis X-ray
d- Thyroid or (liver not sure) function test
The correct answer is a
828) At which stage sapration of chromatoids occur:
a- Metaphase
b- Telophase

C-	
d-	

The correct answer is a

829) Elderly pt with DM2 , HTN , smoker , sedentary lifestyle , inestigation low HDL, high LDL , (المهم أن كل المآسي فيه) which of what will be effective in this pt :

- a- Level of HDL, smoking, obesity
- b- Triglyceride level,
- c-
- d-(all were long sorry)

MCQs are not complete.

830) pt known case of ulcerative colitis with erythematous rash in lower limb what is most likely DX:

a- erythema nodusum



- 831) Pt known to have ulcerative colitis coming with skin lesion around Tibia which is with irregular margins what is most likely Dx:
- a- Pyoderma gangirenosum





832) Young pt victim of RTA coming with SOB (or not breathing not sure) absent of
	breath sound & chest movement in RT side but resonance in percussion what is
	your next step:
	a- Do stat chest X-ray
	b- Emergency surgery
	C
	d
	Needle aspiration then chest tube
833) Psychiatric pt non-compliance to his medication what is the ttt :
	Given IM
b-	given IV
C-	oral
d-	oral
	Q is not complete
834) Which psychiatric disease is treated with electroconvulsive therapy : a- Paranoia
	b
	0
	The correct answer is: Major depression
835)Pt with bilateral eye discharge , watery , red eyes, corneal ulceration what is the
	most common cause :
	a- Dust & pollen
	b- Hypertension &
	c- Ultra-violet light & stress
	d
	The correct answer is a
836)4 y/o baby felt down his mother pulled him by his arm & since then he kept his
	arm in pronation position what is your management:
	a- Splint
	b- Do x-ray for the arm before any intervention
	c- Orthopedic surgery

	The correct answer is b
838	B) diabetic pt on medication found un conscious his blood suger was 60 what is most common to cause this problem:
	a- Sufonylurease
	b- Bigunides c
	C
	The correct answer is a
839	9) what is most sensitive indicator for factitious fever :
a-	Pulse rate
b-	
C-	
	Factitious fever: Fever produced artificially by a patient. This is done by artificial beating the thermometer or by self administered pyrogenic substances. An art
	fever may be suspected <u>if the pulse rate is much less than expected for the degored of fever noted</u> . This diagnosis should be considered in all patients in whom the
840	fever may be suspected <u>if the pulse rate is much less than expected for the degored of fever noted</u> . This diagnosis should be considered in all patients in whom the no other plausible explanation for the fever. Patients who pretend to have fever may have serious psychiatric problems.
840)) young male (I think he was a student) with headache involving the whole he
840	fever may be suspected if the pulse rate is much less than expected for the degon of fever noted. This diagnosis should be considered in all patients in whom the no other plausible explanation for the fever. Patients who pretend to have fever may have serious psychiatric problems. D) young male (I think he was a student) with headache involving the whole he & bilateral eye glob that increase with stress what is most likely DX:
840	fever may be suspected if the pulse rate is much less than expected for the degot of fever noted. This diagnosis should be considered in all patients in whom the no other plausible explanation for the fever. Patients who pretend to have fever may have serious psychiatric problems. D) young male (I think he was a student) with headache involving the whole he will be may have serious psychiatric problems.
840	fever may be suspected if the pulse rate is much less than expected for the degored of fever noted. This diagnosis should be considered in all patients in whom the no other plausible explanation for the fever. Patients who pretend to have fever may have serious psychiatric problems. D) young male (I think he was a student) with headache involving the whole he & bilateral eye glob that increase with stress what is most likely DX: a- Tension headache b- Migraine

	Bipolar Mania
	SCZ
d-	
<u>Th</u>	e correct answer is c
842) c	ommon site of anal fissure is :
a-	Anterior
b-	Posterior
	Lateral
d-	
<u>Th</u>	e correct answer is : b
843) co	ommon site of hernia sac in relation to the cord content :
a-	Antro-lateral
b-	Medial
C-	Anywhere
d-	Posterior
<u>Th</u>	e correct answer is a
944\	hat a 4 years child can do :
-	•
	Draw square & triangle
	Say complete sentence Tie his shoes
<u>T</u>	e correct answer is a
	ou received a call from a father how has a son diagnosed recently with DM-I

a. Bring him as soon as possible to ER

b. Call the ambulance

- c. Give him his usual dose of insulin
- d. Give him IM Glucagone
- e. Give him Sugar in Fluid per oral

The correct answer is e

.....

846) factor which determine recurrence of breast cancer:

- a- Site & size of breast mass
- b- No of lymph nodes
- c- Positive estrogen receptor
- d- Positive progesterone receptor

The correct answer is b

- 847) teacher in school presented with 3 days Hx of jaundice (they wrote it ictric as if it will a differacne) & abdominal pain , N+V , 4 of school student had the same illness in lab what is true regarding this pt :
 - a- Positive for hepatitis A IgG
 - b- Positive hepatitis A IgM
 - c- Positive hepatitis B core
 - d- Positive hepatitis B c anti-body

The correct answer is b

848) regarding weight gain in pregnancy what is true:

- a- Pregnant woman should consume an average calorie 300-500 per day
- b- Regardless her BMI or body weight she should gain from 1.5 3 lb which represent the baby's growth

c-

d-

Q is not complete

Weight gain during pregnancy:

- 100 300 Kcal / day, 500 Kcal / day in breastfeeding
- Wt. gain: 1 1.5 kg / month, 11 16 kg gain during pregnancy.

