


اللغة الانجليزية 14 page student's book
مس نورا

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
Big	Bigger	Biggest
casual	more casual	most casual
cheap	cheaper	cheapest
classic	more classic	most classic
colourful	more colourful	most colourful
comfortable	more comfortable	most comfortable
formal	more formal	most formal
practical	more practical	most practical
smart	smarter	smartest
tidy	tidier	tidiest



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Question 5 page 14

2- The person who is carrying a bag
is Sami

3- The person who is wearing a kufiyyah
is Adle

4- The person who is carrying a Laptop
is MaZen



اللغة الانجليزية شرح Relative pronouns مس نورا

Relative pronouns

use:- To connect a clause or phrase to a noun or pronoun.

الاستخدام :- تستخدم هذه الضمائر للوصل (الربط) بين الجمل

Who → (people)

The man who wears thobe is my grandpa.

Which → (things and animals)

This is the mobile which I bought

Where → (places)

Amman is the city where I live.

When → (time)

November is the month when she got married.

Whose → (possessions of people (ملكية))

This is my friend whose mother is a teacher

That → (things)

Agal is a headband that keeps the Kufiyyah from falling off your head.

ضمائر الوصل

2 Complete the statements and questions with the correct relative pronoun: **who**, **whose**, **which** or **where**.

1. This is the office where my father works.
2. Do you know anyone whose parents are teachers?
3. Burj Khalifa is the skyscraper which took five years to be built.
4. I met someone who used to work here.
5. Is there somewhere near here where I can buy a newspaper?
6. He lives in a block of flats which has its own tennis courts.

3 Use six of these adjectives from the box below to make comparisons between two places, people or things by writing complete questions. Then, ask your partner to answer them.

easy	bad	beautiful
boring	cheap	exciting
good	healthy	interesting
popular	small	tall
		noisy

- a. Which subject is easier - science or history?
- b. Which is healthier - chocolate or banana?
- c. Which sport is more interesting - tennis or football?
- d. Which animal is smaller - a lion or a cat?
- e. Who is taller - you or your brother?
- f. Which is cheaper - a gold or silver?

4 Describe these people using the relative pronouns **that**, **who** and **whose** and the comparative and superlative.



1. The man who is wearing a suit is younger than the man with a moustache.
2. The girl whose hair is short is happier than the girl with long hair.
3. The man that is wearing a hat is fatter than the old man.

مس نورا



- 5 Use the clues to write questions. Then answer them.



1. a sari / the traditional garment / in Jordan?
Is a sari the traditional garment in Jordan?
No, it isn't. It's the traditional garment in India.

2. red colour / people relaxed or excited?
Does red colour make people relaxed or excited?
Red colour makes people excited.

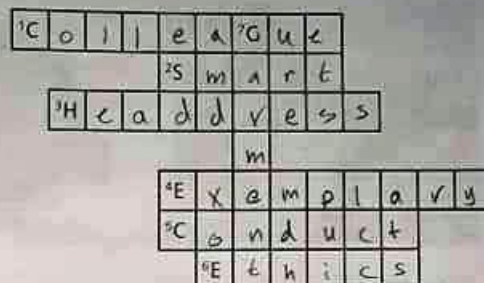
3. people usually / casual or formal clothes / business meetings?
Do people usually wear casual or formal clothes to business meetings? People usually wear formal clothes to business meetings.

4. charity shop / usually / things that people make?
Does charity shop usually sell thing that people make? No, it doesn't. It usually sells things that people donate.

5. type of clothes / in a football match?
What type of clothes do you wear in football match? I usually wear casual and comfortable clothes in a football match.

Vocabulary Corner

- 6 Read the clues and write the words in the puzzle. You are given the first letters.



1. a person you work with
2. clean, attractive and stylish
3. something that you wear on your head
4. excellent and worth following as an example
5. the way a person behaves
6. rules or principles of behaviour
- 7 What is the word for number 7?
Write its clue.

Garment is a piece of clothing

مس نورا



Comparison

- 4 Complete the table with the correct form of the comparatives and the superlatives.

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
bright	brighter	the brightest
big	bigger	biggest
trendy	trendier	trendiest
practical	more practical	most practical
careful	more careful	most careful
fashionable	more fashionable	most fashionable
good	better	the best
bad	worse	the worst

- 5 Write definitions of the words in the box using relative pronouns.

فنانة أزياء fashion designer clock umbrella
 بطل hero doctor fish kufiyyah
 أخصائي آثار archaeologist

A fashion designer is a person who designs clothes.

A clock is a device that measures time.

An umbrella is an object that protect us when it rain.

A hero is a person who admired for his courage.

A doctor is a person who cure ill people.

A fish is an animal that live in water.

A kufiyyah is a traditional head dress that people wear.

An archaeologist is someone who studies ancient societies.

Second section

Grammar

- 1 Join the sentences with the relative pronouns in brackets.

a. This is a book. I read it last week. (that)

This is a book that I read last week.

b. There were three people in the car. They wore the same uniform. (who)

There were three people in the car who wore the same uniform.

c. Jordan is a country. We spent our holidays in Jordan last year. (where)

Jordan is a country where we spent our holidays last year.

d. Malak is my friend. Her sister won the national spelling competition. (whose)

Malak is my friend whose sister won the national spelling competition.

e. He invented a pen. The pen can translate the words it writes. (that)

He invented a pen that can translate the words it writes.

f. Samer's car broke down again. Samer's car is new. (which)

Samer's car, which is new, broke down again.

مس نورا

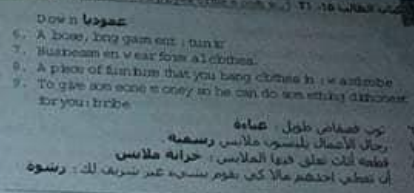


الوحدة الثانية مس نورا

words	Meanings
bright	زاهي / ساطع
casual	غير رسمي
comfortable	مريح
fashionable	مطابقة للأزياء الحديثة
formal	رسمي
practical	عملي
smart	أنيق
striped	مخطط
trendy	شائع
wardrobe	خزانة
tunic	توب
costume	زي
jumper	سترة
sleeves	أكمام
headress	غطاء للرأس
headband	عامة
robe	رداء
wrap	يغلف
garment	لباس
silk	حرير

ALFAJER

أهمية الكلمات المتعاطفة



1. A piece of clothing made of wool that covers the upper part of the body : **jumper**
2. The way someone behaves in his job : **conduct**
3. When you wear loose clothes, you feel : **comfortable**
4. When you're wearing neat, stylish clothes, you look : **smart**
5. A soft fabric made from the thin threads of silkworms : **silken**

Vocabulary Corner ركن الكلمات

C	O	L	L	E	A	G	U	E
					M	A	R	T
					D	R	E	S
H	E	A	D		M			
					X	E	M	P
					O	N	D	U
								C
								T
								S
								Y

- GARMENT:** a piece of clothing

منتدى معلمي الاردن

Activity Book 10 - 17 The man who wears a kufiyah... 17 - 10

Second section

1. Join the sentences with the relative pronouns in brackets.

1. This is a book. I read it last week. (that)
This is the book that I read last week.

2. There were three people in the car. They wore the same uniform. (who)
There were three people in the car who wore the same uniform.

3. Jordan is a country. We spent our holidays in Jordan last year. (where)
Jordan is the country where we spent our holidays last year.

4. Malik is my friend. Malik's sister won the national spelling competition. (whose)
Malik is my friend whose sister won the national spelling competition.

5. He invented a pen. The pen can translate the words it writes. (which)
He invented a pen which can translate the words it writes.

6. Samir's car broke down again. Samir's car is new. (which)
Samir's car, which is new, broke down again.

7. He invented a pen. The pen can translate the words it writes. (which)
He invented a pen which can translate the words it writes.

8. Samir's car broke down again. Samir's car is new. (which)
Samir's car, which is new, broke down again.

9. He invented a pen. The pen can translate the words it writes. (which)
He invented a pen which can translate the words it writes.

10. Samir's car broke down again. Samir's car is new. (which)
Samir's car, which is new, broke down again.

Activity Book 10 - 17 The man who wears a kufiyah... 17 - 10

2. Complete the statements and questions with the correct relative pronoun, who, whose, which or where.

1. This is the office _____ my father works.
2. Do you know anyone _____ parents are teachers?
3. Burj Khalifa is the skyscraper _____ took five years to be built.
4. I met someone _____ used to work here.
5. Is there somewhere near here _____ I can buy a newspaper?
6. He lives in a block of flats _____ has its own tennis courts.

3. Use the six adjectives from the box below to make comparisons.

استخدم الصفات الست لتجعل مقارباتك بين مكانين أو شخصين بكتابة أسئلة كاملة ، ثم أسأل زميلك ليخبرك عنها.

أيهما أسهل - العربية أم الإنجليزية؟
أيهما أصح - الحليب أم الآيس كريم؟
أي حيوان أصغر - الكلب أم الفيل؟
أي رياضة أكثر ممتعة - كرة السلة أم كرة القدم؟
أي الملابس أرخص - المصنوع من القطن أم المصنوع من الحرير؟
أي صديق أفضل - صديقك أم صديقتك؟

4. Write the six adjectives from the box below to make comparisons.

استخدم الصفات الست لتجعل مقارباتك بين مكانين أو شخصين بكتابة أسئلة كاملة ، ثم أسأل زميلك ليخبرك عنها.

أيهما أسهل - العربية أم الإنجليزية؟
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أي حيوان أصغر - الكلب أم الفيل؟
أي رياضة أكثر ممتعة - كرة السلة أم كرة القدم؟
أي الملابس أرخص - المصنوع من القطن أم المصنوع من الحرير؟
أي صديق أفضل - صديقك أم صديقتك؟

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة .
3 Choose the correct answer.

1. Tourists like to buy souvenirs ____ remind them of the places they've been to.
a. who b. that c. where
2. Shirts aren't ____ suits for a business meeting.
a. so formal as b. more formal as c. as formal as
3. A. Which colour is the ____ among red, white and black?
B. Red, for sure!
a. exciting b. most exciting c. less exciting
4. It's Adel ____ deserves to become Employee of the Month this time.
a. who b. where c. whose
5. Most companies usually have rules ____ tell employees how to behave.
a. whose b. who c. that

استعد من سير الإجابات

- 1 souvenirs
للهدايا
٢ souvenirs
للهدايا
٣ souvenirs
للهدايا
٤ souvenirs
للهدايا
٥ souvenirs
للهدايا

4 Have another group draw and colour your logo using only your written instructions.
 مع مجموعة أخرى من الطلاب يقدوا ولونوا شعارك معني إرشاداتك في
 تيرين ٣.