(for change from 1b to Kg: divided by 2.2)

849) what condition is an absolute contraindication of lactation :
a- Mother with open pulmonary TB for 3 month
b- Herpes zoster in T10 drematome
c- Asymptomatic HIV
d
The correct answer is c
850) what is most sensitive for DX of duodenal ulcer :
a- Epigasteric pain starting 30-60 min after the meal
b- Epigasteric pain staring immediately after a meal
c- Increasing of pain when lying supine
d- Pain radiating to the back
The correct answer is d
851) female at 40 yr with BMI >28 what is your management : a- Reduce calorie in take to 800 /day
b- In general reduce calorie intake
c d
α
Q is not complete, but with these MCQs , the correct answer is b
852) 70 y/o female say that she play puzzle but for a short period she can't play because as she develop headache when playing what u will exam for a. astigmatism
b. glaucoma
the correct answer is a
852) prophylaxis for meningitis ttt contact a. cimitidine b. rifampicin
the correct answer is b

65	3) rheumatic fever pt has streptococcal pharingitis risk to develop another attacka. trimesmore than normal
	b. 100%
	c. <mark>50%</mark>
	the correct answer is c
85	4)child with unilateral nasal obstruct with bad odor
	a. unilateral adenoid hypertrophy
	b. FB
	the correct answer is b
•••••	
85	5)PT. do colectomy for colon cancer routine follow up every
	a. 6 months
	b. 3 months
	c. 9 months
	d. 1 years
	the correct answer is d
85	6) for patient with osteoarthritis , what is your initial action :
	a. Intraarticular corticosteroid
	b. Quadriceps strengthening exercise
	c. Climb stairs exercise
	G. G
	The correct answer is b
85	7) 70-y old female patient with osteoporosis , what is her T score :
	a. (-2.5)
	b. (-1)

	•

d. (2)

The correct answer is a

858) diabetic patient , diagnosed 2 weeks back came to your clinic at scheduled appointment supposed to be at 10:00 AM but because you were having another complicated case , he had to wait for more than an hour , and he was extremely angry , what u will do :

a. be empathetic as this anger is mostly because of the new morbidity diagnosed at this patient

- b. you start your talk with him by saying "I was having a hard case "
- c. Don't say anything regarding being late unless he brings it up
- d. you star YOUR TALK WITH HIM BY SAYINH "you seem furious"

859) 1st step in epidemic study is:

a. verifying diagnosis

Q is not complete

860) Randomized control trials become stronger if:

- a. you follow more than 50% of those in the study
- b. systematic assignment predictability by participants

Q is not complete, but with these MCQs, the correct answer is b

861) child with multiple painful swellings on the dorsum of hands , feet , fingers and toes ,his CBC showed Hb =7,RBC's on peripheral smear are crescent shaped , what is your long-term care :

a. corticosteroids

	866) patient with hypertension, what is the best non-pharmacological method to					
lower the elevated blood pressure:						
a. weight reduction (correct)						
867) newly diagnosed patient with hyper tension	_					
most likely cause of his secondary hyperten	sion :					
a. hyperaldosteronism (correct)						
868) 50 year old patient , diagnosed with hypert	ension , he is used to drink one glass					
of wine every day, he is also used to get hig 30kg/m, what is the strongest risk factor fo	_					
a. wine						
b. high Na intake						
c. high K intake						
d. BMI=30						
the correct answer is d , (I'm not sure)						
869) all of the following tests are necessary to be	e done before initiating lithium					
except:						
a. liver function tests						
870) in dementia , best drug to use :						
a. haloperidol						
b. galantamine						
the correct answer is b						

	treatment of dementia is cholinesterase inhibitor (galantamine, donepezil, rivastigmine, and tracing)
871) most important point to predict a prognosis of SLE patient : ??
	a. degree of renal involvement
	b. sex of the patient
	c. leucocyte count
	the correct answer is a
872) what is the antibiotic that you will give if you will do appendectomy :
	a. doxycycline
	b. ceftriaxone
	c. metronidazole
	d. cefuroxime
	The correct answer is d
873) most common site for ectopic pregnancy :
	a. fallopian tubes
874)child with low grade fever , rash , pharingitis , and tender splenomegally , +ve EB\

875) best early sign to detect tension pneumothorax :
a. tracheal shift
b. ditended neck veins
c. hypotensionv
the correct answer is b , I'm not sure , I think tracheal shift is the late sign .
876) First sign of magnisium sulfate toxicity is : a. Loss of deep tendon reflex
877) Patient with mashroom toxicity will present with a. Constipation b <mark>. Hallucination</mark> c. Anhydrosis
the correct answer is b
878) Child ate overdose of iron , best immediate management a. Gastric lavage b. Induce vomiting manually c. Emetic drugs d. Ipecac
the correct answer is a
879) Status epilepticus is :
a. Continuous sizure activity more than 30 min without regaining consciousness

880) First si	gn of increased ICP is :
a. con	tralateral papillary dilatation
b. Ipsi	lateral papillary dilatation
c. Deci	rease level of consciousness
<u>t</u>	he correct answer is c
880) Patien	t with history of head trauma unable to move the fork to his mouth , where esion:
a	cerebellum
b	. frontal lobe
c.	temporal
<u>th</u>	e correct answer is a
881)Patient	t with lumbar canal stenosis, I forget the presentation, what is the ttt: Physiotherapy
-	Lumbar dicsectomy
υ.	Lambar diesectomy
	Q IS NOT COMPLETE
	Mild to moderate : NSAID + physiotherapy
	Advance : epidural corticosteroid
	Refractory : surgical laminectomy
882)Most c	ommon cause of otorrhia :
a.	Csf leak
b.	Acute otitis media
C.	Cerumen leak
	The correct answer is b
	ommon symptoem of acute otitis media :
_	Pain
b.	Discharge

c. Innitus
d. Vertigo
The correct answer is a
884) 12 yo boy is mocked at school because he is obese, ate a lot of pill to sleep and
never wake up again , best management is :
a. Refer to mental professional
b. Tell him that most kid grow out before they grow up
c. Advice healthy food
885)12 yo boy brought by his parent for routine evaluation, his is obese but otherwise
healthy, his parents want to measure his cholesterol level, what is the best
indicator of measuring this child cholesterol:
a. His parent desire
b. Family hx of early cva
c. High bmi
The course of a constant in h
The correct answer is b
886) Diabetic pt. have neovasclarization and vetrous hemorrhage, next step:
a. Refer to ophthalmologist
887) Histopatholgy of resected inflamed appendix will show:
a. Neutrophil in muscular wall

The correct answer is a

b. Lymphoid hyperplasia with multineucleated gaint cel

=	ild had bee bite presented after 18 hour with left arm erythema and itch Long scenario , what to do:
	Antihistaminic
	Oral steroid
c.	Subcutaneous epinephrine
	The correct answer is a
	man with urinary incontinence , plapable bladder after voiding , urgency se of incomplete voiding dx;
	a. Stress incontenece
ŀ	o. Overflow
C	c. Reflex
	The correct answer is b
890)Ttt c	of scabis :
á	a. Permethrin
	ure, hyperkeratotic, scaly lesion over the extensor surface of knee and e at to do to avoid exacerbation:
a. S	Steroid
	Avoid sun exposure
c. <i>A</i>	Avoid trauma
	The correct answer is a
892)Whi	ch is true about allopuranol :
	ch is true about allopuranol : Good if given during acute gout
а. С	-

d. Can be antagonize by salysilate

n	\sim	\sim	rrc	C+	าก	CIA	er	10	

893) man walking in street and saying bad words to stranger, he is not aware of his

conditiond , what is the description :

- a. flight of idea
- b. insertion of idea
- c. loosening of association

894) which of the following suggest that thyroid nodule is bengin rather that malignant:

- a. history of childhood head and neck radation
- b. hard consistency
- c. lemphadenopathy
- d. presense of multiple nodules

the correct answer is d

thyroid cancer: (cold and solid nodule)

895) child presented after sting bite with abd pain, arthalgia, lower extremity and buttock rash, normal RFT, +ve fecal occult stool, dx:

- a. HSP
- b. Lyme diases

The correct answer is a

.....

896) best indicator for labor progress is:

- a. frequency of contractions
- b. strength of contractions
- c. descent of the presenting part

the correct answer is c 897) lactating mother is taking Phenobarbital for sizure prophylaxsis, what to advice her: a. stop breast feeding immediately b. breast feed after taking the pill by 8 hour c. start weaning d. does not matter the correct answer is a 898) best single way to reduce high blood pressure is : a. smoke cessation b. decrease lipid level c. reduce weight the correct answer is c 899) drug of choice for supraventricular tachycardia is: a.adenosine

900) patient with blood group A had blood transfusion group B, the best statement that describe the result is:

- a. type IV hypersensitivity
- b. inflammatory reaction
- C.

The correct answer is: It is type 2 hypersensitivity

901) a nurse gave blood transfusion through CVP, 2 hours later the patient is comatose and unresponsive, dx:

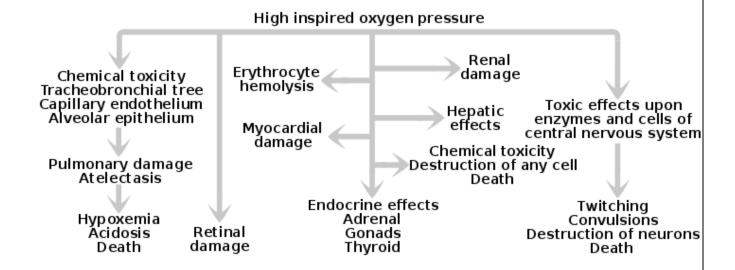
- a. Septic shock
- b. Blood group mismatch

The correct answer is a (I'm not sure)

902) 100% O2 given for prolonged periods can cause all except:

- a. Retrosternal Pain
- b. Seizures
- c. Depression
- d. Ocular Toxicity
- e. ???

The correct answer is c (I'm not sure because choice e is not mention)



903) Organophosphorus poisoning, what is the antidote?

- a. Atropine
- b. Physostigmine
- c. Neostigmine
- d. Pilocarpine
- e. Endrophonium

The correct answer is a

.....

904) Which of the following pulse character goes with the disease?

- a. Collapsing pulse → Severe anemia
- b. Pulsus Alternans → Premature ventricular complexes
- c. Slow rising Pulse → Mitral stenosis
- d. Pulsus Bisferens → Mitral Regurgitation

e. Pulsus paradoxus → I think Aortic stenosis or regurgitation

The correct answer is a

PLUSE	DEFINITION	CAUSES
Collapsing pulse	Pulse with fast upstroke and fast downstroke	1- Sever anemia2- Aortic regurge3- Thyrotoxicosis
Pulse alternans	Altrnans weak and strong pulse	1- LV dysfunction
Pulsus paradoxus	Decline systolic more than 10 mm Hg during inspiration	1- Cardiac tamponade 2- Asthma & COPD
Pulsus parvus et tardus	Weak and delayed pulse	1- Aortic stenosis
Slow rising pulse	Slow upstroke pulse	1- Aortic stenosis
Pulsus bisferiens	pulse characterized by two strong systolic peaks separated by a midsystolic dip	1- Aortic reguirge 2- AR + AS

905) Entamoeba histolytica cysts are destroyed best by:

- a. Boiling
- b. Iodine added to water
- c. Chlorine added to water
- d. Freezing

The correct answer is a

906) A scenario about an old male with symptoms suggesting parkinsonism such as difficulty walking, resting tremors and rigidity in addition to hypotension. Then he asks about what is the most common presenting symptom of this disease

- a. Rigidity
- b. Tremors
- c. Unsteady Gait
- d. Hypotension

e. ???

The correct answer is b

907) Regarding postpartum Psychosis:

- a. Recurrences are common in subsequent pregnancies
- b. It often progresses to frank schizophrenia
- c. It has good prognosis
- d. It has insidious onset
- e. It usually develops around the 3rd week postpartum

The correct answer is a

908) A pregnant female develops lesions on the vulva and vagina and she was diagnosed as genital herpes, what should be included in her future health care?