- Next, make the rest letters of
 different colour.
 - Finally, put the word 'fashion' in a
 frame.
 - Next, make the rest letters of
 different colour.
 - Finally, put the word 'fashion' in a
 frame.
 - Next, make the rest letters of
 different colour.
 - Finally, put the word 'fashion' in a
 frame.

SB 15 - 21 Module 2: The employee of the month
 كتاب الطالب ١٥ - ٢١

1. How does each logo represent what the company does?
 a. with a building
 b. with the paper
 c. with the sun
 d. with the water
 e. with the flower
 f. with the tree
 g. with the car
 h. with the house
 i. with the factory
 j. with the school
 k. with the hospital
 l. with the bank
 m. with the post office
 n. with the police station
 o. with the fire station
 p. with the airport
 q. with the train station
 r. with the bus station
 s. with the shopping center
 t. with the park
 u. with the zoo
 v. with the museum
 w. with the library
 x. with the cinema
 y. with the restaurant
 z. with the hotel

Designing a logo

1. First, choose your product of interest.
 2. Then, think of a logo to represent your product.
 3. Next, pick the appropriate colours for the logo.
 4. Last, check if the logo represents the product well.

خطوات تصميم شعار
 1. أولاً، اختر المنتج الموضوع الاهتمام.
 2. ثم، فكر بشعار ليعبر عن المنتج.
 3. تالياً، اختر الألوان المناسبة للشعار.
 4. أخيراً، تأكد من أن الشعار يعبر عن المنتج بشكل جيد.

Have you seen a logo that you can still remember? What do you think about it?

هل سبق لك أن رأيت شعاراً ما لم تنسى؟ ما رأيك به؟

Before you start

Writing instructions

Communication workshop

على مهارات الاتصال

Module 2: The employee of the month

11 - 10

הַיְיטְ: סִימָנִים

451873.

[illegible]

3. Write the instructions as a group for the design of the circuit.

the background,
AMAL FASHION MALLS. الأمان مختلفة ومهمه. كماله فاشون مالز
خلفه اسما لأموال انيقة للناس. الخلفه في نظره اول
الاموال

The logo shows a woman neatly dressed. The colours are different and expressive. Capital letters of the word AMAL FASHION.

١٠ : هذه هي الحروف الهجائية .

2 Work in groups to design the logo for a fashion company. Decide

الرسالة والحرف في بيان عمل الشريعة على تام.

[Faint handwritten text at the bottom of the page]

I think bgo (d) is the most appropriate. It represents the company's work perfectly.

4. Which logo do you think is the most successful? Why?

3. In which logo do you think colour is most important because the logo

Module 2: The employee of the month

Activity Book 10-17. The man who wears a kufiyah... IV-10

4. Describe these people using the relative pronouns that, who and whose and the comparative and superlative.

هؤلاء الأشخاص باستخدام الأسماء الموصولة وصفات المقارنة والتفصيل.

The man who is wearing a suit is younger than the man with a

moustache.

The man that is wearing a hat is fatter than the old man.

The girl whose hair is short is happier than the girl with loose hair.

The girl whose hair is short is younger than the man with a hat.

The young man who wears a shirt is younger than the man with a

hat who wears a suit.

رجل الذي بلبس قميص أصغر من الرجل ذو الشارب.

فتاة ذات الشعر القصير أكثر سعادة من الفتاة ذات الشعر المسدول.

شاب الذي بلبس قميص أصغر من الرجل ذو القبعة.

5. Use the clues to write questions. Then answer them.

استخدم القرائن المعطاة ليكتب أسئلة.

1. a sari / the traditional garment / in Jordan? (الساري)

Is a sari the traditional garment in Jordan? (إذ كنا نسأل عن اسم (التيح) أو ساري)

No, it isn't. It's the traditional garment in India. (لا، إنها ليست (التيح) بل هي (التيح) التقليدية في الهند)

2. red colour / people relaxed or excited? (اللون الأحمر)

Does the red colour make people relaxed or excited? (هل اللون الأحمر يجعل الناس مرتاحين أو متحمسين؟)

The red colour makes people excited. (اللون الأحمر يجعل الناس متحمسين)

3. people usually / casual or formal clothes / business meetings? (الناس عادة)

Do people usually wear casual or formal clothes to business meetings? (هل الناس عادة يرتدون ملابس غير رسمية أو رسمية لاجتماعات العمل؟)

People usually wear formal clothes to business meetings. (الناس عادة يرتدون ملابس رسمية لاجتماعات العمل)

4. charity shop / usually / things that people make? (محل خيرية)

Does a charity shop usually sell things that people make? (هل متجر الخيرية عادة يبيع الأشياء التي يصنعها الناس؟)

No, it doesn't. It usually sells things that people donate. (لا، إنه لا يفعل. إنه عادة يبيع الأشياء التي يتبرع بها الناس)

5. type of clothes / in a football match? (نوع الملابس)

What type of clothes do you wear in a football match? (ما نوع الملابس التي ترتديها في مباراة كرة القدم؟)

I usually wear casual and comfortable clothes in a football match. (أنا عادة أرتدي ملابس غير رسمية ومريحة في مباراة كرة القدم)

1. a person
2. clean, attractive
3. something
4. excellent
5. the way a person does things
6. rules or principles
7. What is the person's name?

50
READING
2. What do you know about workplace ethics? Answer the questions before reading the article.

1. How should you deal with others at work?
I should be polite and respectful to those around me. I should have a positive attitude and interact very well with my colleagues. I shouldn't be a thief or accept a bribe.
2. What can you do to help your company in press situations?
I can be ready dressed, hard-working, and honest.
3. Why is a dress code important in an office?
Because it projects a professional image to colleagues and visiting clients.

كيف أن تتعامل مع الآخرين في المكتب؟
يجب أن أكون لذي توجه ايجابي
يجب أن أكون مؤدبا ومحترما مع من هم حولي.
يجب أن لا أكذب أو أسرق أو أقبل الرشوة.
يجب أن أكون أيضا ومجتهدا وصادقا.
يجب أن أكون أيضا ومجتهدا وصادقا.
يجب أن أكون أيضا ومجتهدا وصادقا.

Employee of the month

Like millions of people around the world, Khadi Mustafa works in an office. He works with the same colleagues every day, and he often has meetings with people from other companies. Everyone says the same thing about him - he is the ideal employee.

Khadi is a great worker and an example to follow. He is always neatly dressed, and he follows the code of workplace ethics," explains his boss, Sabih Mousa. "This is how you should work."

Grammar: Relative pronouns 44

51
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Grammar: Relative pronouns 44

Activity Book 10-17

الممارس 10-17

the man who wears a kufiyah...

الرجل الذي يرتدي كوفية...

Reason and result

السبب والنتيجة

Linking words: Reason and result

كلمات الربط: السبب والنتيجة

2. Write these sentences again in your notebook. Use so that because to join the two sentences into one.

2. اكتب هذه الجمل مرة أخرى في دفتر ملاحظاتك. استخدم so that because لربط الجملتين في جملة واحدة مستخدماً (لكي) أو (لأن).

so that because

لأن / لكي

1. They chose Nazam as Employee of the Month last time. He worked really hard.

1. اختاروا الشركة الأولى كما هي تم / أكتب because because Nazam as Employee of the Month last time because he worked really hard.

2. She listened carefully to the teacher in class. She can do well in her exams.

2. سمعت بعناية إلى المعلمة في الصف. يمكنها أن تفعل جيداً في امتحانها.

3. I have decided to buy a new laptop. My laptop has become slow lately.

3. قررت شراء كمبيوتر محمول جديد. كمبيوتري أصبح بطيئاً مؤخراً.

4. He missed the job interview today. He woke up late this morning.

4. فاتته مقابلة العمل اليوم. استيقظ متأخراً هذا الصباح.

5. They bought souvenirs from Jordan. They remember the places they've been to there.

5. اشتروا التذكارات من الأردن. يتذكرون الأماكن التي كانوا فيها هناك.

Grammar : Relative pronouns 44

النحو : الضمائر النسبية 44

SB 15 - 21 Module 2: The employee of the month
 ٢١ - ١٥ الموظفون

attitude towards his colleagues and clients so that he can create a friendly and safe working environment. This makes his boss respect him, which makes him/her an example of efficiency for those around him.

الموظف الجديد يجب ان يكون لديه روحه جيد وهو مظهره لان طرارة الايقاد في اللباس يعكس صورة مهنية الى الآخرين. الموظف الجديد يجب ان يكون لديه روحه جيد وهو مظهره لان طرارة الايقاد في اللباس يعكس صورة مهنية الى الآخرين. هذا يجعل مدرائه يحترمونه ويجعلهم مثالاً للكمال لكل من هم حوله.

أعلاه إعلان الوظيفة :

We are looking for a top nurse to work for us. You have to have the following skills: oral, written, literacy and English language fluency. You must abide by these rules:
 a. eight working hours b. working nights c. three months trial period
 If you think you are the ideal person for the job, send us an email.

نحن نبحث عن ممرض/ة متميزة للعمل لدينا. يجب ان يتبع بالمهارات التالية :
 ا. ثمانية ساعات عمل ب. العمل ليلا ج. فترة تجريبية ثلاثة اشهر
 اذا كنت تعتقد انك الشخص المثالي للوظيفة ، ارسلا لنا ايميل.

SB 15 - 21 Module 2

Comm un

Write

Before you start

Have you seen

still remember

about it?

a. Yes, I have

First, choose

Then, think

your product

Next, pick the

for the logo.

Last, check the

the product

a. with a

b. with the

1. How does

In pairs, a

1

كتاب الطالب 10-17 The man who wears a kufiyah...

Listen to a conversation between Saleh and Karim. Then, complete the table with (a), (b), (c) or (d) in the correct form.

the box. Then, listen and check.

سمع إلى محادثة بين سلمي وريا. تم اكتمل هذا الجدول بـ (a) أو (b) أو (c) أو (d). ثم استمع واطكر من إجاباتك.

	blue jacket جاكيت أزرق	red jacket جاكيت أحمر	yellow jacket جاكيت أصفر
name الاسم	حيد	✓	✓
age العمر	✓	✓	✓
hair الشعر	✓	✓	✓
eyes العيون	✓	✓	✓
mouth الفم	✓	✓	✓
expression التعبير	✓	✓	✓

Over to you...