- a. Cesarian section should be done if the lesions did not disappear before 2 weeks of delivery date
- b. Oral acyclovir to treat herpes
- c. Termination of pregnancy because of the risk of fetal malformations
- d. Avoidance of sexual intercourse for 1 month after the healing of the lesions
- e. ?????

The correct answer is b

HSV in pregnant treated by : oral acyclovir 400 mg TID for 5-7 days . if **HSV** was present at time of labor : c – section

909) A picture of 2 warts in the index finger.

Diagnosis is → Viral Warts

910) What is the most common sequalae of acute pancreatitis?

- a. Abscess
- b. Pseudocyst
- c. Bowel obstruction

The correct answer is b

Most common complication of acute pancreatitis: pancreatic pseudocyt and fistula formation

- 911) An old patient with history of cerebrovascular disease & Ischemic heart disease, presents with a pattern of breathing described as: A period of apnea followed by slow breathing which accelerates & becomes rapid with hyperpnea & tachycardia then apnea again. What is this type of breathing?
 - a. Hippocrates
 - b. Chyene-stokes breathing
 - c. Kussmaul breathing
 - d. One type beginning with O letter and contains 3 letters only
 - e. ????

The correct answer is b

- **1- Chyene-stokes respiration :** rapid deep breathing phase followed by period of apnea , present with heart failure , stroke, brain trauma , also can be with sleep or high altitude
- **2-kusmmaul's breathing :** rapid and deep breathing . present with metabolic acidosis particularly in diabetic ketoacidosis

- 912) A patient with mixed 1st & 2nd degree burns in head & neck region, what is the most appropriate management?
 - a. Apply silver sulfadiazine and cream to all burned areas, cover them and admit to hospital
 - b. Apply cream to 2nd degree burns and cover them, give IV fluids
 - c. Debridement of 2nd degree burns and
 - d. Apply silver sulfadiazine then Vaseline ointment to all areas then discharge the patient

The correct answer is a

```
1sr degree : epidermis + painful ( no blister )

2<sup>nd</sup> degree : epidermis + partial dermis + painful _ blister

3<sup>rd</sup> degree : epidermis + full thickness dermis + painless
```

Rule of nine to estimate BSA:

1- Head and neck: 9%

2- Each upper arm: 9%3- Each loer limb: 18%

4- Each post. & ant. Trunk: 18%5- Perineum & genitalia: 1%

- -Silver sulfadiazine and mafenide used for all types of burn
- -supportive : tetanus and I.V nacrotic can be used for all types of burn
- I.V fluid use only in (> 10% of BSA) in 2^{nd} & 3^{rd} degree of burn according parkland formula : (fluid in first 24h = 4 * wt. in kg * BSA . 50% in first 8 hours and another in next 16 hours)

In this patient 1^{st} deree and 2^{nd} degree < 10% (head and neck 9%) : so, not use fluid

913) 2 years old child with ear pain & bulging tympanic membrane, what is the diagnosis?

- a. Otitis media
- b. Otitis externa
- c. Otomycosis
- d. Bullous myringitis

The correct answer is a

914) Besides IV fluids, what is the most important drug to be given in anaphylaxis?

- a. Epinephrine
- b. Steroids
- c. ??? Other choices

The correct answer is a

915) An adult patient in 20s or 30s of age presents by history of 1 month of fever, 5 days of headache & 2 days of altered sensorium. On examination there is nuchal rigidity, then there is a table showing investigations which include

Hb: 10 g/dl

Blood WBC: 18,000

CSF Examination: WBCs elevated: 77% lymphocytes, 33% Neutrophils. Protein ???.

Glucose??

What is the diagnosis?

- a. Viral meningioencephalitis
- b. Tuberculous meningitis
- c. Ph.... Meningitis
- d. ???

Q is not complete, but with this scenario and MCQs, The correct answer is b

916) Regarding chronic fatigue syndrome, which is true?

- a. Antibiotics may reduce the symptoms
- b. Antidepressants may reduce the symptoms
- c. Rest may reduce the symptoms
- d. ???
- e. ????

Q IS not complete, but with these MCQs, the correct answer is b.

chronic fatigue syndrome:

characterizes by profound mental and physical exhaustion. In associated with multiple system and neurospsychiatric symptoms that last at least 6 mounth. Must be new (not life long) , <u>must not be relived by rest</u>, and must result in greater than 50% reduction in previous activity. Presentation with 4 or more of the following : poor memory / concentration, myalgia, arthalagia, sore throat, tender lymph node, recent onset headach, unrefreshing sleep, excessive tiredness with exercise. <u>Treatment by : cognitive and excercise therapy .also</u>, diet, physiotherapy, dietary supplements, antidepressants.

- 917) A patient complains of dry eyes, a moisturizing eye drops were prescribed to him 4 times daily. What is the most appropriate method of application of these eye drops?
 - a. 1 drop in the lower fornix
 - b. 2 drops in the lower fornix
 - c. 1 drop in the upper fornix
 - d. 2 drops in the upper fornix
- 918) A patient with penetrating abdominal stab wound. Vitals are: HR 98, BP 140/80, RR 18. A part of omentum was protruding through the wound. What is the most appropriate next step:
 - a. FAST Ultrasound
 - b. DPL (Diagnostic peritoneal lavage)
 - c. Explore the wound
 - d. Arrange for a CT Scan
 - e. Exploratory laparotomy

- 919) A patient presents with loin pain radiating to the groin. Renal stones are suspected. What is the test that has the most specificity & sensitivity in diagnosing this condition?
 - a. Noncontrast spiral CT scan of the abdomen
 - b. Ultrasound
 - c. KUB
 - d. Intravenous pyelography (IVP)
 - e. Nuclear Scan

The correct answer is a

- 920) An old patient presents with history dizziness & falling down 1 day ago accompanied by history of Epigastric discomfort. He has very high tachycardia I think around 130-140 and BP 100/60. What is the diagnosis?
 - a. Peptic ulter
 - b. GERD
 - c. Leaking aortic aneurysm
 - d. ???

- 921) A child is about to be given flu vaccine, what allergy should be excluded before giving the vaccine?
 - a. Chicken
 - b. egg
 - c. Fish
 - d. ???

The correct answer is b

922) Which of the following is proven to reduce the incidence of cancer?

- a. Salt
- b. Mineral water
- c. Vitamin D
- d. Fiber

The correct answer is c

- 923) A female patient with history of cyclic abdominal pain, inability to conceive, heavy menses, and examination showed tenderness & nodularity in uterosacral ligaments. What is the diagnosis?
 - a. Endometriosis

924) A female patient on the 3rd week postpartum. She says to the physician that the frequently visualizes snakes crawling to her baby's bed. She knows that it is impossible but she cannot remove the idea from her head. She says she wakes up around 50 times at night to check her baby. This problem prevents her from getting good sleep and it started to affect her marriage. What is this problem she is experiencing?

- a. An obsession
- b. A hallucination
- c. A postpartum psychosis
- d. A Delusion

The correct answer is a

Obsession : persistent, unwanted, and intrusive ideas , thoughts, impulses or images

925) Regarding screening for cancer, which of the following is true? a. Screening for cervical cancer had decreased in recent years b. Screening for breast cancer had decreased in recent years c. Screening for Colorectal cancer is inadequate for the high-risk groups d. Screening for lung cancer has reduced the mortality rate of lung cancer e. Screening for tobacco use is now adequately done by health professionals 926) Regarding postpartum depression, what is the most appropriate intervention to reduce the symptoms? a. Include family in the therapy b. Isolation therapy c. Add very low doses of impiramine d. Encourage breastfeeding The correct answer is a 927) Which of the following is a side effect of Buprione, a drug used to help smoking cessation: a. Arrhythmia b. Xerostomia c. Headache d. Seizure The correct amswer is d 928) A 60 years old patient with history of heart attack 6 weeks ago, complaining of not getting enough sleep. Psychiatric evaluation is unremarkable for depression or anxiety, what should be given to this patient? a. Amytriptiline b. Buspirone c. Buprione d. Zolbidim

The correct answer is d

- 929) A patient is asked to face the wall, bend his waist, and let his hands hang down without support. This test is used as a screening tool for which of the following?
 - a. Lower limb asymmetry
 - b. Rectal prolapsed
 - c. Scoliosis
 - d. ????

This test is called for (Adam's Forward Bend Test)





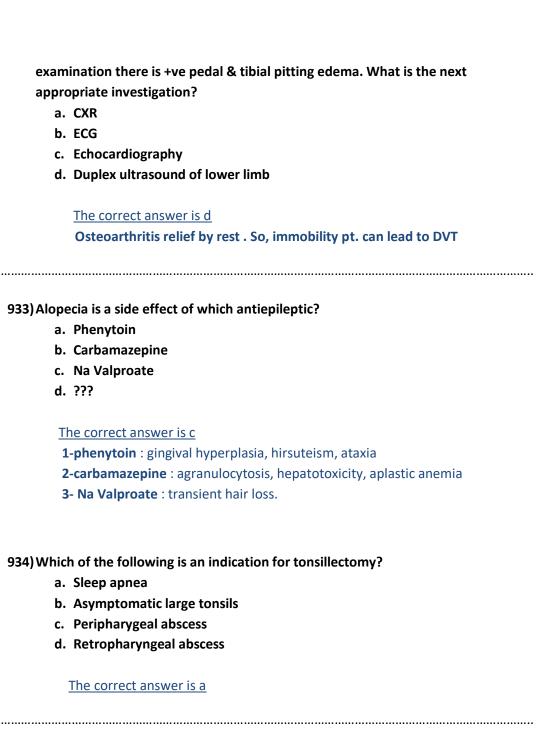


930) A patient presents with sore throat, cervical lymphadenopathy, mild splenomegaly, EBV antibodies are +ve. What is the diagnosis?

- a. Infectious Mononucleosis (EBV)
- 931) An old patient presents with knee pain, limitation of movement and quadriceps muscle atrophy. On examination there is limited range on movement, pain on movement & Crepitus. What is the diagnosis?
 - a. Osteoarthritis
 - b. Rheumatoid arthritis
 - c. Ankylosing Spondylitis

The correct answer is a

932) A patient presents with long time history of knee pain suggestive of osteoarthritis. Now he complains of unilateral lower limb swelling and on



935) Which of the following is a gram –ve rods that grow on charcoal yeast agar?

a. Legionella

936) A 7 years old child had history of chest infection which was treated with antibiotics. The patient presented 6 weeks after cessation of antibiotics with

abdominal pain, fever and profuse watery diarrhea for the past month. Which of the following organisms is responsible for the patient's condition?

- a. Giardia Lamblia
- b. Clostridium Difficile
- c. Escherichia coli
- d. Clostridium Perfringens

The correct answer is b

937) Which of the following features of ulcerative colitis distinguishes it from crohn's disease

- a. Possible malignant transformation
- b. Fistula formation
- c. Absence of granulomas
- d. Colon involvement

The correct answer is a

938) A very very long scenario about a female patient with vaginal discharge "malodorous watery in character" with pH of 6 & +ve clue cells but there is no branching pseudohyphe. (He is telling you the diagnosis is vaginosis & there is no fungal infection) Then he asks about which of the following drug regimens should NOT be used in this paitent:

- a. Metronidazole (PO 500 gm for 7 days)
- b. Metronidazole (PO 2 large dose tablets for 1 or 2 days)
- c. Metronidazole (IV or IM)
- d. Miconazole (PO)
- e. Clindamycin (PO)