In a group, discuss the different styles and types of clothes you learnt about in this module. Then, write a paragraph based on the discussion. Which style do you like wearing best? Explain why and compare your response with the choices made by the other members of your group.

في مجموعة، ناقش تصاميم وأنواع الملابس التي تعلمتها في هذه الوحدة. ثم اكتب فقرة بناء على هذا النقاش. أي طراز ترتب لبسك أكثر؟ وضح لماذا واذكر تفضيلاتك مع حوارات أعضاء مجموعتك.

مفاتيح تحليل هذه الفقرة عن اللباس التقليدي الأردني للرجال والنساء:

Traditional clothes reflect the culture and customs of people and are very beautiful. The wearing Jordanian traditional clothes because they express my identity and beliefs. For men, the thumri, the kufiyah and agal represent the inherited traditional Arab garment. The thumri (headscarf), shamsa (black dress) and jumper, which covers the neck, are the best original clothes for a Jordanian woman. The Jordanian traditional garments are more beautiful than the Japanese and Indian clothes because they are colorful and unique on both sides and hand-to-side.

الملابس التقليدية تعكس ثقافة وتقاليد الشعوب وهي جميلة جداً. أحب لبس الملابس التقليدية الأردنية لأنها تعبر عن هويتي وقيماتي. للرجال، الثمري، الكوفية والعقال يمثلون ملابس تقليدية مورثة. الحطة (غطاء للرأس) والشمسة (غطاء للرقبة)، التي تغطي الرقبة، هي أفضل الملابس الأصلية للمرأة الأردنية. الملابس الأردنية التقليدية أجمل من اليابانية والهندية لأنها رائعة الألوان وتختلف من جانب إلى جانب.

كتاب الطالب 10-17 The man who wears a kufiyah...

How do you think the title relates to the pictures above?

كيف تعتقد أن عنوان الفقرة يرتبط بالصورة أعلاه؟

The employee in the picture has worked a "certificate of excellence" because he was the best employee of the month.

الموظف في الصورة يعمل موظف في الشهر. ما هي المؤهلات التي يجب أن يتمتع بها الموظف الجيد؟

A good employee should be honest, efficient, cooperative and hard working.

موظف جيد يجب أن يكون أميناً وفعالاً ومتعاوناً ومجتهداً.

Listen to the words below in context. Try to guess their meanings.

استمع إلى الكلمات في نص. حاول أن تخمن معانيها.

to abide by	act according to the rules	الامتثال
bribe	is given paid for dishonest thing	رشوة
colleague	the person who works with you	زميل عمل
conduct	the way one behaves	سلوكيات
ethics	rules or principles of behavior	أخلاقيات
dress code	a set of rules according to what you can wear	مواصفات اللباس
exemplary	good example of	أفريقي

جد الكلمات

It is a set of rules that you can wear. dress code

It is how you behave. conduct

It is someone you work with. colleague

كتاب الطالب 10-17 The man who wears a kufiyah...

Complete the table with the correct form of the comparative and superlative.

أكمل الجدول بملء مقارنة وصيغتين للمقارنة.

Adjective الصفة	Comparative مقارنة	Superlative فصل
bright	brighter	the brightest
big	bigger	the biggest
practical	more practical	the most practical
careful	more careful	the most careful
fastidious	more fastidious	the most fastidious
good	better	the best
bad	worse	the worst

5 Use the definitions of the words in the box using relative pronouns. Write the relative pronouns in the correct form.

أكتب تعريفاً للكلمات باستخدام الاستعماء النسبية. اكتب الاستعماء النسبية في الشكل الصحيح.

A fashion designer is a person who designs clothes.

مصمم الملابس هو الشخص الذي يصمم الملابس.

A clock is a device that measures time.

ساعة الجائط هي الجهاز الذي يقيس الوقت.

An umbrella is an object that protects us against rain or sun.

الشمسية هي الشيء الذي يحمينا من المطر أو الشمس أحياناً.

A hero is a person who is admired for his courage, achievements and good qualities.

البطل هو الشخص الذي يحترم لشجاعته وإنجازاته وصفاته الجيدة.

A doctor is a person that cures and gives medical advice to people.

الطبيب هو الشخص الذي يعالج ويعطي النصيحة الطبية للمرضى من الناس.

A fish is an animal that lives in water.

السمكة هي الحيوان الذي له حياشيم ويعيش في الماء.

A kufiyah is a traditional headscarf that people wear.

الكوفية هي لباس الرأس التقليدي الذي يلبسه الناس.

An archaeologist is someone who studies ancient societies.

عالم الآثار هو الشخص الذي يدرس المجتمعات القديمة.

كتاب الطالب 10-17 The man who wears a kufiyah...

Complete the table with the correct form of the comparative and superlative.

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Activity Book 10 - 17 The man who wears a kufiyyah... ١٧-١٠ الكفاري

امتحان على ما تعلمه

What I have learnt

3 Choose the correct relative pronoun.

1. Tourists who they've been to a. who

2. Shirts are a. so for

3. A. Which B. Red. C. It's Adel time.

4. Most of the people who behave, 1 b 2 c 3 b 4 a 5 c

Complete the sentences with the correct relative pronoun.

1. The man who wears a kufiyyah... ١٧-١٠ الكفاري

2. Most people buy clothes (1) are celebrities have access to because mostly people (2) appear in shops. When you see fashionable clothes before they follow a certain trend, you know this is a recent trend (3) most people will wear in the near future. (4) you can walk in the streets, (5) you can find most people wearing the same trend. However, be sure that it won't be long before another trend appears to replace the old one!

قواعد احكام الاسم الموصول المتناسب

1. that لغير العاقل ، غير المسبوق بفاصلة ، بخار

2. who لعاقل ، غير المسبوق بفاصلة ، يستخدم who people

3. whose لعاقل ، غير المسبوق بفاصلة ، يستخدم whose clothes ، بخار

4. that لغير العاقل ، غير المسبوق بفاصلة ، بخار

5. where اسم مكان متبوع مباشرة بفاعل وفعل

2. Reorder the words and phrases to make sentences.

1. A good employee abides by the rules of the company they work for.

2. The thobe, agal and kufiyyah make up the traditional costume of Jordan.

3. He never wears formal clothes in family gatherings.

4. White is a colour that makes people more relaxed.

5. Cyclists usually wear bright colours so that drivers can see them on the road.

Grammar : Relative pronoun

72

موظف جيد يلتزم بقوانين الشركة التي يعمل بها.

الثوب والعقال والكوفية تشكل الألبسة التقليدية الأردنية.

هو لا يلبس اللباس الرسمي في التجمعات العائلية.

البيضاء لون يجعل الناس مريحة أكثر.

الدراجون غالبا يلبسون ألوانا لامعة حتى يتمكن السائقون من رؤيتهم على الطريق.

على السائق أن يراعى من ٧٥

Second Month Test

M1: The man who wears a kufiyyah

امتحان الشهري الثاني

عن الوحدة الثانية الكفاري

استعدادا لامتحان الشهر الثاني

٧٨ صفحات ص ١٧٧

VOCABULARY

A Fill in the blank with one of the following words or expressions

loyal personality sense of humor interests outgoing

1. Aema is very friendly and is always smiling. She has a wonderful personality.

2. Mohammad and I are best friends. We share some of our secrets with each other. He's very loyal.

3. Muner is my cousin. He loves meeting new people and can't sit still. He's outgoing.

4. Omar and Hussein always joke and make people laugh. They have an amazing sense of humor.

5. Nadia has many interests. She likes reading, playing tennis and swimming.

B The phrases in Column B are clues that help you guess the word in Column A. The first letter of each word is given to you.

A B

1. a piece of clothing, usually loose

2. worn every day, not formal type

3. a set of rules relating to behaviour

4. relating to rules - another word for 'to follow'

5. related to paper or cloth - another word for 'to cover'

GRAMMAR

A Fill in the gaps with that, who, whose or where. Then, in a group, discuss your guesses.

Student: Why do we have to wear a school uniform? Teacher: That's a good question. Most schools have rules (1) tell students how to dress. A uniform helps students to focus on their studies and not worry about what they should wear. Student: Do you mean to say that wearing ordinary clothes distracts

75

72

Grammar : Relative pronoun

موظف جيد يلتزم بقوانين الشركة التي يعمل بها.

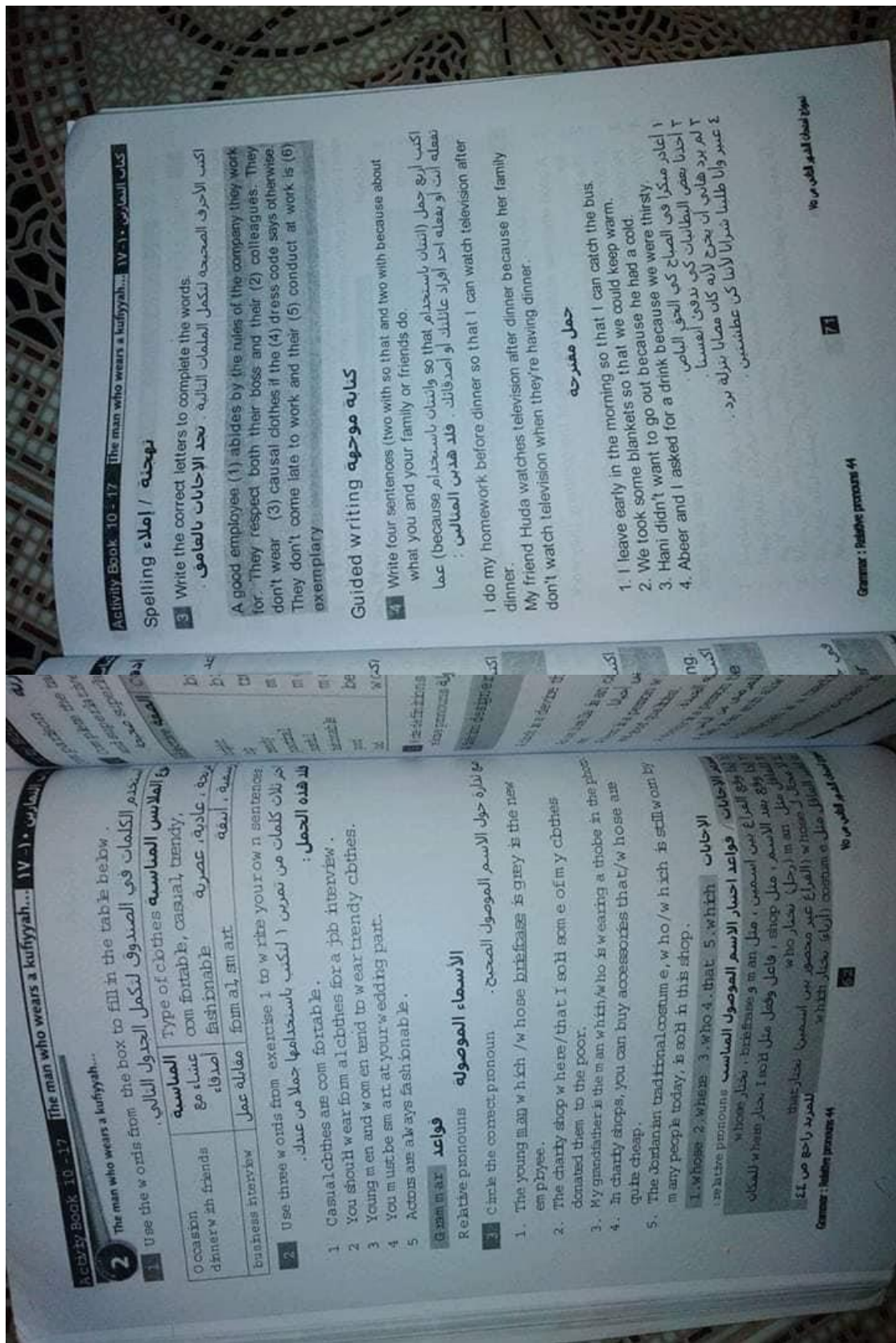
الثوب والعقال والكوفية تشكل الألبسة التقليدية الأردنية.