The correct answer is d

This case is "bacteria vaginosis" and treatment by : metradinazole or clindamycine . avoid miconazole because it is antifungal

939) What is the condition that produces malodorous watery vaginal discharge with +ve clue cells in wet mount preparation slides:

- a. Bacterial vaginosis
- b. Vaginal Candidiasis
- c. Trichomonas vaginalis

d. Gonorrhea

The correct answer is a

940) Which of the following is the best treatment for Giardiasis:

a. Metronidazole

941) A woman with 9weeks History of elevated erythematous wheals overall her body , she also has lip swelling. There is no History of recent travel or food allergy or drug ingestion, Diagnosis:

- a. Chronic Angioedema & Urticaria
- **b.** Contact Dermatitis
- c. Solar Urticaria
- d. Cholinergic Urticaria
- e. Cold Urticaria

The correct answer is a

Chronic urticaria: if more than 6 months

Solar urticaria: due to sunlight

Cholinergic urticariae: due to brief increase in body temperature.

Cold urtiaria: due to exposure to cold

- 942) A 17 years old male with history of mild intermittent asthma. Attacks occur once or twice weekly in the morning and no attacks at night. What should be the initial drug to give?
 - a. Inhaled short acting B2 agonist as needed
 - b. Inhaled high dose corticosteroid as needed

The correct answer is a

943) A child presented with sore throat. Culture from the throat revealed +ve meningiococci. The patient is now asymptomatic. Which of the following should be done?

- a. Reassurance
- b. Rifampicin oral for 7 days
- c. IM ceftriaxone 1 dose
- d. Ceftriaxone oral
- e. ??????

The correct answer is c (I'm not sure)

2-day regimen of oral rifampin or a single dose of IM ceftriaxone or a single dose of oral ciprofloxacin).

944) Which of the following increases the quality of the randomized controlled study &
make it stronger:
a. Systemic Assignment predictability by participants
b. Open Allocation
c. Including only the participants who received the full intervention
d. Following at least 50 % of the participants
e. Giving similar intervention to similar groups
The correct answer is a
945) A scenario about an infant who presented with difficulty breathing and sweating,
examination shows hyperactive precordium with loud S2 and pansystolic murmur
grade 3/6 best heard in the left 3rd parasternal region. What is the Diagnosis?
a. VSD
b. Mitral Regurgitation
c. PDA
d. Large ASD
The correct answer is a
946) Post IHD , your advise :
a. Yoga
b. isotonic exercise
??????????
947) very obese girl, what's the first step to reduce weight:
a. increase water intake
b. decrease calorie intake
the correct answer is b
948) 40 y/o male, presented with large hands, hepatomegaly diagnosis:
a. acromegaly b. gigantism
b. gigantisin
the correct answer is a
949) cousre of facial nerve when comes out from stylomastoid

	950) old female with hemorrhoids for 10 years , no complication , your action ? a. observe b. surgery c. increase fiber diet
	the correct answer is c
•••••	951) femal about 30y c/o abdominal pain related to menses (scenario going with
	endometriosis)next step in dx:
	a. Laparoscopy
	b. U/S
	c. CT
	The correct answer is a
	Confirm diagnosis by laparoscopy, US & MRI can use but if normal can not
	exclude endometriosis .
	952) female about 30y with breast cancer (given cbc –chem. And reavel low hb and
	hematocrite) what is the next step in mangment:
	a. Staging
	b. Lumpectomy
	c. Mastectomy
	d. Chemotherapy
	953) pt with open angle glaucoma and k/c of COPD and DM ttt:
	a. Timelol
	b. betaxolol
	c. Acetazolamide
	the correct answer is c

- a. Viral pnumonia
- b. Bacterial pneumonia
- c. Bronchiolitis

955) 34y female with HIV pap smear negative, about cervical cancer screening:

- a. After 3m if negative repeat after 6m
- b. After 6m annually
- c. After 1y.....annually

The correct answer is b (I'm not sure), may be c.

- Screening should begin no later than age 21.
- Screening should begin earlier than age 21 if the patient is sexually active. In this case, it should start 3 years after initiation of vaginal intercourse.
- Once initiated, screening should be performed annually if a traditional, glass-slide-based technique is used. If liquid medium is used, Pap smear screening may be performed every other year.
- After age 30, for women who have had 3 consecutive, normal Pap smears, screening frequency may be reduced to every two to three years.
- Women who are HIV positive, immunocompromised due to disease or medication, or are DES daughters, should continue annual screening.
- Screening may stop following a total hysterectomy (including the cervix), if the the patient is at low risk, and has had three consecutive normal Pap smears within the last 10 years.

- High risk patients, including those with a history of cervical cancer, DES exposure in-utero, HIV positive, immunocompromised from medication, and those tested positive for HPV, should continue to be screened indefinitely.
- Screening may stop after age 70, if the patient is low risk, and has had three normal Pap smears over the last 10 years.
- Screening may be omitted in the case of women with life-threatening or other serious illness

956) which drug increase incidence of reflux oesophagitis:

- a. Theophylline
- b. Amoxicilline
- c. Metoclopramide
- d. Rantidine
- e. Lansoprazole

The correct answer is a

957) most effective ttt of cluster headach:

- a. Ergotamine nebulizer
- b. S/C Sumatriptan
- c. 100% O2
- d. IV Verapamil

The correct answer is c

958) old pt. with HTN and migraine ttt:

- a. B blockers
- b. ACE I
- c. Ca blockers

The correct answer is a

959) lactating women 10 days after delivery developed fever ,malaise, chills tender Lt breast with hotness and small nodule in upper outer quadrant with axillary LN .Leukocyte count was 14 *10/L dx:

- a. Inflammatory breast cancer
- b. Breast abscess
- c. Fibrocystic disease
- d. ???? ???????

.....

960) newborn with fracture mid clavicle what is true:

- a. Most cases cause serious complication
- b. Arm sling or figure 8 sling used
- c. Most patient heal without complications

The correct answer is c

-most clavicles fracture in newborn no need to treatment apart from careful handling. If the fracture is displaced and baby in pain, simple sling is require.

961) 70y male with osteoporosis the T score of bone densometry would be:

- a. 3.5
- b. -2.5
- c. -1
- d. 2
- e. 3.5

The correct answer is b

- The T score is the number of standard deviation (SD) a patient's BMD deviated from the mean.
- T score > (-1): normal BMD
- T score (-1 to -2.5): ostopenia
- T score < (-2.5) : osteoprosis

.....

962) what is the most complication after hesterectomy:

- a. Ureteral injury
- b. Pulmonary embolism
- c. Haemorrhage

- 963) young female with BMI 18, fine hair allover body, feeling of she is fat, doesn't eat well with excessive exercise......
 - a. Anorexia nervosa?
 - b. Body dysmorphic disorder
 - c. Bulimia nervosa

The correct answer is a

964) what's advantage of mature human milk over cow's milk:

- a. More protein
- b. More Iron content
- c. More calories
- d. More fat

The correct answer is b

965) young male c/o of deformity of jaw .past h/o of nasoplasty and blepharoplasty O/E nothing abnormaldx:

a. Body dysmorphic syndrome

966) the most common cause of non-traumatic subarachnoid haemorrhage:

- a. Rupture aneurysm
- b. Vessels abnormality
- c. Hypertension

The correct answer is a

-Most common causes of subarachnoid hemorrhage are trauma and berry aneurysm

967) Pt. with chest pain and s.o.b decreased by leaning forword . O/E friction rub and increased JVP >>>> (a case of pericardial effusion) ECG will show:

- a. ST changes
- b. Low voltage
- c. Increase PR interval

ECG changes during pericarditis: diffuse ST elevation, PR depression followed by t-wave intervention, and low voltage.

968) The causative organism of psudomembranous colitis is:

a. Clostridium difficile

-	cenario about arthritis (I couldn't remember the details) but Joint aspirat eveal <u>Gram negative diplococci</u> dx:
	Nisseria gonorrhea
	gonorrhoeae: gram negative diplococci and can also cause conjunctive aryngitis, proctitis or urethritis, prostatitis and orchitis.
970) \	ertigo & is caused by which of the following drug?
	a. Aphotercine B
	b. Pnicilline reaction
	c. INH
971) E	aby with red macule & dilated capillary on the rt side of the face
, -	,,
S <u>tu</u>	rge-Weber Syndrome or Nevus Flammeus (one of them will come)
	rge-Weber Syndrome or Nevus Flammeus (one of them will come) n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma
Do	n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma
<i>Do</i> 972) A	n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma 25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star
Do. 972) A	n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma 25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an
<i>Do</i> . 972) A st u	n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma 25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an nparsed. What is the diagnosis:
<i>Do</i> 972) A sv u a.	n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma 25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an nparsed. What is the diagnosis:
<i>Do</i> 972) A sv u a.	n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma 25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an nparsed. What is the diagnosis: Specific Phobia
Do. 972) A sr u a. b.	n't choose milia or cavernous haemangioma 25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an nparsed. What is the diagnosis: Specific Phobia Social Phobia
Do. 972) A sr u a. b.	25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an nparsed. What is the diagnosis: Specific Phobia Social Phobia The correct answer is b
972) A sr u a. b.	25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an nparsed. What is the diagnosis: Specific Phobia Social Phobia The correct answer is b t which chromosome is the cystic fibrosis gene: Long arm chromosome 7
972) A st u a. b.	25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an anaparsed. What is the diagnosis: Specific Phobia Social Phobia The correct answer is b t which chromosome is the cystic fibrosis gene: Long arm chromosome 7
972) A sr u a. b.	25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an nparsed. What is the diagnosis: Specific Phobia Social Phobia The correct answer is b t which chromosome is the cystic fibrosis gene: Long arm chromosome 7 Short arm chromosome 8
972) A st u a. b	25 year old secondary school teacher that every time enters the class star weating and having palpitation, she is a fired to give wrong information an

c.	More common in females
	The most common cancer in Africa and Asia Increase risk in chronic liver disease
	<u>The correct answer is e</u> , chronic disease especially Hepatitis B
	patient is having a 2 year history of low interest in live, he doesn't sleep we
	d can't find joy in life, What is the most likely diagnosis: Dysthymia
	Major depressive disorder
	Bipolar disorder
d.	
e.	
	The correct answer is a
a. b. c.	hat is the mechanism of OCD drugs: Increase availability of Serotonin Decrease production of Serotonin Increase production of Serotonin Serotonin
	Serotonin
c.	Serotoriii
	The correct anser is a
	hat is the MOST accurate test to detect early pregnancy:Serum BHCG
b.	
	Urine pregnancy test
	Ultrasound
e.	

would you treat her: ????? a. Estrogen injections 979) The most common cause on chronic interrupted rectal bleeding is: a. Diverticulosis b. Hemorrhoids The correct answer is b 980) A child is having a croup early morning, the most common cause is: a. Post nasal drip
a. Diverticulosis b. Hemorrhoids The correct answer is b 980) A child is having a croup early morning, the most common cause is:
b. Hemorrhoids The correct answer is b 980) A child is having a croup early morning, the most common cause is:
The correct answer is b 980) A child is having a croup early morning, the most common cause is:
980) A child is having a croup early morning, the most common cause is:
a. <u>Post nasal drip</u>
cause:
a. Lycosytosis b. <mark>Neutropenia</mark>
c. Electrolyte disbalance
d. Hypokalemia
e
The correct answer is b, side effect of sulfadiazine