هو لا يلبس اللباس الرسمي في التجمعات العائلية.

البيضاء لون يجعل الناس مريحة أكثر.

الدراجون غالبا يلبسون ألوانا لامعة حتى يتمكن السائقون من رؤيتهم على الطريق.

على السائق أن يراعى من ٧٥



A good employee should have a good attitude towards his appearance because the neat style he/she dresses reflects a professional image to others. A good employee should have a good

يمكنك ملئ الوصف التالي للموظف الجيد :
جذاباً.
لهم.
جيداً.
مجموعاً ، لأنهم هذه الصلابة " الموظف الجيد هو الشخص الذي لديه روحه
فكر بالمواعيد التي يجب أن يمتنع بها الموظف المصلي . على شكل
because 'white presenting your argument to explain your point of view and
to give reasons. Then, fill in this job advertisement and discuss your choices.
who only has a good attitude. Use thinking words such as 'so that' and
have a short debate based on the statement 'A good employee is a person
7 Think about what qualities an ideal employee should have. In a group,

SPEAKING AND WRITING

محادثة وكتابة

1. Which colour would you choose to paint your bedroom?
a. black b. white c. red
2. Which colour would you wear to play sport?
a. black b. white c. red
3. Which colour do you want your first car to be?
a. black b. white c. red
4. Which colour on the Jordan flag is your favourite?
a. black b. white c. red
5. Which colour would you wear to a job interview?
a. black b. white c. red
6. Which colour makes you relax?
a. black b. white c. red

1 أي لون ستختار لطلاء غرفة نومك؟
2 أي لون ستختار للعب الرياضة؟
3 أي لون تريد أن يكون لك أول سيارة؟
4 أي لون تفضل في العلم الأردني؟
5 أي لون ستختار للقاء مع رجل وظيفي؟
6 أي لون يجعلك تسترخي؟
7 أي لون يجعلك تسترخي؟

اسود أم أحمر؟
Black, white or red?

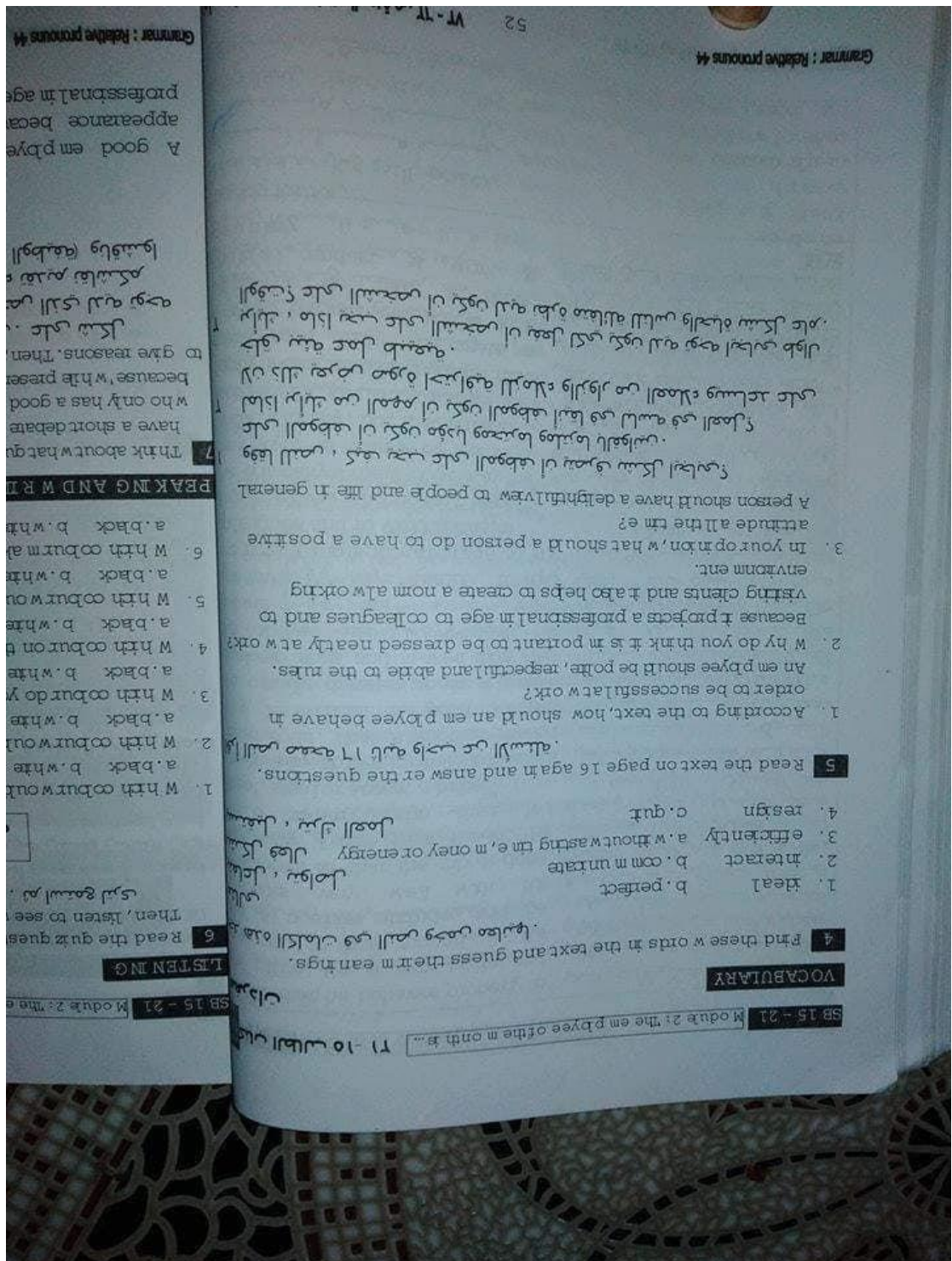
مدى طاقو إجابك مع إجابات المسجل.
أولاً اسئلة الإجابة أفضل إجابة بالاسم لل . ثم اسمع لري
Then, listen to see what associations your answers have.

6 Read the quiz questions and choose the best answer for you.

LISTENING

SB 15 - 21 Module 2: The employee of the month 11 - 10

اسماع



Module 1 Starting out

Lesson 1

Page 5, Exercise 1

Audioscript

Are you **outgoing**? Do you have a strong personality? How many friends do you have? Even very shy people usually have at least one good friend. But do you know why you are friends?

Usually, our friends have something in common with us. For example, they are often our age and share our interests. It is uncommon for people to be friends with someone who is very different from them.

Friends are important because they help us in life. Good friends have a sense of humour and are fun to be with. They listen when we need to talk to someone. A good friend is always happy for us. And when we have problems, a good friend tries to help. We can share everything with a good friend. Remember that to keep a good friend, we have to be kind and loyal to them. So, how good are your friends? And are you a good friend to them?

Page 5, Exercise 2

Audioscript

1. Your friend is so **outgoing** – he always wants to talk to people.
2. Mazen has a **friendly, cheerful personality**.
3. I find it hard to meet new people because I'm so **shy**.
4. It isn't **uncommon** to have hot weather in August.
5. She has a brilliant **sense of humour** and always makes me laugh.
6. I'm **loyal** to my country no matter what happens.
7. Dad's **interests** are fishing, running and reading.

Lessons 2 and 3 Friends

Page 7, Exercise 3

Answers

1. **Jamal**: friendly, funny, clever, hard-working, kind, reliable, skilful, outgoing
- Rashed**: serious, shy, talented, quiet
2. *Students' own answers*
3. *Students' own answers*

Page 6, Exercise 2

Audioscript

1. Jerash gave the **impression** of being a place to visit.
2. I've always been **close** to my family.
3. **Serious** thought needs to be given before deciding.
4. I've never lost any money with my **reliable** bank.
5. He's such a **skilful** player – he scores a lot of goals!
6. Abdul Raouf Shamoun is a really **talented** artist.

Grammar

Page 7, Exercise 1

Answers

- a. will try; b. is speaking; c. Have / travelled;
d. went; e. don't have to; f. gave

Page 7, Exercise 2

Suggested answers

1. You have to go to bed early the night before your test.
2. You don't have to stay awake all night studying.
3. You can do your work over several days.
4. You can't leave all your work till the last minute.

Page 7, Exercise 3

Audioscript

Hello there. I'm Ziad. I'm 15. I want to make new friends who are the same age as me. I'm outgoing but I also prefer to be with just one or two friends. We talk about the books we've read or old films we like. I'm very creative and I write my own poems. I'm very reliable as a friend and can keep secrets. I'm always on time if I arrange to meet someone. I'm also a good listener – I try to help if I can when friends tell me their problems. I don't get angry easily and I keep calm in difficult situations.

Page 7, Exercise 5

Answers

- You can trust this person with a secret. ✓
This person is never late for a meeting. ✓
This person likes to be with many people at the same time. ✗
This person likes watching films. ✓
This person likes to have friends who are older than him. ✗

Lessons 4 and 5 People from the past

Page 8, Exercise 1

Answers

Tutankhamun is famous for being a young Egyptian pharaoh around 2,500 years ago; Fadwa Touqan is famous for being one of the Arab world's best poets; Ibn Sina was a scientist who became famous for writing a scientific and philosophical encyclopaedia.

Page 8, Exercise 2

Audiocscript

1. Sami is a **self-taught** pianist. He learnt to play the piano by himself, without anyone's help.
2. Amal **pursues** her own interests along with her school work.
3. This rice is **superb**! How do you cook it so well?
4. Mum's gold jewellery is really **valuable**.
5. The **pharaoh** ruled a large area on the Nile.
6. The good king wants to **reign** in the best way he can.
7. Who sent me this **mysterious** card?
8. He studied **philosophy** at university and about life and the nature of knowledge.

Page 9, Exercise 1

Answers

1. c, will go; 2. a, fell; 3. d, am reading;
4. b, didn't meet

Page 9, Exercise 4

Audiocscript

- A: What's your favourite subject at school?
B: I love history. It's really interesting to learn about heroes from the past and to see how people lived. We've just done a project on Alexander the Great. He was amazing!
A: Why is he so famous?
B: He was a brilliant soldier and leader. He became king of Macedonia when he was only twenty. Then he conquered the Persian Empire in just a few years. He didn't lose a single battle against them.
A: When did he live?
B: About 2,500 years ago.
A: What else did you learn about him?
B: Well, his teacher was the famous Greek philosopher Aristotle. Also, he created over seventy cities. I didn't realise that he built the city of Alexandria in Egypt and named it after himself.
A: Wow!
B: And he was an inspiring leader that made his soldiers very loyal to him. He reigned for thirteen years, but his soldiers refused to follow him only once.

Page 9, Exercise 5

Answers

When he lived: About 2,500 years ago.
What he did: He conquered the Persian Empire in just a few years and didn't lose a single battle against them. He created over seventy cities and built the city of Alexandria in Egypt and named it after himself.
What he is famous for: He was a brilliant soldier and leader. He became king of Macedonia when he was only twenty. He was an inspiring leader that made his soldiers very loyal to him.



Page 13, Exercise 3

Answers

1. that; 2. whose; 3. who/that; 4. where; 5. that

Page 14, Exercise 5

Suggested answers

- The person who is carrying a backpack is (Samir).
- The person who is wearing a kufiyah is (Adel).
- The person that is carrying a laptop is (Mazen).

The Comparative and Superlative

Page 14, Exercise 6

Answers

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
big	bigger	the biggest
casual	more casual	the most casual
cheap	cheaper	the cheapest
classic	more classic	the most classic
colourful	more colourful	the most colourful
comfortable	more comfortable	the most comfortable
formal	more formal	the most formal
practical	more practical	the most practical
smart	smarter	the smartest
tidy	tidier	the tidiest

Page 14, Exercise 7

Audiocscript

Salma: So, what do you think of this short, light blue jacket? Isn't it nice?
 Rana: Well, it's definitely nicer than the red one, but it's too short.
 Salma: Is it? It's longer than the red one. How about this yellow one?
 Rana: Mmm. I'm not sure. Light blue and red are the two most fashionable spring colours.
 Salma: Oh, I don't know. The yellow jacket is more casual and can be worn more often.
 Rana: The blue jacket is more expensive than the red or the yellow one. It's the most expensive jacket in the shop!

Answers

	blue jacket	red jacket	yellow jacket
nice	✓✓	✓✓	-
short	✓	✓✓	-
fashionable	✓✓	✓✓	-
casual	-	-	✓✓
expensive	✓✓	✓	✓

Lessons 4 and 5

Skills focus

"The employee of the month is..."

Page 15, Exercise 1

Audiocscript

- Abide by the rules and you will succeed in this job.
- The judge refused the bribe and sent the criminal to jail.
- Dad's colleague really helped him at work today.
- I just got promoted for my good conduct at work!
- His sense of ethics stops him from doing bad things.
- The dress code means you don't have to worry about looking fashionable.
- No mistakes! What an exemplary performance!

Find the words

Answers

dress code; conduct; colleague

Page 16, Exercise 3

Suggested answers

- I should be very polite and respectful to those around me. I should always have a positive attitude and interact well with my colleagues.
- I can always dress neatly to project a professional image to clients.
- A dress code is important in an office because it helps create a working environment that is more comfortable and professional.

Page 16, Exercise 4

Answers

1. b; 2. b; 3. a; 4. c

Page 17, Exercise 5

Answers

- Suggested answer: an employee should be polite, respectful and abide by the company's rules.
- Students' own answers
- Students' own answers

Lessons 4 and 5 People from the past

Page 8, Exercise 1

Answers

Tutankhamun is famous for being a young Egyptian pharaoh around 2,500 years ago; Iadwa Touqan is famous for being one of the Arab world's best poets; Ibn Sina was a scientist who became famous for writing a scientific and philosophical encyclopaedia.

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Audio script

1. Sami is a **self-taught** pianist. He learnt to play the piano by himself, without anyone's help.
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Page 9, Exercise 1

Answers

1. c, will go; 2. a, full; 3. d, am reading;
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Page 9, Exercise 4

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- A: What's your favourite subject at school?
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B: Well, his teacher was the famous Greek philosopher Aristotle. Also, he created over seventy cities. I didn't realise that he built the city of Alexandria in Egypt and named it after himself.
- A: Wow!
B: And he was an inspiring leader that made his soldiers very loyal to him. He reigned for thirteen years, but his soldiers refused to follow him only once.

Page 9, Exercise 5

Answers

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تثبيت

Cash on delivery.

مجاناً | Google Play

J



Page 13, Exercise 3

Answers

1. that; 2. whose; 3. who/that; 4. where; 5. that

Page 14, Exercise 5

Suggested answers

- The person who is carrying a backpack is (Sam).
- The person who is wearing a kufiyah is (Adeh).
- The person that is carrying a laptop is (Mazen).

The Comparative and Superlative

Page 14, Exercise 6

Answers

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Answers

	blue jacket	red jacket	yellow jacket
nice	✓✓	✓	-
short	✓	✓✓	-
fashionable	✓✓	✓✓	-
casual	-	-	✓✓
expensive	✓✓	✓	✓

Lessons 4 and 5

Skills focus

"The employee of the month is..."

Page 15, Exercise 1

Audio script

- Abide by the rules and you will succeed in this job.
- The judge refused the bribe and sent the criminal to jail.
- Dad's colleague really helped him at work today.
- I just got promoted for my good conduct at work.
- His sense of ethics stops him from doing bad things.
- The dress code means you don't have to worry about looking fashionable.
- No mistakes! What an exemplary performance!

Find the words

Answers

dress code: conduct: colleague

Page 16, Exercise 3

Suggested answers

- I should be very polite and respectful to those around me. I should always have a positive attitude and interact well with my colleagues.
- I can always dress neatly to project a professional image to clients.
- A dress code is important in an office because it helps create a working environment that is more comfortable and professional.

Page 16, Exercise 4

Answers

1. b; 2. b; 3. a; 4. c

Page 17, Exercise 5

Answers

- Suggested answer: an employee should be polite, respectful and abide by the company's rules.
- Students' own answers
- Students' own answers

المعلم الإلكتروني

Page 17, Exercise 6

Audiocscript

If you answered mostly 'a', this means that you may be a person who is strong, mysterious or sad. Black is the colour that people wear when they are sad, or when they want to make themselves look strong. It is also mysterious, as it is the colour of secrets and shadows.

If you answered mostly 'b', this means that you may be a person who is pure, neutral or calm. White is a bright, clean colour that makes people more relaxed and is a symbol of unity. However, too much white can be dull or make you feel alone.

If you answered mostly 'c', this means that you may be a person who is energetic or who has strong emotions. It is an exciting and emotional colour, but it can also make people aggressive. Don't wear it in meetings!

If you had a mix of answers, you have a good balance of colour in your life. You can take the positive parts of each colour without being hurt by the negatives.

Answers
Students' own answers

Lesson 6

Communication Workshop

Writing instructions

Page 18, Exercise 1

Suggested answers

- a. with the building; b. with the paper; c. with the book; d. with the paint brush
- a. with more letters making the shapes of buildings, with the words designed to look like they are made of bricks, etc.; b. in a newspaper print font, with the company name coming out of a printer, etc.; c. with the company name on the cover of a book, with an owl (popular symbol of wisdom) sitting on the word, etc.; d. with the letters written in different colours
- Colour is probably most important for 'Colour Lab' because the logo represents a photographic studio.
- Students' own answers

Lesson 7

Language Development

Page 19, Exercise 2

Audiocscript

In the company **where** I work, we all know the rules **that** we have to follow. Our manager is very strict with us; he is the one **who** organises the work among us. The dress code, **which** each one of us has to follow, makes all the employees look neat and professional. The manager warns any employee **whose** attitude is negative towards their colleagues.

Answers
1. where; 2. that; 3. who; 4. which; 5. whose

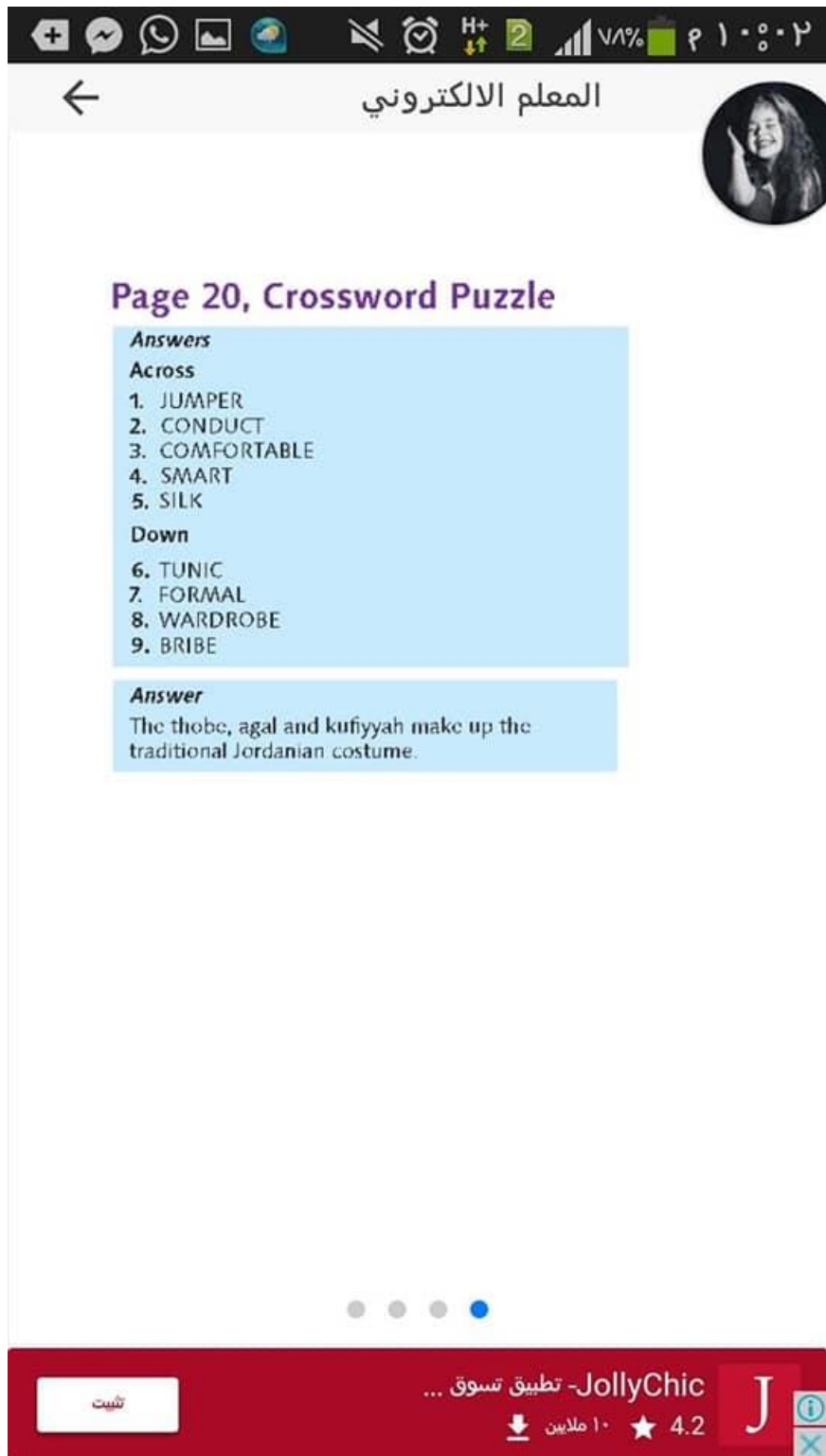
Page 19, Exercise 5

Answers
1. tunic; 2. casual; 3. ethics; 4. abide by; 5. wrap

تثبيت

Cash on delivery.

مجاناً | Google Play





Fourth section الءءء الرابء

Focus on writing تركبء على الكءابة
Punctuation : Revision مءاءعة لقواعد الءرقم

- 1 Rewrite this passage in your notebook using capital letters, full stops, commas and apostrophe as necessary.

اعء كءابة هءة القءعة مسءءءما الاءرف الكبيرة capital letters والنقاط full stops والقواصل commas والقواصل الفوقية apostrophes ءبءما لءرم وانظر الى قواعء الءرقم فى العموء المءابل

I've lived in the countryside all my life even in the cold days of January. My village is smaller, quieter and less busy than big cities in my country. Although it gets a bit busy on Fridays, in general there isn't a lot to do as in the city, but I like living here. First, the weather in the countryside is cooler than in the city because there are many forests and trees around my home. Second, it is easier to travel around here. There isn't a lot of traffic and this means the atmosphere's pollution is lower. Finally, it's friendlier in the village than in the city because everyone knows everyone else. One day my brother Omar and I want to experience life in a bigger place and I think it's going to be interesting.

Linking words: Reason and result

أءواء رءب السبب بالءبءءة

- 2 Write these sentences again in your notebook. Use so that or because to join the two sentences into one.
اعء كءابة هءة الءمل فى ءملة واءءة مسءءءما so that (لكى) أو because (لان).
ملاءءة: اذا اءب can فى الءملة الءابءة اسءءءم so that لءربءها.
واذا ءلء من can اسءءءم because لءربء الءملءبى.
وعءء الرءب ءءءف علاءة الءرقم النءطة وبسءءل الكاءل بسمول فى بءاءة الءملة الءابءة

1. They chose Nazem as Employee of the Month last time. He worked really hard.
They chose Nazem as Employee of the Month last time **because** he worked really hard.
2. She listened carefully to the teacher in class. She **can** do well in her exams.
She listened carefully to the teacher in class **so that** she can



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do well in her exams.

3. I have decided to buy a new laptop. My laptop has become slow lately.

I have decided to buy a new laptop **because** my laptop has become slow lately.

4. He missed the job interview today. He woke up late this morning.

He missed the job interview today **because** he woke up late this morning.

5. They bought souvenirs from Jordan. They remember the places they've been to there.

They bought souvenirs from Jordan **so that** they remember the places they've been to there

Spelling / إملاء / نهجى

- 3 Write the correct letters to complete the words.

اكتب الأحرف الصحيحة لتكمل الملمات التالية . تخذ الإجابات بالعامق .

A good employee (1) **abides by** the rules of the company they work for. They respect both their boss and their (2) **colleagues**. They don't wear (3) **casual** clothes if the (4) **dress code** says otherwise. They don't come late to work and their (5) **conduct** at work is (6) **exemplary**

Guided writing

كتابة موجهة

- 4 Write four sentences (two with **so that** and two with **because** about what you and your family or friends do.

اكتب أربع جمل (اثنين باستخدام **so that** واثنين باستخدام **because**) عما تفعله أنت أو بفعله أحد أفراد عائلتك أو أصدقائك . فليد هذين المثالين :

I do my homework before dinner **so that** I can watch television after dinner.

My friend Huda watches television after dinner **because** her family don't watch television when they're having dinner.

جمل مقترحة

1. I leave early in the morning **so that** I can catch the bus.
2. We took some blankets **so that** we could keep warm.
3. Hani didn't want to go out **because** he had a cold.
4. Abeer and I asked for a drink **because** we were thirsty.



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1 Complete the sentences with the correct relative pronoun.

أكمل النص بالاسم الموصول الصحيح relative pronoun
Most people buy clothes (1)_____are classical in style. This is because mostly people (2)_____are celebrities have access to fashionable clothes before they appear in shops. When you see famous people (3)_____clothes follow a certain trend, you know this is the recent trend (4)_____most people will wear in the near future. A few months later, you can walk in the streets, (5)_____you can find many people wearing the same trend. However, be sure that it won't be long before another trend appears to replace the old one!

- 1 that
- 2 who
- 3 whose
- 4 that
- 5 where

2 Reorder the words and phrases to make sentences.

اعد ترتيب الكلمات وأشباه الجمل phrases لتكون جملا . الاجابات بالعامق والمطلل

1. the company / employee / A good / . / for / the rules / of / they / abides by / work

A good employee abides by the rules of the company they work for.

2. kufiyyah / Jordan / costume / . / The thobe / and / make up / , agal / the traditional / of

The thobe, agal and kufiyyah make up the traditional costume of Jordan.

3. in / wears / . / He / clothes / never / family / formal / gatherings

- He never wears formal clothes in family gatherings.

4. is / more / colour / a / that / . / White / people / makes / relaxed

White is a colour that makes people more relaxed.

5. colours / drivers / usually wear / . / bright / so that / them/on the road / Cyclists/ can see

Cyclists usually wear bright colours so that drivers can see them on the road.



5/16

3 Choose the correct answer.

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة .

1. Tourists like to buy souvenirs_ remind them of the places they've been to.
a. who b. that c. where
2. Shirts aren't_____ suits for a business meeting.
a. so formal as b. more formal as c. as formal as
3. A. Which colour is the_____among red, white and black?
B. Red, for sure!
a. exciting b. most exciting c. less exciting
4. It's Adel _____deserves to become Employee of the Month this time.
a. who b. where c. whose
5. Most companies usually have rules_____tell employees how to behave,
a. whose b. who c. that

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | b |
| 2 | c |
| 3 | b |
| 4 | a |
| 5 | c |

Project

مشروع مستقبلي

الواجب المطلوب منكم ...
أن تستخدم هذه القصيدة كأساس
لكتابة عن مستقبلك الخاص .

الواجب الأول

إعملوا جدول كالجدول أدناه . ثم ناقشوا
مجموعة أسئلة لتطرحوها على
الأعضاء الأكبر سناً في عائلاتكم
واكتبوا إجاباتهم .

الواجب الثاني

استخدم المعلومات التي
جمعتها من عائلتك

تم النسخ إلى الحافظة

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تقريبا قصيرا .

فقد هذا التقرير:

Me and my friends usually wear jeans and T-shirts. They are usually of blue and black. They are practical and of modern style. My mum and aunts wear long robes and dresses of two pieces. They like them because they are comfortable and long. Dad and uncle wear suits and long sleeve shirts. They say they are more formal and of European style. Grandmother wears traditional clothes; a cloak, hatta and shawl. They are all black and long. My grandfather also wears traditional clothes; a tunic, kufiyah and agal. He says they are comfortable.

Module 3 SB 22 –32

Will computers rule the world? هل تحكم الحواسيب العالم

Before you start

ل ان تبدأ

Do you use computers? Do you use the Internet? هل تستخدم الكمبيوتر؟ هل تستخدم الانترنت؟

Yes, I use computer and the Internet. نعم استخدم الكمبيوتر والانترنت.

Make list of things around you that are computerised (your watch, a calculator, a coffee-maker, etc.) اكتب قائمة بالاشياء المحوسبة من حولك (ساعتك ، آلة حاسبة ، آلة صنع القهوة ، الخ).

mobile phones, calculators, sewing machines, washing machines, cars , الهاتف الخليوي ، الآلة الحاسبة ، آلة الخياطة ، الغسالة ، السيارات

Imagine life in the next twenty years. How do you think computer technology and the Internet will change our lives? الحياة في العشرين سنة القادمة. كيف تراك تكنولوجيا الكمبيوتر والانترنت ستغير حياتنا؟

Computer technology and the Internet will change our lives dramatically because most of things around us will be computerised. تكنولوجيا الكمبيوتر والانترنت ستغير حياتنا بشكل جذري لان معظم الاشياء من حولنا ستكون محوسبة .

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Read these predictions about the future. Do you think they are likely to happen.

اقرأ هذه التنبؤات predictions عن المستقبل. هل تعتقد أنها محتملة الحدوث؟

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1. We will wear computers in our clothing? | 1 سنلبس حواسيب في ملابسنا. |
| 2. We will be online all the time? | 2 سنكون على الانترنت دائما . |
| 3. Doctors will treat patients in their homes. | 3 الأطباء سيعالجون المرضى في بيوتهم . |
| 4. Flying cars will cheap. | 4 السيارات الطائرة ستكون رخيصة . |

I think most of all these predictions are likely to happen in the future. اعتقد ان معظم هذه التنبؤات محتملة الحدوث في مستقبل .

2 Now listen to a specialist talking about predictions related to the future and check your answers.

استمع الآن إلى خبير يتحدث عن تنبؤات متعلقة بالمستقبل وتأكد من إجاباتك .

نص الاستماع

What will the future bring? Here are some predictions...

Computers

Computers will become our personal assistants. They'll know what we like and dislike, so they will help us make decisions: what to wear, what to buy, etc. Our lives will be much easier! We will always be online because we will wear a tiny computer in our clothing. This will connect to the millions of other tiny computers there will be around us - downloading and sending information to our own, built-in 'personal assistants'.

ماذا سيحلب لك المستقبل؟ الحواسيب

الحواسيب ستصبح المساعد الشخصي لنا. انها تعرف ما نحب و ما لا نحب، لذلك ستساعدنا في قراراتنا. ماذا نلبس ، ماذا نشترى الخ. حياتنا ستكون اسهل! سنكون دائما متصلين بالنت. لاننا سنلبس حواسيب صغيرة في

ملاييننا. هذا سيجعل الملايين متصل بالآخرين بحواسيب صغيرة من حولنا - تنزيل وارسال المعلومات لأنفسنا، مساعدة شخصية داخلية.

Medical science

One day, we might be able to visit the doctor- without leaving home! Telemedicine is trying to help doctors treat patients in distant areas, where hospitals haven't got specialised doctors. Using an Internet connection, a webcam and a mouse, the doctor will be able to move a special robot around, to check a patient's heart, take X-rays and get a close-up view of the patient.

العلوم الطبية

في يوم من الأيام، سنتمكن من زيارة الطبيب من دون الحاجة إلى الذهاب إليه! الطب عن بعد يساعد الأطباء على علاج المرضى من مناطق بعيدة، حيث لا يوجد أطباء متخصصين في المستشفيات. باستخدام شبكة الإنترنت والكاميرا والفأرة سيكون الطبيب قادراً على تحريك روبوت إلى من حوله، ليفحص القلب، ويأخذ صور الأشعة، ويحصل على معاينة عن قرب للمريض.

Flying cars

Long ago, people predicted flying cars. But this is no longer just a prediction. It's going to happen - a company is already making a flying car, which is going to cost 200,000! Are you going to buy one? It will let you drive along a road as normal, and then, when the traffic is busy, you can take off and fly to your destination!

السيارات الطائرة

قبل زمن بعيد، توقع الناس الطيران بالسيارات. انه توقع فقط هذا سيحدث- شركة الآن تقوم بصنع سيارة طائرة، وتكلفها 200,000! هل ستشتريها؟ ستجعلك تعود في شوارع عادية وعند الازمة المرورية ستقلع و ستطير الى وجهتك!

3 Listen to the words below in context. Try to guess their meanings.

استمع إلى الكلمات في نص . حاول أن تخمن معانيها .

الحمل التي سنسمع إليها

1. The boss's **assistant** helps him manage all his work.
2. I can't read this book- the words are **tiny**.
3. **Connect** your mobile to my computer and I'll give you the document.
4. Where can I **download** that article you wrote?
5. The **built-in** torch on this pen is really useful.
6. **Distant** parts of the world are still in the dark.
7. How did you save the **doctor**!
8. I design very **special** individual companies.



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9. With a **webcam**, you can talk to your family when you're on holiday.

الكلمات المستخدمة في الجمل أعلاه ومعانيها	الكلمات المستخدمة في الجمل أعلاه ومعانيها	الكلمات المستخدمة في الجمل أعلاه ومعانيها
assistant	a person who helps someone with his work	بائع في محل
tiny	very small in size	صغير جدا
to connect	To join things together	يتصل
to download	to move information from a network to a computer	ينزل (برامج)
built-in	forming a part of something that cannot be separated from it	مدمج
distant	far away in space or time	بعيد
patient	someone who is being treated by a doctor or in a hospital	مريض
specialised	designed for a specific purpose	متخصص
webcam	a video camera that transfers what it is filming to a website	كاميرا انترنت

4 In a group, discuss your guesses for exercise 1. predictions that the...



I,m going to walk on the Moon
سأمشي على القمر

Reading

قراءة

Before you start

قبل أن تبدأ

تم النسخ إلى الحافظة

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What are your plans for the future? ما هي خططك للمستقبل؟ قل
Say where you think you will be in 2030. What أين تعتقد بأنك ستكون عام
do you think you will become? 2030. ماذا تعتقد بأنك
ستصبح؟

I think I will be on sea working on a ship. I think I will be a seaman. اعتقد بانى سأكون في البحر اعمل
على سفينة . اعتقد بانى سأكون بحارا .

Imagine your future, plan your actions

تخيل مستقبلك خطط لأعمالك

This is the time for you to take a long-term view of your career. Here are three exercises that will help you to start planning your future.

هذا الوقت المناسب لك كي تلقى نظرة بعيدة على مهنتك المستقبلية .
فيما يلي ثلاث تمارين ستساعدك على كي تبدأ التخطيط لمستقبلك .

1. What do you want to be in 2030?

1. ماذا تريد أن تصبح عام 2030؟

Answer the following questions honestly:

- اجب عن هذه الاسئلة بصدق :
1. What do you want to be in 2030? 1. ماذا تريد أن تصبح عام 2030؟
 2. Why did you choose this job? 2. لماذا اخترت هذه الوظيفة؟
 3. What are you going to do to achieve your goal when you finish school? 3. ماذا ستفعل لكي تحقق هدفك
بما تتخرج من المدرسة؟

2. Plan your actions

نظم لأعمالك

Now that you know what you want to be in 2030, let's plan how to achieve your goal.

الآن وأنت تعرف ماذا تريد أن تصبح عام 2030 ، دعنا نخطط لتحقيق هدفك .
In the year 2030, I'm going to be an astronaut and I'm going to travel to the moon.

عام 2030 ، سأصبح رائد فضاء وسأسافر إلى القمر .

أين وكيف متى لماذا ماذا

تم النسخ إلى الحافظة

I'm going to finish high school	Because I want to go university	In the year...	At...	school I'm going to study hard
سأنتخرج من المدرسة لأنى سأذهب إلى الجامعة في عام ... سأدرس بجد .				
Copy this table on a sheet of paper, and write your answers to these Questions:				
انسخ هذا الجدول على ورقة واكتب إجاباتك على هذه الاسئلة :				
1. What steps are you going to take to achieve your goal?				
1. ما الخطوات التي ستأخذها لتحقيق هدفك؟				
2. Why do you have to take these steps?				
2. لماذا يجب عليك اتخاذ هذه الخطوات؟				
3. When are you going to take or achieve these steps?				
3. متى ستأخذ أو تحقق هذه الخطوات؟				
4. Where are you going to carry out these steps?				
4. أين ستأخذ هذه الخطوات؟				
5. How are you going to achieve these steps?				
5. كيف ستأخذ هذه الخطوات؟				
3. Map out your journey				
3. خطط لرحلتك				
Now decide what you are going to achieve each year.				
الآن قرر ما الذي ستحققه كل سنة .				
I'll finish high school	I'm going to finish university	I'm going to learn to fly a plane	I'm going to apply for a job at the Space Agency	I'm going to walk on the moon
سأنتخرج من المدرسة . سأنتخرج من الجامعة . سأتعلم كيف أقود الطائرة . سأقدم بوظيفة إلى وكالة الفضاء . سأمشى على القمر .				
Now you only have to do it! ما عليك إلا أن تفعلها!				

Grammar

قواعد : التعبير عن الخطط المستقبلية باستخدام **will** و **be going to**

1 شرح القاعدة: نستخدم كلمة **will** في الحالات التالية:

1 للأشياء التي نقررها الآن (بدون تخطيط مسبق)
I will call her now!

2 للتوقع والاعتقاد والظن عن المستقبل

I think my team **will** lose the trophy.

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I think it **will** rain today.

3 تقديم عرض او وعد

I will give you a discount if you buy it now.

I promise, I **will** manage it.

في حال النفي تكون (will not, won't)

في حال السؤال نضع will اول الكلام.

2 نستخدم **going to** في الحالات التالية:

اكثر استخدامات هذا التعبير للدلالة على خطط مستقبلية معدة مسبقا فإذا

أردت قول شيء عن شيء تريد عمله في المستقبل فحاجه استعمل will و

بعدها اذا تحدثت عن نفس الموضوع اكمل ب going to

I **will** come and drink coffee with you, but I must tell mum that I

am going to drink coffee with you first.

في حال النفي نضع not بعد الفعل المساعد (I am not going to)

في حال السؤال اضع الفعل المساعد قبل الفاعل

- 1 Complete the dialogue with the correct form of **be going to** in the affirmative, negative or interrogative.

أكمل الحوار بالصيغة الصحيحة من **be going to** بالإثبات أو النفي أو السؤال

Habib: I have decided to plan my future. I (1) _____ (make) my decisions for next year.	1 'm going to make
Hamzah: Really? What are you going to do?	2 'm going to begin
Habib: I am going to be a computer specialist, so, I (2) _____ (begin) by taking maths seriously. My maths teacher thinks it's a good idea. He told me that he (3) _____ (give) me extra lessons so that I can pass the entrance exam at university.	3 's going to give
Hamzah: What (4) _____ you _____ (do) about those video games you like so much?	4 are / going to do
Habib: I (5) _____ (play) any more video games until I get my degree at university.	5 'm not going to play
Then, I (6) _____ (apply) for a position at one of the largest technology companies.	6 'm going to apply
Hamzah: Well, good luck to you I still don't know what I am going to be.	

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2 Which comment is better in each situation?

أي تعليق comment أفضل لكل موقف situation مما يلي .

- Experts think that the new Internet **will be** more powerful than the one we know.
a. It's **probably** be more powerful. لاحظ العامق في الجمل هو دليل على الإجابة الصحيحة
b. It's definitely going to be more powerful.
- I'm **going** to be an electronic engineer.
a. At which university are you **going** to study?
b. At which university will you study?
- I'm **going** to visit my grandparents at the weekend.
a. You'll probably visit your grandparents at the weekend.
b. You're **going** to visit your grandparents at the weekend for sure.

1. a 2. a 3. b

3 Complete the dialogue between the two young Jordanian scientists, Fawzi Al Mitwalli and Nour Maraqa.

أكمل الحوار بين عاليمين أردنيين ، فوزي المتولي ونور مرقا .

Nour: Fawzi and I 1. are going to/will make a refrigerator that works without electricity.	1 are going to
Fawzi: first, we 2. are going to/will place a tall glass box inside a container full of water.	2 are going to
	3 are going to
	4 will
	5 will
	6 will

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Then, we 3. **are going to/will** put them both in a mirrored glass box. The mirrors 4. **are going to/will** reject the sunlight and prevent it from warming the container. Fawzi: Finally, two small fans on each side of the mirror box 5. **are going to/will** circulate the air around the container. As a result, the evaporating water 6. **is going to/will** keep the glass box and the food inside cool.

4 Now, listen to the dialogue and check your answers.

الآن استمع إلى الحوار لتأكد من إجاباتك .

5 Imagine you are in one of the situations below. Write sentences about what you **are going to** do.

تخيل نفسك في المواقف التالية . اكتب جملاً عن نفسك باستخدام صيغة be going to

Example مثال

I have a maths test tomorrow. I'm going to practise solving those problems.

لدي امتحان رياضيات غداً . سأقوم بحل هذه المسائل .
فقد المثال ، ثم تخيل من عندك تصرفات للمواقف التالية . فيما يلي تصرفات ممكنة :

1. My room is very untidy → I'm going to tidy it.
2. I want to be a musician → I'm going to study music.
3. I'm tired → I'm going to sleep.
4. I've got a difficult test tomorrow → I'm going to study for it now.
5. I was late for school today → I'm going to wake up earlier tomorrow morning.

- 1 غرتي ليست نظيفة ← سأنظفها .
- 2 أريد أن أصبح ← سأدرس الموسيقى .
- وسيقا
أنا متعب
← سأنام .

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4 لىدى امتحان صعب - سادرس له بجد الآن .

5 تاخرت عن المدرسة - ساصحو مبكرا عدا صباحا .
اليوم

6 In pairs, take turns to guess what your partner is going to do in each situation from exercise 5.

حاول أن تخمن ماذا سيفعل زميلك تجاه المواقف في تمرين 5 .

- A: My room is very untidy.** - غرفتي ليست نظيفة؟
B: Are you going to leave it as it is? - هل ستتركها كما هي؟
A: No, I'm not. - لا.
B: Are you going to clean it yourself? - هل ستنظفها بنفسك؟
A: Yes, I am. - نعم.
A: I want to be a musician. - اريد ان اصبح موسيقيا .
B: Are you going to buy a piano? - هل ستشتري بيانو؟
A: No, I'm not. - لا.
B: Are you going to learn music? - هل ستتعلم الموسيقى؟
A: Yes, I am. - نعم.
A: I'm tired. - انا متعب .
B: Are you going to sleep? - هل ستنام؟
A: No, I'm not. - لا.
B: Are you going to have a rest? - هل ستريح؟
A: Yes, I am. - نعم.
A: I've got a difficult test tomorrow. - لىدى امتحان صعب عدا .
B: Are you going to study everything? - هل ستدرس كل شيء؟
A: No, I'm not. - لا.
B: Are you going to solve some problems? - هل ستحل بعض المسائل؟
A: Yes, I am. - نعم.
A: I was late for school today. - تاخرت عن المدرسة اليوم .

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- B: Are you going sleep earlier? هل ستصحو مبكرا؟
A: No, I'm not. لا.
B: Are you going to take a taxi tomorrow? هل ستأخذ تاكسي عدا؟
A: Yes, I am. نعم.

7 In pairs, take turns make predictions about life in 20 years.
Use the words from the box to give you ideas.

تبادلوا الأدوار لعمل تنبؤات predictions عن كيف ستكون الحياة في العشرين سنة القادمة . استخدموا كلمات من الصندوق لتعطيك أفكارا .

transport	المواصلات	the Internet	الانترنت
the environment	البيئة	newspapers	الصحف
your work	عملك	books	الكتب
your family	عائلتك	education	التعليم
telephone	الهاتف	buildings	المباني

إذا كنت غير متأكد من توقعك , استخدم صيغة Will . إذا كنت متأكد , أو لديك دلائل على توقعك , استخدم صيغة be going to

In 20 years, / In the future, / في العشرين سنة القادمة , / في المستقبل

- transport will be very difficult. - المواصلات ستكون صعبة جدا .
- the environment is going to be more polluted. - البيئة ستكون ملوثة أكثر .
- I'll be a manager. - سأصبح مديرا .
- my family will live on Mars. - عائلتي ستعيش على المريخ .
- the telephone will be smaller. - سيصبح الهاتف أصغر .
- the Internet will be more powerful. - الانترنت ستكون ذات تأثير أقوى .
- newspapers will disappear. - ستختفي الصحف الورقية .
- books will be electronic. - الكتب ستصبح الكترونية .
- education is going to be electronic. - التعليم سيصبح الكترونيا .
- we'll have smart buildings. - سيكون لدينا مباني ذكية .

Over to you ... 8 Read speaking strategies.

اقرأ أساليب التحدث عن المحادثة الجماعية وابعها في الإجابة عن تمرين 9 .

- c. This is my older brother, Sami. I can always count on him. He's so _____.
- d. This is my sister, Mariam. She is quiet, sincere and sensible. She's _____.
- e. Finally, this is my little sister, Reem. She loves taking pictures with her new camera. She's a _____ photographer.

a. impression b. close c. reliable d. serious e. talented

5 Look at the picture. What was Amer doing on these days and these times? Write sentences using the Past Continuous.

انظر إلى الصورة ماذا كان يفعل عامر في تلك الأوقات اكتب جملا مستخدما
 الماضي المستمر (past continuous)

- a. On Sunday, Amer **was playing** football at 5 p.m.
- b. On Monday, Amer **was walking** back home from school at 2 p.m.
- c. On Tuesday, Amer **was doing** his homework at 4 p.m.
- d. On Wednesday, Amer **was playing** computer games at 5 p.m.
- e. On Thursday, Amer **was taking** music lessons at 3 p.m.

6 Look at the job interview advice and complete the summary. Use have to, don't have to, can and can't.

انظر إلى نصائح عن مقابلة توظيفه واكمل الملخص (استخدم الأفعال
 بالماضي)

essential ✓	x	not essential	a good idea
- be on time	- give false information	- wear a suit	- arrive earlier
- be friendly	- make negative comments	- say yes	- write a thank you letter

First of all, you (1) _____ be on time for your interview.
 You (2) _____ try to arrive at least ten minutes early, if possible. You (3) _____ wear a suit, though - it depends on the job. When you meet the interviewer, you (4) _____ be friendly. You (5) _____ give false information about yourself, and you (6) _____ make negative comments about your previous employer.

Remember, you (7) _____ say yes immediately if they offer you the job - go home and think about everything very carefully first. You (8) _____ also write a thank-you letter to the interviewer after the interview - it always gives a good impression. Good luck!

1 have to	5 can't
2 can	6 can't
3 don't have to	7 don't have to
4 have to	8 can

7 Use the notes to write a paragraph.

استخدم الملاحظات لكتابة فقرة (نحتاج لتصحيح الأفعال أيضا)
 Samir (be) / Grade 9. He (be) / serious student. He (like) all

A	B
1. to pursue	c. to give up
2. mysterious	d. clear
3. superb	b. ordinary
4. to reign	a. to obey
5. valuable	e. worthless

يستسلم
واضح
عادي
يحكم ، يسيطر
يلا قيمة

يناج
غامض
فخم
بسمطة
تفسي

Module 2 Student's Book 10-21

الوحدة الثانية The man who wears the Kufiyyah الرجل الذي يلبس الكوفية

قبل ان تبدأ

Look at the photos and guess why each person is dressed as they are.

- Photo 1:** The man wears formal clothes. He is getting married.
Photo 2: The person wears casual clothes; not smart or formal, but comfortable.
Photo 3: The woman wears practical clothes for cycling.

- 1 Listen to the three speakers and match each person to their photo.
Then, listen again and check your answers.

Fadi : picture 2 Daniel : picture 3 Peter : picture 1

اسماء أصحاب الصور
Hi, I'm Fadi. The best thing about my job as a taxi driver is that I am my own boss! I can have a break anytime I want, take a day off when I'm tired and go on long holidays. I also don't have to wear formal clothes - I can wear casual clothes all the time. My favourite colour is red. I always find myself picking red, striped jumpers when shopping for trendy new clothes.

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مرحبا، أنا فادي. أفضل شئ في وظيفتي كسائق تاكسي لأني ملك رئيس نفسي. أستطيع ان أخذ استراحة متى أردت. أخذ اجازة اذا شعرت بالتعب او عطلة طويلة. أنا لا ألبس أيضا زي رسمي. أنا ألبس لباس اعتيادي طوال الوقت. لوني المفضل الأحمر. أنا دائما أجد نفسي انتقي كرات حمراء مقلعة عند تسوق الملابس الجديدة العصرية.

Hi there, my name's Danielle. As a manager, I have to work five days a week and stay at the office for long hours. I don't have much time to exercise during the week, that's why I decided to take up cycling at the weekends. I need to wear

مرحبا، أنا اسمي دانيال. أعمل مديرا، أنا أعمل خمسة أيام في الأسبوع وأبقى في المكتب ساعات طويلة. لا يوجد لدي الوقت الكافي لممارس الرياضة خلال الأسبوع، لذا قررت ركوب الدراجة نهاية الأسبوع. أحتاج أن