	case scenario describing a patient who had a right chest trauma than develope
te	nsion pneumothorax, the immediate management is:
a.	Insert a needle in the second intercostal space
b.	Insert a needle in the fifth intercostal space
c.	Give IV antibiotics
d.	••
e.	Insert a tube in the fifth intercostal space
	The correct answer is a
so	patient that have a penile ulcer that healed after that he developed a palm an le rash, the most likely cause is: Syphilis
u.	зурпшз
	Q is not complete
ar	case scenario about a patient who has on and off episodes of abdominal pain id was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do: Give pain killers medication
ar bl	nd was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do:
ar bl a.	nd was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do: Give pain killers medication
ar bl a. b.	nd was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do: Give pain killers medication Remove gallbladder by surgery Q is not complete, but with these MCQs, the correct answer is b
ar bl a. b.	nd was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do: Give pain killers medication Remove gallbladder by surgery Q is not complete, but with these MCQs, the correct answer is b ost common symptoms of soft tissue sarcoma:
ar bl a. b. 986) M a.	nd was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do: Give pain killers medication Remove gallbladder by surgery Q is not complete, but with these MCQs, the correct answer is b ost common symptoms of soft tissue sarcoma: Paralysis
986) M a. b.	nd was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do: Give pain killers medication Remove gallbladder by surgery Q is not complete, but with these MCQs, the correct answer is b ost common symptoms of soft tissue sarcoma: Paralysis On growing mass
986) M a. b.	and was found to have multiple gallstones, the largest is 1 cm and they are not ocking the duct, What will you do: Give pain killers medication Remove gallbladder by surgery Q is not complete, but with these MCQs, the correct answer is b ost common symptoms of soft tissue sarcoma: Paralysis On growing mass Pain

a. A

d.	E
	The correct answer is c , RNA virus transmitted by blood id HCV
 988)	case scenario about bronchial carcinoma, which is true: ????
эоо,л а.	
b.	
c.	Adenocarcinoma is usually in the upper part
d.	Elevation of the diaphragm on the x-ray means that the carcinoma has
	metastasize outside the chest
e.	Bronchoscopy should be done
	The correct answer is c
989) o	ld female with pubic itching with bloody discharge, then she developed pea
-	ld female with pubic itching with bloody discharge, then she developed pea naped swelling in her labia, most likely:
sl	
sl	naped swelling in her labia, most likely: Bartholin cyst Bartholin gland carcinoma
sl a.	naped swelling in her labia, most likely: Bartholin cyst
sł a. b. c.	naped swelling in her labia, most likely: Bartholin cyst Bartholin gland carcinoma
sł a. b. c.	naped swelling in her labia, most likely: Bartholin cyst Bartholin gland carcinoma Bartholin abscess
sl a. b. c. d.	Bartholin cyst Bartholin gland carcinoma Bartholin abscess The correct answer is c atient has decrease visual acuity bilateral, but more in rt side, visual field is not ffected, in fundus there is irregular pigmentations and early cataract formation and you will do Refer to ophthalmologist for laser therapy
sł a. b. c. d. 990) Pa a w a.	haped swelling in her labia, most likely: Bartholin cyst Bartholin gland carcinoma Bartholin abscess The correct answer is c atient has decrease visual acuity bilateral, but more in rt side, visual field is not ffected, in fundus there is irregular pigmentations and early cataract formation what you will do Refer to ophthalmologist for laser therapy

b. B (DNA)

991) Inflammatory bowel disease is idiopathic but one of following is possible underlying cause: a. Immunological	
992) pregant lady deliverd Anencephalytillbirth occurance of neural tube defect in next pregnancy	•••
a. 8%	
b. 2%	
c. 10%	
d. 20%	
The correct answer is b, (2-4%)	
	••••
993) typist theaner atrophy ,+ve tephlen sign	
a <mark>. Median nerve</mark>	
b. Ulnar	
c. Brachial	
The correct answer is a	
994) painful pile	
a. <mark>Exison daringe</mark>	
b. Sitz path and steriod supp	
c. Ab	
d. Fiber food and analgesics	
The correct answer is a	
	·····
995) 39 years old HIV patient with TB recive 4 drugs of tt after one month	
a. Continue 4 drugs for 1 years	
b. Cintinue isoniazide for 9months	
c. Continue isonizide for 1 year	
of conduction 1 year	
The correct answer is a	
996) female not married with normal investigation except FBS=142. RBS196. so ttt	••••
a. give insulin subcutaneous	
b. advice not become married	
c. barrier contraceptive is good	
d. BMI control	

.....

997) Entamoeba histolytica cysts are destroyed best by:

- a. Boiling
- b. Iodine added to water
- c. Chlorine added to water
- d. Freezing

The correct answer is a

998)A scenario about an old male with symptoms suggesting parkinsonism such as difficulty walking, resting tremors and rigidity in addition to hypotension. Then he asks about what is the most common presenting symptom of this disease

- a. Rigidity
- b. Tremors
- c. Unsteady Gait
- d. Hypotension
- E. ???

The correct answer is b

998) Regarding postpartum Psychosis:

- a. Recurrences are common in subsequent pregnancies
- b. It often progresses to frank schizophrenia
- c. It has good prognosis
- d. It has insidious onset
- e. It usually develops around the 3rd week postpartum

The correct answer is a

_999) Gastrictomy post-op 1 day. He have temperature 38.8 & pulse 112. What is the most common cause ?

a. wound infection.
b. inflammatory mediator in the circulation.
c. UTI
d. normal
the correct answer is a or b
most common causes of post-operation fever : (6 w)
 W ound Wine = pneumonia or atlectasia Water = UTI What happen = transfusion Walk = DVT Wonder drug = asprin, erythromycin , isonizide
Immediately (24 h) : post-op inflammation , wound infection , transfusion , streptococcus Acute (3 – 7 days) : pneumonia
1000) Malaria ? - the most common cases is caused by Plasmodium falciparum.
1001) Polyartheralgia rhumatica. What is the thing that suggest it rather than ↑ ESR & C-reactive protein:
a. proximal muscle weakness
b. proximal muscle tenderness
the correct answer is a
1002) The cause of insulin resistance in obese is:

